

BlueCare Plus Tennessee, an Independent Licensee of the Blue Cross Blue Shield Association

Evidence of Coverage:

Your Medicare Health Benefits and Services and Prescription Drug Coverage as a Member of BlueCare Plus Choice (HMO D-SNP)SM

This document gives you the details about your Medicare and Medicaid health care, long-term care or home and community-based services, and prescription drug coverage from January 1 – December 31, 2025. **This is an important legal document. Please keep it in a safe place.**

For questions about this document, please contact Member Service at 1-800-332-5762. (TTY users should call 711.) Hours are Oct. 1 to Mar. 31, you can call us seven days a week from 8 a.m. to 9 p.m. ET. From Apr. 1 to Sept. 30, you can call us Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 9 p.m. ET. Member Service also has free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers. This call is free.

January 1 – December 31, 2025

Your Health and Drug Coverage under BlueCare Plus Choice

Evidence of Coverage Introduction

This *Evidence of Coverage* tells you about your coverage under our plan through December 31, 2025. It explains health care services (*mental health and substance use disorder*) services, prescription drug coverage, and long-term services and supports, as needed. Key terms and their definitions appear in alphabetical order in **Chapter 12** of your *Evidence of Coverage*.

This is an important legal document. Keep it in a safe place.

When this *Evidence of Coverage* says "we", "us", "our", or "our plan", it means. Volunteer State Health Plan, Inc. (BlueCare Plus Tennessee). When it says "plan" or "our plan," it means BlueCare Plus Choice.)

This document is available for free in Spanish and Arabic.

You can get this document for free in other formats, such as large print, braille, and/or audio by calling Member Services at the number at the bottom of this page. The call is free.

- Members can call Member Service at the toll free number at the bottom of this page to request needed materials in their preferred language. If you would like to receive these materials annually, please let us know when you make your request. We will document your preferences and send you these materials annually. If you would like to stop receiving these materials annually, please call us at the toll free number at the bottom of this page.
- Our plan has free interpreter services available to answer questions from non-English speaking members that you may have about your health or drug plan. To get an interpreter just call us at Member Service at 1-800-332-5762. (TTY users should call 711.) Hours are Oct. 1 to Mar. 31, you can call us seven days a week from 8 a.m. to 9 p.m. ET. From Apr. 1 to Sept. 30, you can call us Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 9 p.m. ET. This call is free. Someone that speaks English/language can assist you.

H3259 25EOC002R1 C (05/25)

OMB Approval 0938-1444 (Expires: June 30, 2026)



Do you need free help with this letter?

If you speak a language other than English, help in your language is available for free. This page tells you how to get help in a language other than English. It also tells you about other help that's available.

Spanish: Español

ATENCIÓN: si habla español, tiene a su disposición servicios gratuitos de asistencia lingüística. Llame al 1-8---- (TRS:711).

كوردى :Kurdish

8-1 پەيوەندى بە زمانى كوردى قەسە دەكەيت، خزمەتگوزاريەكانى يارمەتى زمان، بەخۆرايى، بۆ تۆ بەردەستە. پەيوەندى بە 1-8 (TRS:711).

العربية :Arabic

---ملحوظة: إذا كنت تتحدث اذكر اللغة، فإن خدمات المساعدة اللغوية تتوافر لك بالمجان. اتصل برقم (رقم هاتف الصم والبكم 1-8 (TRS:711).)

Chinese: 繁體中文

注意:如果您使用繁體中文,您可以免費獲得語言援助服務。請致電 1-8---- (TRS:711).

Vietnamese: Tiếng Việt

CHÚ Ý: Nếu bạn nói Tiếng Việt, có các dịch vụ hỗ trợ ngôn ngữ miễn phí dành cho bạn. Gọi số 1-8----(TRS:711).

Korean:하국어

주의: 한국어를 사용하시는 경우, 언어 지원 서비스를 무료로 이용하실 수 있습니다. 1-8------(TRS:711).번으로 전화해 주십시오.

French: Français

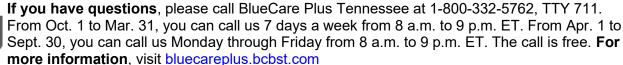
French: Français ATTENTION: Si vous parlez français, des services d'aide linguistique vous sont proposés gratuitement. Appelez le 1-8----- (TRS:711).

Amharic: አማርኛ

ማስታወሻ: የሚናንሩት ቋንቋ ኣማርኛ ከሆነ የትርንም እርዳታ ድርጅቶች፣ በነጻ ሊያግዝዎት ተዘጋጀተዋል፡ ወደ ሚከተለው ቁጥር ይደውሉ 1-8------ (ምስማት ለተሳናቸው:TRS:711).

Gujarati: ગુજરાતી

સુયના: જો તમે ગુજરાતી બોલતા હો, તો નિ:શુલ્ક ભાષા સહાય સેવાઓ તમારા માટે ઉપલબ્ધ છે. ફોન કરો 1-8----(TRS:711) .





Laotian: ພາສາລາວ

ໂປດ ຊາບ: ຖ້າ ວ່າ ທ່ານ ເວົ້າ ພາ ສາ ລາວ, ການ ບໍ ລຶ ການ ຊ່ວຍ ເຫຼືອ ດ້ານ ພາ ສາ, ໂດຍບໍ່ ເສັຽ ຄ່າ, ແມ່ນມື ພ້ອມໃຫ້ ທ່ານ. ໂທ ຣ1-8---- (TRS:711).

German: Deutsch

ACHTUNG: Wenn Sie Deutsch sprechen, stehen Ihnen kostenlos sprachliche Hilfsdienstleistungen zur Verfügung. Rufnummer: 1-8---- (TRS:711).

Tagalog: Tagalog

PAUNAWA: Kung nagsasalita ka ng Tagalog, maaari kang gumamit ng mga serbisyo ng tulong sa wika nang walang bayad. Tumawag sa 1-8---- (TRS:711).

Hindi:हिंदी

ध्यान दें: यदि आप हिंदी बोलते हैं तो आपके लिए मुफ्त में भाषा सहायता सेवाएं उपलब्ध हैं।1-8----- (TRS:711) . पर कॉल करें।

Serbo-Croatian: Srpsko-hrvatski

OBAVJEŠTENJE: Ako govorite srpsko-hrvatski, usluge jezičke pomoći dostupne su vam besplatno. Nazovite 1-8----- (TRS- Telefon za osobe sa oštećenim govorom ili sluhom: 711).

Russian: Русский

ВНИМАНИЕ: Если вы говорите на русском языке, то вам доступны бесплатные услуги перевода. Звоните 1-8---- (телетайп: TRS:711).

Nepali:नेपाली

ध्यान दिनुहोस्: तपाईंले नेपाली बोल्नुहुन्छ भने तपाईंको निम्ति भाषा सहायता सेवाहरू निःशुल्क रूपमा उपलब्ध छ । फोन गर्नुहोस् 1-8----- (टिटिवाइ: TRS:711)

فارسى :Persian

(TRS:711) -----توجه: اگر به زبان فارسی گفتگو می کنید، تسهیلات زبانی بصورت رایگان برای شما فراهم می باشد. با 1-8 تماس بگیرید

- Do you need help talking with us or reading what we send you?
- Do you have a disability and need help getting care or taking part in one of our programs or services?
- Or do you have more questions about your health care?

Call us for free at 1-800-332-5762. (TTY users should call 711) We can connect you with the free help or service you need. (For TRS call 711.)

We obey federal and state civil rights laws. We do not treat people in a different way because of their race, color, birthplace, language, age, disability, religion, or sex. Do you think we did not help you or you were treated differently because of your race, color, birthplace, language, age, disability, religion, or sex? You can file a complaint by mail, by email, or by phone. Here are three places where you can file a complaint:

TennCare Office of Civil Rights Compliance

310 Great Circle Road, 3W, Nashville, Tennessee 37243

Email: HCFA.Fairtreatment@tn.gov Phone: 1-855-857-1673 (TRS 711)

You can get a complaint form online at:

http://www.tn.gov/assets/entities/tenncare/attachments/complaintform.pdf

U.S. Department of Health & Human Services, Office for Civil Rights

200 Independence Ave SW, Rm 509F, HHH Bldg., Washington, DC 20201

Phone: 1-800-368-1019 (TDD): 1-800-537-7697

You can file a complaint online at: https://ocrportal.hhs.gov/ocr/smartscreen/main.jsf

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Disclaimers

- TennCare (Medicaid) is not responsible for payment of these benefits except for appropriate cost sharing amounts. TennCare (Medicaid) is not responsible for guaranteeing the availability or quality of these benefits.
- Coverage under BlueCare Plus Choice is qualifying health coverage called "minimum essential coverage." It satisfies the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act's (ACA) individual shared responsibility requirement. Visit the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) website at www.irs.gov/Affordable-Care-Act/Individuals-and-Families for more information on the individual shared responsibility requirement.
- ❖ The formulary, pharmacy network, and/or provider network may change at any time. You will receive notice when necessary. We will notify affected enrollees about changes at least 30 days in advance.
- ♦ Benefits, premiums, deductibles, and/or copayments/coinsurance may change on January 1, 2026
- The BlueCare PlusChoice plan has a network of doctors, hospitals, pharmacies and other providers. If you use providers who aren't in our network, the plan won't pay for these services, unless authorized in advance. This plan doesn't require referrals to see specialists in the BlueCare Plus Tennessee network.
- ❖ PRA Disclosure Statement According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0938-1051. If you have comments or suggestions for improving this form, please write to: CMS, 7500 Security Boulevard, Attn: PRA Reports Clearance Officer, Mail Stop C4-26- 05, Baltimore, Maryland 21244-1850
- This document explains your benefits and rights. Use this document to understand about:
 - Your plan premium and cost sharing;
 - Your medical and prescription drug benefits;
 - How to file a complaint if you are not satisfied with a service or treatment;
 - How to contact us if you need further assistance; and,
 - Other protections required by Medicare law

Chapter 1: Getting started as a member

Introduction

This chapter includes information about BlueCare Plus Choice, a health plan that coordinates all of your Medicare and TennCare services, and your membership in it. It also tells you what to expect and what other information you will get from us. Key terms and their definitions appear in alphabetical order in the last chapter of your *Evidence of Coverage*.

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A. Welcome to our plan

Our plan provides Medicare and TennCare services to individuals who are eligible for both programs. Our plan includes doctors, hospitals, pharmacies, providers of long-term services and supports, behavioral health providers, and other providers. We also have care coordinators and care teams to help you manage your providers and services. They all work together to provide the care you need.

You have chosen to get your Medicare and TennCare (Medicaid) health care and your prescription drug coverage through our plan, BlueCare Plus Choice. We are required to cover all Part A and Part B services. However, cost sharing and provider access in this plan differ from Original Medicare.

BlueCare Plus Choice is a specialized Medicare Advantage Plan (a Medicare Special Needs Plan), which means its benefits are designed for people with special health care needs. BlueCare Plus Choice is designed for people who have Medicare, full TennCare (Medicaid) benefits enrolled in BlueCare as their Medicaid Managed Care Organization and who qualify for TennCare CHOICES program groups 1, 2 or 3.

BlueCare Plus Choice is run by a private company. Like all Medicare Advantage Plans, this Medicare Special Needs Plan is approved by Medicare. The plan also has a contract with the Tennessee Medicaid program to coordinate your TennCare (Medicaid) benefits. We are pleased to be providing your Medicare and TennCare (Medicaid) health care coverage, including your prescription drug coverage, and long-term care or home and community-based services.

Coverage under this Plan qualifies as Qualifying Health Coverage (QHC) and satisfies the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act's (ACA) individual shared responsibility requirement. Please visit the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) website at: www.irs.gov/Affordable-Care-Act/Individuals-and-Families for more information.

B. Information about Medicare and TennCare

B1. Medicare

Medicare is the federal health insurance program for:

- people 65 years of age or over,
- some people under age 65 with certain disabilities, and
- people with end-stage renal disease (kidney failure).

B2. TennCare

TennCare is the name of Tennessee's Medicaid program. TennCare is run by the state and is paid for by the state and the federal government. TennCare helps people with limited incomes and resources pay for Long-Term Services and Supports (LTSS) and medical costs. It covers extra services and drugs not covered by Medicare.

Each state decides:

- what counts as income and resources,
- who is eligible,
- what services are covered, and
- the cost for services.

States can decide how to run their programs, as long as they follow the federal rules.

Medicare and the state of Tennessee approved our plan. You can get Medicare and TennCare services through our plan as long as:

- we choose to offer the plan, and
- Medicare and the state of Tennessee allow us to continue to offer this plan.

Even if our plan stops operating in the future, your eligibility for Medicare and TennCare services is not affected.

C. Advantages of our plan

You will now get all your covered Medicare and TennCare services from our plan, including prescription drugs. You do not pay extra to join this health plan.

We help make your Medicare and Medicaid benefits work better together and work better for you. Some of the advantages include:

- You can work with us for most of your health care needs.
- You have a care team that you help put together. Your care team may include yourself, your caregiver, doctors, nurses, counselors, or other health professionals.
- You have access to a care coordinator. This is a person who works with you, with our plan, and with your care team to help make a care plan.

- You're able to direct your own care with help from your care team and care coordinator.
- Your care team and care coordinator work with you to make a care plan designed to meet your health needs. The care team helps coordinate the services you need. For example, this means that your care team makes sure:
 - Your doctors know about all the medicines you take so they can make sure you're taking the right medicines and can reduce any side effects that you may have from the medicines.
 - Your test results are shared with all of your doctors and other providers, as appropriate.

D. Our plan's service area

Our service area includes all counties in Tennessee.

Only people who live in our service area can join our plan.

You cannot stay in our plan if you move outside of our service area. Refer to Chapter 8 of your *Evidence of Coverage* for more information about the effects of moving out of our service area.

E. What makes you eligible to be a plan member

You are eligible for our plan as long as you:

- live in our service area (incarcerated individuals are not considered living in the service area even if they are physically located in it), and
- have both Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B, and
- are a United States citizen or are lawfully present in the United States, and
- are currently eligible for TennCare and
- Must be eligible for Long Term Care CHOICES benefits in groups 1, 2, or 3.

If you lose eligibility but can be expected to regain it within 180 days then you are still eligible for our plan.

Call Member Services for more information.

F. What to expect when you first join our health plan

When you first join our plan, you get a health risk assessment (HRA) within 90 days before or after your enrollment effective date.

We must complete an HRA for you. This HRA is the basis for developing your care plan. The HRA includes questions to identify your medical, behavioral health, and functional needs. Every member is Case Managed by their Care Coordination Team. The team consists of clinical and nonclinical staff. The Care Coordination Team is responsible for conducting a Health Risk Assessment (HRA) with you or your caregiver, by completing a Patient Assessment and Care Planning Form (PACF) on the phone or by a Health History and Needs Form in the mail. These assessment tools assist the Care Coordination Team, you or your caregiver, and the providers involved in your care and in developing a plan of care for you based on your individual care needs.

We reach out to you to complete the HRA. We can complete the HRA by an in-person visit, telephone call, or mail.

We'll send you more information about this HRA.

You may continue to see your previous provider or receive previous services for at least 30 days to ensure continuity of care pending the provider enrolling under the health plan or finding a new provider under the health plan to facilitate a seamless transition of those services.

G. Your care team and care plan

G1. Care team

A care team can help you keep getting the care you need. A care team may include your doctor, a care coordinator, or other health person that you choose.

A care coordinator is a person trained to help you manage the care you need. You get a care coordinator when you enroll in our plan. This person also refers you to other community resources that our plan may not provide and will work with your care team to help coordinate your care. Call us at the numbers at the bottom of the page for more information about your care coordinator and care team.

G2. Care plan

Your care team works with you to make a care plan. A care plan tells you and your doctors what services you need and how to get them. It includes your medical, behavioral health, and LTSS services using a person-centered approach to your needs assessment and care planning.

Your care plan includes:

A member's Individual Care Plan (ICP) is the mechanism for evaluating the member's current health status. It is the ongoing action plan of the Interdisciplinary Care Team (ICT) to address the member's health needs. Each member's ICP is developed by utilizing information provided in the Health Risk Assessment (HRA), claims, and pharmacy data, and additional tools to identify social risk factors, health related social needs, and health equity. An ICP process starts with conversations with the member, review of health records, and considering recommendations from the ICT. These are used in the creation of the ICP for all SNP members.

- your health care goals,
- an on-going action plan to address your health needs
- a timeline for getting the services you need.
- The health Risk Assessment is used in developing your care plan
- The care plan process starts with you, the member, reviewing your health records and the recommendations from the care team.

Your care team meets with you after your HRA. They ask you about services you need. They also tell you about services you may want to think about getting. Your care plan is created based on your needs and goals. Your care team works with you to update your care plan at least every year.

H. Your monthly costs for BlueCare Plus Choice

Your costs may include the following:

- Plan premium (Section H1)
- Monthly Medicare Part B Premium (Section H2)
- Part D Late Enrollment Penalty (Section H3)
- Income Related Monthly Adjusted Amount
- Medicare Prescription Payment Plan Amount (Section H4)

In some situations, your plan premium could be less.

The "Extra Help" program helps people with limited resources pay for their drugs. **Chapter 2, Section H2** tells more about this program. If you qualify, enrolling in the program might lower your monthly plan premium.

If you already enrolled and are getting help from one of these programs, the information about

premiums in this Evidence of Coverage does not apply to you. We sent you a separate insert,

called the "Evidence of Coverage Rider for People Who Get Extra Help Paying for Prescription Drugs" (also known as the "Low Income Subsidy Rider" or the "LIS Rider"), which tells you about your drug coverage. If you don't have this insert, please call Member Service and ask for the "LIS Rider".

H1. Plan premium

You do not pay a separate monthly plan premium for BlueCare Plus Choice. Because you are eligible for TennCare (Medicaid), you qualify for and are getting "Extra Help" from Medicare which covers your premium.

H2. Monthly Medicare Part B Premium

Many members are required to pay other Medicare premiums

Some members are required to pay other Medicare premiums. As explained in **Section E** above, in order to be eligible for our plan, you must maintain your eligibility for TennCare(Medicaid) as well as have both Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B. For most BlueCare Plus Choice *members*, TennCare(Medicaid) pays for your Medicare Part A premium (if you don't qualify for it automatically) and for your Medicare Part B premium.

If Medicaid is not paying your Medicare premiums for you, you must continue to pay your Medicare premiums to remain a member of the plan. This includes your premium for Medicare Part B. It may also include a premium for Medicare Part A which affects members who aren't eligible for premium free Medicare Part A. In addition, please contact Member Service or your care coordinator and inform them of this change.

H3. Medicare Prescription Payment Amount

If you're participating in the Medicare Prescription Payment Plan, you'll get a bill from your plan for your prescription drugs (instead of paying the pharmacy). Your monthly bill is based on what you owe for any prescriptions you get, plus your previous month's balance, divided by the number of months left in the year.

Chapter 2, Section H3. tells more about the Medicare Prescription Payment Plan. If you disagree with the amount billed as part of this payment option, you can follow the steps in **Chapter 9, Section E.** to make a complaint or appeal.

I. Your Evidence of Coverage

Your *Evidence of Coverage* is part of our contract with you. This means that we must follow all rules in this document. If you think we've done something that goes against these rules, you may be able to appeal our decision. For information about appeals, refer to **Chapter 9** of your *Evidence of Coverage* or call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227).

You can ask for an *Evidence of Coverage* by calling Member Service at the numbers at the bottom of the page. You can also refer to the *Evidence of Coverage* found on our website.

The contract is in effect for the months you are enrolled in our plan between January 1 – December 31, 2025.

J. Other important information you get from us

Other important information we provide to you includes your Member ID Card, information about how to access a *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* and information about how to access a *List of Covered Drugs*, also known as a *Formulary*.

J1. Your Member ID Card

Under our plan, you have one card for your Medicare and TennCare services, including LTSS, certain behavioral health services, and prescriptions. You show this card when you get any services or prescriptions. Here is a sample Member ID Card:





If your Member ID Card is damaged, lost, or stolen, call Member Service at the number at the bottom of the page right away. We will send you a new card.

As long as you are a member of our plan, you do not need to use your red, white, and blue Medicare card or your TennCare card to get most services. Keep those cards in a safe place, in case you need

them later. If you show your Medicare card instead of your Member ID Card, the provider may bill Medicare instead of our plan, and you may get a bill. Refer to **Chapter 7** of your *Evidence of Coverage* to find out what to do if you get a bill from a provider.

J2. Provider and Pharmacy Directory

The *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* lists the providers and pharmacies in our plan's network. While you're a member of our plan, you must use network providers to get covered services.

You can ask for a *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* (electronically or in hard copy form) by calling Member Service at the numbers at the bottom of the page. Requests for hard copy Provider and Pharmacy Directories will be mailed to you within three business days. You can also refer to the *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* at the web address at the bottom of the page.

The Provider Directory lists our current network providers and durable medical equipment suppliers. Network providers are the doctors and other health care professionals, medical groups, durable medical equipment suppliers, hospitals, CHOICES providers, and other health care facilities that have an agreement with us to accept our payment and any plan cost sharing as payment in full.

You must use network providers to get your medical care and services. If you go elsewhere without proper authorization you will have to pay in full. The only exceptions are emergencies, urgently needed services when the network is not available (that is, in situations when it is unreasonable or not possible to obtain services in-network), out-of-area dialysis services, and cases in which BlueCare Plus Choice authorizes use of out-of-network providers.

When first enrolled or when there is a change to your provider, you can continue to receive your service or Medicaid for at least 30 days.

Definition of network providers

- Our network providers include:
 - doctors, nurses, and other health care professionals that you can use as a member of our plan;
 - clinics, hospitals, nursing facilities, and other places that provide health services in our plan; and
 - LTSS, behavioral health services, home health agencies, durable medical equipment (DME) suppliers, and others who provide goods and services that you get through Medicare or Medicaid.

Network providers agree to accept payment from our plan for covered services as payment in full.



Definition of network pharmacies

- Network pharmacies are pharmacies that agree to fill prescriptions for our plan members. Use the *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* to find the network pharmacy you want to use.
- Except during an emergency, you must fill your prescriptions at one of our network pharmacies if you want our plan to help you pay for them.

Call Member Service at the numbers at the bottom of the page for more information. Both Member Service and our website can give you the most up-to-date information about changes in our network pharmacies and providers.

J3. List of Covered Drugs

The plan has a *List of Covered Drugs*. We call it the "*Drug List*" for short. It tells you which prescription drugs our plan covers.

The *Drug List* also tells you if there are any rules or restrictions on any drugs, such as a limit on the amount you can get. Refer to **Chapter 5** of your *Evidence of Coverage* for more information.

Each year, we send you information about how to access *the Drug List*, but some changes may occur during the year. To get the most up-to-date information about which drugs are covered, call Member Service or visit our website at the address at the bottom of the page.

J4. The Explanation of Benefits

When you use your Medicare Part D prescription drug benefits, we send you a summary to help you understand and keep track of payments for your Medicare Part D prescription drugs. This summary is called the *Explanation of Benefits* (EOB).

The EOB tells you the total amount you, or others on your behalf, spent on your Medicare Part D prescription drugs and the total amount we paid for each of your Medicare Part D prescription drugs during the month. This EOB is not a bill. The EOB has more information about the drugs you take such as increases in price and other drugs with lower cost-sharing that may be available. You can talk to your prescriber about these lower cost options. **Chapter 6** of your *Evidence of Coverage* gives more information about the EOB and how it helps you track your drug coverage.

You can also ask for an EOB. To get a copy, contact Member Service at the numbers at the bottom of the page.

K. Keeping your membership record up to date

You can keep your membership record up to date by telling us when your information changes.

We need this information to make sure that we have your correct information in our records. Our network providers and pharmacies also need correct information about you. **They use your membership record to know what services and drugs you get and how much they cost you**.

Tell us right away about the following:

- changes to your name, your address, or your phone number;
- changes to any other health insurance coverage, such as from your employer, your spouse's employer, or your domestic partner's employer, or workers' compensation;
- any liability claims, such as claims from an automobile accident;
- admission to a nursing facility or hospital;
- care from a hospital or emergency room;
- changes in your caregiver (or anyone responsible for you); and
- you take part in a clinical research study. (**Note:** You are not required to tell us about a clinical research study you are in or become part of, but we encourage you to do so.)

If any information changes, call Member Service at the numbers at the bottom of the page.

TennCare Connect is an online tool for Tennesseans to apply and manage their TennCare benefits. You can access the website: www.tenncareconnect.tn.gov or call TennCare customer service at 1-855-259-0701.

K1. Privacy of personal health information (PHI)

Information in your membership record may include personal health information (PHI). Federal and state laws require that we keep your PHI private. We protect your PHI. For more details about how we protect your PHI, refer to **Chapter 8** of your *Evidence of Coverage*.

Chapter 2: Important phone numbers and resources

Introduction

This chapter gives you contact information for important resources that can help you answer your questions about our plan and your health care benefits. You can also use this chapter to get information about how to contact your care coordinator and others to advocate on your behalf. Key terms and their definitions appear in alphabetical order in the last chapter of your *Evidence of Coverage*.

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A. Member Service

| CALL | 1-800-332-5762. This call is free. |
|---------|---|
| | Calls to this number are free. From Oct. 1 to Mar. 31 , you can call us 7 days a week from 8 a.m. to 9 p.m. ET. From Apr. 1 to Sept. 30 , you can call us Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 9 p.m. ET. You can get this Evidence of Coverage for free in other formats, such as large print, accessible electronic document, or audio. |
| | Members can Chat-on-line with a specialist from 8:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m. ET, by logging into the Member Portal on <u>bluecareplus.bcbst.com</u> |
| | We have free interpreter services for people who do not speak English. |
| TTY | 711 This call is free. Calls to this number are free. From Oct. 1 to Mar. 31, you can call us 7 days a week from 8 a.m. to 9 p.m. ET. From Apr. 1 to Sept. 30, you can call us Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 9 p.m. ET. |
| | |
| FAX | 1-888-725-6849 |
| WRITE | BlueCare Plus Tennessee 1 Cameron Hill Circle, Suite 0002 Chattanooga, TN 37402-0002 |
| WEBSITE | bluecareplus.bcbst.com |

Contact Member Service to get help with:

- Questions about the plan
- Questions about claims or billing
- Coverage decisions about your health care
 - o A coverage decision about your health care is a decision about:
 - your benefits and covered services, or
 - the amount we pay for your health services.
 - o Call us if you have questions about a coverage decision about your health care.

This section is continued on the next page

If you have questions, please call BlueCare Plus Tennessee at 1-800-332-5762, TTY 711. From Oct. 1 to Mar. 31, you can call us 7 days a week from 8 a.m. to 9 p.m. ET. From Apr. 1 to Sept. 30, you can call us Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 9 p.m. ET. The call is free. For more information, visit bluecareplus.bcbst.com

 To learn more about coverage decisions, refer to Chapter 9 of your Evidence of Coverage.

| Method | Coverage Decisions for Medical Care - Contact Information |
|---------|---|
| CALL | 1-800-332-5762 |
| | Calls to this number are free. From Oct. 1 to Mar. 31 , you can call us 7 days a week from 8 a.m. to 9 p.m. ET. From Apr. 1 to Sept. 30 , you can call us Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 9 p.m. ET. |
| TTY | 711 |
| | Calls to this number are free. From Oct. 1 to Mar. 31 , you can call us 7 days a week from 8 a.m. to 9 p.m. ET. From Apr. 1 to Sept. 30 , you can call us Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 9 p.m. ET. |
| FAX | 1-888-725-6849 |
| WRITE | BlueCare Plus Tennessee |
| | 1 Cameron Hill Circle, Suite 0002 |
| | Chattanooga, TN 37402-0002 |
| | |
| WEBSITE | bluecareplus.bcbst.com |

- Appeals about your health care
 - An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review a decision we made about your coverage and asking us to change it if you think we made a mistake or disagree with the decision.
 - To learn more about making an appeal, refer to Chapter 9 of your Evidence of Coverage or contact Member Service.

| Method | Appeals for Medical Care – Contact Information |
|---------|---|
| CALL | 1-800-332-5762 |
| | Calls to this number are free. From Oct. 1 to Mar. 31 , you can call us 7 days a week from 8 a.m. to 9 p.m. ET. From Apr. 1 to Sept. 30 , you can call us Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 9 p.m. ET. |
| TTY | 711 |
| | Calls to this number are free. From Oct. 1 to Mar. 31 , you can call us 7 days a week from 8 a.m. to 9 p.m. ET. From Apr. 1 to Sept. 30 , you can call us Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 9 p.m. ET. |
| FAX | 1-888-416-3026 |
| WRITE | BlueCare Plus Tennessee |
| | Member Appeals |
| | 1 Cameron Hill Circle, Suite 0042 |
| | Chattanooga, TN 37402-0042 |
| WEBSITE | bluecareplus.bcbst.com |

- Complaints about your health care
 - You can make a complaint about us or any provider (including a non-network or network provider). A network provider is a provider who works with our plan. You can also make a complaint to us or to the Quality Improvement Organization (QIO) about the quality of the care you received (refer to Section D, Chapter 2 of your Evidence of Coverage or contact Member Service).
 - You can call us and explain your complaint at 1-800-332-5762.
 - If your complaint is about a coverage decision about your health care, you can make an appeal (refer to the section above refer to **Chapter 9**, **E2** of your *Evidence of Coverage*.
 - You can send a complaint about our plan to Medicare. You can use an online form at <u>www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx</u>. Or you can call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) to ask for help.
 - File a complaint with TennCare at 1-800-878-3192 or 1-866-771-7043 TTY
 - To learn more about making a complaint about your health care, refer to Chapter 9
 of your Evidence of Coverage.

| Method | Complaints about Medical Care – Contact Information |
|---------------------|---|
| CALL | 1-800-332-5762 |
| | Calls to this number are free. From Oct. 1 to Mar. 31 , you can call us 7 days a week from 8 a.m. to 9 p.m. ET. From Apr. 1 to Sept. 30 , you can call us Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 9 p.m. ET. |
| TTY | 711 |
| | Calls to this number are free. From Oct. 1 to Mar. 31 , you can call us 7 days a week from 8 a.m. to 9 p.m. ET. From Apr. 1 to Sept. 30 , you can call us Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 9 p.m. ET. |
| FAX | 1-888-416-3026 |
| WRITE | BlueCare Plus Tennessee |
| | BlueCare Plus Operations |
| | 1 Cameron Hill Circle, Suite 0042 |
| | Chattanooga, TN 37402-0042 |
| MEDICARE WEBSITE | You can submit a complaint about BlueCare Plus Choice directly to Medicare. To submit an online complaint to Medicare, go to www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx. |

You can submit a complaint about BlueCare Plus Choice directly to Medicare. To submit an online complaint to Medicare, go to www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx

- Coverage decisions about your drugs
 - A coverage decision about your drugs is a decision about:
 - your benefits and covered drugs or
 - the amount we pay for your drugs.
 - This applies to your Medicare Part D drugs and your TennCare CoverRX prescription benefits.
 - For more on coverage decisions about your prescription drugs, refer to Chapter 9 of your Evidence of Coverage.

| Method | Coverage Decisions for Part D Prescription Drugs – Contact Information |
|---------|--|
| CALL | 1-800-332-5762 |
| | Calls to this number are free. From Oct. 1. to Mar. 31 , you can call us 7 days a week from 8 a.m. to 9 p.m. ET. From Apr. 1 to Sept. 30 , you can call us Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 9 p.m. ET. |
| TTY | 711 |
| | Calls to this number are free. From Oct. 1. to Mar. 31 , you can call us 7 days a week from 8 a.m. to 9 p.m. ET. From Apr. 1 to Sept. 30 , you can call us Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 9 p.m. ET. |
| FAX | 1-423-591-9514 |
| WRITE | BlueCare Plus Tennessee |
| | Medicare Part D Coverage Determinations and Appeals |
| | 1 Cameron Hill Circle, Suite 0051 |
| | Chattanooga, TN 37402-0051 |
| WEBSITE | bluecareplus.bcbst.com |

- Appeals about your drugs
 - o An appeal is a way to ask us to change a coverage decision.
 - For more on making an appeal about your prescription drugs, refer to Chapter 9 of your Evidence of Coverage.

| Method | Appeals for Part D Prescription Drugs – Contact Information |
|---------|--|
| CALL | 1-800-332-5762 |
| | Calls to this number are free. From Oct. 1. to Mar. 31 , you can call us 7 days a week from 8 a.m. to 9 p.m. ET. From Apr. 1 to Sept. 30 , you can call us Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 9 p.m. ET. |
| TTY | 711 |
| | Calls to this number are free. From Oct. 1. to Mar. 31 , you can call us 7 days a week from 8 a.m. to 9 p.m. ET. From Apr. 1 to Sept. 30 , you can call us Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 9 p.m. ET. |
| FAX | 1-423-591-9514 |
| WRITE | BlueCare Plus Tennessee |
| | Medicare Part D Coverage Determinations and Appeals |
| | 1 Cameron Hill Circle, Suite 0051 |
| | Chattanooga, TN 37402-0051 |
| WEBSITE | bluecareplus.bcbst.com |

- Complaints about your drugs
 - You can make a complaint about us or any pharmacy. This includes a complaint about your prescription drugs.
 - o If your complaint is about a coverage decision about your prescription drugs, you can make an appeal. (Refer to the section above Section A, Appeals About Your Drugs.)
 - You can send a complaint about our plan to Medicare. You can use an online form at <u>www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx</u>. Or you can call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) to ask for help.
 - o For more on making a complaint about your prescription drugs, refer to **Chapter 9** of your *Evidence of Coverage*.

| Method | Complaints about Part D Prescription Drugs – Contact Information |
|---------------------|---|
| CALL | 1-800-332-5762 |
| | Calls to this number are free. From Oct. 1 to Mar. 31 , you can call us 7 days a week from 8 a.m. to 9 p.m. ET. From Apr. 1 to Sept. 30 , you can call us Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 9 p.m. ET. |
| TTY | 711 |
| | Calls to this number are free. From Oct. 1 to Mar. 31 , you can call us 7 days a week from 8 a.m. to 9 p.m. ET. From Apr. 1 to Sept. 30 , you can call us Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 9 p.m. ET. |
| FAX | 1-888-416-3026 |
| WRITE | BlueCare Plus Tennessee |
| | 1 Cameron Hill Circle, Suite 0042 |
| | Chattanooga, TN 37402-0042 |
| MEDICARE WEBSITE | You can submit a complaint about BlueCare Plus Choice directly to Medicare. To submit an online complaint to Medicare go to www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx. |

- Payment for health care or drugs you already paid for
 - For more on how to ask us to pay you back, or to pay a bill you got, refer to Chapter
 7 of your Evidence of Coverage.
 - If you ask us to pay a bill and we deny any part of your request, you can appeal our decision. Refer to Chapter 9 of your Evidence of Coverage
 - BlueCare Plus Choice is not allowed to reimburse members for TennCare (Medicaid) cost sharing amounts. Please contact Member Service if you have questions (phone numbers are at the bottom of this page).

| Method | Payment Requests – Contact Information |
|---------|---|
| CALL | 1-800-332-5762 |
| | Calls to this number are free. From Oct. 1 to Mar. 31 , you can call us 7 days a week from 8 a.m. to 9 p.m. ET. From Apr. 1 to Sept. 30 , you can call us Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 9 p.m. ET. |
| TTY | 711 |
| | Calls to this number are free. From Oct. 1 to Mar. 31 , you can call us 7 days a week from 8 a.m. to 9 p.m. ET. From Apr. 1 to Sept. 30 , you can call us Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 9 p.m. ET. |
| FAX | Medical (Part C) Payment Requests: 1-888-725-6849 |
| | Prescription (Part D) Payment Requests: 1-423-591-9495 |
| WRITE | Medical (Part C) Payment Requests: |
| | BlueCare Plus Tennessee |
| | 1 Cameron Hill Circle, Suite 0002 Chattanooga, TN 37402-0002 |
| | Prescription (Part D) Payments Requests: |
| | BlueCare Plus Tennessee Medicare Part D Prescription Drug Claim Request |
| | 1 Cameron Hill Circle, Suite 48 |
| | Chattanooga, TN 37402-0048 |
| WEBSITE | bluecareplus.bcbst.com |

B. Your Care Coordinator

In your plan we are responsible for managing all of your physical health, behavioral health (mental health or substance use disorder) and long-term services and supports needs, and the services that you receive to address these needs. This is called care coordination.

These functions are carried out by a Care Coordinator. We will assign you a Care Coordinator when you enroll in CHOICES. Your Care Coordinator will play a very important role. Your Care Coordinator is your primary contact person and is the first person that you should go to if you have any questions about your services.

If you're unhappy with your Care Coordinator and would like a different one, you can ask us if you can have a new Care Coordinator if one is available. That doesn't mean you can pick whoever you want to be your Care Coordinator. We must be able to meet the needs of all CHOICES members and assign staff in a way that allows us to do that. To ask for a different Care Coordinator, call us at **1-877-715-9503.** Tell us why you want to change Care Coordinators. If we can't give you a new Care Coordinator, we'll tell you why. And, we'll help to address any problems or concerns you have with your Care Coordinator.

If you're in Choices, you can contact your Care Coordinator anytime you have a question or concern about your health care — you do not need to wait until a home visit or a phone call. You should contact your Care Coordinator anytime you have a change in your health condition or other things that may affect the kind or amount of care you need. If you need help after regular business hours that won't wait until the next day, you can call us at **1-877-715-9503**, TTY **711**

| CALL | 1-877-715-9503, TTY 711 This call is free. Monday through Friday, 8 a.m to 6 p.m. ET We have free interpreter services for people who do not speak English. |
|---------|--|
| TTY | 711 This call is free. TTY 711: You can call us Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 6 p.m. ET. |
| FAX | 1-866-325-6694 |
| WRITE | BlueCare Plus Tennessee 1 Cameron Hill Circle Chattanooga, TN 37402-0002 |
| WEBSITE | bluecareplus.bcbst.com |

Contact your care coordinator to get help with:

- questions about your health care
- questions about getting behavioral health (mental health and substance use disorder) services
- questions about transportation
- information about CHOICES and answer your questions to help you get the right kind of long-term services and supports in the right setting for you to address your needs including:
 - Coordinate all of your physical health, behavioral health (mental health or substance use disorder) and long-term services and supports needs.
 - o Help to fix problems and answer questions that you have about your care.
 - Check at least once a year to make sure that you continue to need the level of care provided in a nursing home or, for Group 3, continue to be "at risk" of going into a nursing home.

- Communicate with your providers to make sure they know what's happening with your health care and to coordinate your service delivery.
- Other tasks performed by the Care Coordinator will vary slightly depending on the CHOICES Group you're enrolled in. If you receive nursing home care in CHOICES Group 1, your Care Coordinator will:
 - Be part of the care planning process with the nursing home where you live.
 - Perform any additional needs assessment that may be helpful in managing your health and long-term services and supports needs.
 - Supplement (or add to) the nursing home's plan of care if there are things
 BlueCare can do to help manage health problems or coordinate other kinds of physical and behavioral health (mental health or substance use disorder) care you need.
 - Conduct face-to-face visits at least every 6 months.
 - Coordinate with the nursing home when you need services the nursing home isn't responsible for providing.
 - Determine if you're interested and able to move from the nursing home to the community and if so, help make sure this happens timely.
- If you receive home care in CHOICES Group 2 or Group 3, your Care Coordinator will work with you to:
 - Do a comprehensive, individual assessment of your health and long-term services and supports needs; and
 - Develop a Person-Centered Support Plan.
- Your Care Coordinator will also:
 - Make sure your plan of care is carried out and working the way that it needs to.
 - Monitor to make sure you are getting what you need and that gaps in care are addressed right away.

- Contact you by telephone at least once every month and visit you in person at least once every 3 months if you are in Group 2 or contact you by telephone at least once every 3 months and visit you in person at least once every 6 months if you are in Group 3. These visits may occur more often if you get residential services or based on your needs.
- Make sure the home care services you receive are based on your goals, needs and preferences and do not cost more than nursing home care, if you are in Group 2, or more than \$19,764 if you are in Group 3.

C. TN SHIP (TN State Health Insurance Assistance Program)

The State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP) gives free health insurance counseling to people with Medicare. In Tennessee the SHIP is called TN SHIP.

TN SHIP is not connected with any insurance company or health plan.

| CALL | 1-877-801-0044 |
|---------|---|
| | 8:00am – 4:30pm CST |
| | |
| TTY | 1-800-848-0299 |
| | This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. |
| WRITE | 502 Deaderick Street, 9th Floor |
| | Nashville, TN 37243-0860 |
| EMAIL | tn.ship@tn.gov |
| WEBSITE | https://www.tn.gov/disability-and-aging/disability-aging-programs/tn-ship.html |

Contact TN SHIP for help with:

- questions about Medicare
- TN SHIP counselors can answer your questions about changing to a new plan and help you:

- o understand your rights,
- o understand your plan choices,
- o make complaints about your health care or treatment, and
- straighten out problems with your bills.

D. Quality Improvement Organization (QIO)

Our state has an organization called Acentra Health. This is a group of doctors and other health care professionals who help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. Acentra Health is not connected with our plan.

| CALL | Members: 1-888-317-0751 |
|---------|---|
| | Fax: 1-844-877-7921 |
| | Calls to this number are free. Monday through Friday, 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.; Weekends and Holidays – 11:00 a.m. to 3:00 p.m.; in Eastern, Central, Mountain, Pacific, Alaska, and Hawaii-Aleutian time zones |
| WRITE | Acentra Health |
| | 5201 West Kennedy Blvd. |
| | Suite 900 |
| | Tampa, FL 33609 |
| TTY | 711 Calls to this number are free. Monday through Friday, 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.; Weekends and Holidays – 11:00 a.m. to 3:00 p.m.; in Eastern, Central, Mountain, Pacific, Alaska, and Hawaii-Aleutian time zones |
| WEBSITE | https://www.acentragio.com |

Contact Acentra Health for help with:

- questions about your health care rights
- making a complaint about the care you got if you:
 - have a problem with the quality of care,

- o think your hospital stay is ending too soon, or
- think your home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or comprehensive outpatient rehabilitation facility (CORF) services are ending too soon.

E. Medicare

Medicare is the federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or over, some people under age 65 with disabilities, and people with end-stage renal disease (permanent kidney failure requiring dialysis or a kidney transplant).

The federal agency in charge of Medicare is the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Service, or CMS.

| CALL | 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) Calls to this number are free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. |
|---------|--|
| TTY | 1-877-486-2048. This call is free. This number is for people who have difficulty with hearing or speaking. You must have special telephone equipment to call it. |
| WEBSITE | This is the official website for Medicare. It gives you up-to-date information about Medicare. It also has information about hospitals, nursing facilities, doctors, home health agencies, dialysis facilities, inpatient rehabilitation facilities, and hospices. It includes helpful websites and phone numbers. It also has documents you can print right from your computer. If you don't have a computer, your local library or senior center may be able to help you visit this website using their computer. Or, you can call Medicare at the number above and tell them what you are looking for. They will find the information on the website and review the information with you. |

F. TennCare

TennCare helps with medical and long-term services and supports costs for people with limited incomes and resources.

You are enrolled in Medicare and in Medicaid. If you have questions about the help you get from Medicaid, call TennCare.

| CALL | TennCare at 1-855-259-0701 8:00am – 4:30pm CST |
|---------|---|
| TTY | 1-800-848-0299 |
| WRITE | Division of TennCare 310 Great Circle Rd. Nashville, TN 37243 |
| EMAIL | Tenn.Care@tn.gov |
| WEBSITE | www.tn.gov/tenncare |

G. Tennessee State Long-Term Care (LTC) Ombudsman

The Tennessee State LTC Ombudsman helps people get information about nursing homes and resolve problems between nursing homes and residents or their families.

Tennessee State LTC Ombudsman program offers assistance to persons living in nursing homes or other community-based residential settings, like an assisted living or critical adult care home. A Long-Term Care Ombudsman does **not** work for the facility, the state, or BlueCare. This helps them to be fair and objective in resolving problems and concerns.

The Long-Term Care Ombudsman in each area of the state can:

- Provide information about admission to and discharge from long-term services and supports facilities.
- Provide education about resident rights and responsibilities.

- Help residents and their families resolve questions or problems they have been unable to address on their own with the facility. Concerns can include things like:
 - Quality of care;
 - Resident rights; or
 - Admissions, transfers, and discharges

To find out more about the Long-Term Care Ombudsman program, or to contact the Ombudsman in your area, call the Tennessee Commission on Aging and Disability.

| CALL | Toll Free: 1-877-236-0013 |
|---------|--|
| | Monday through Friday, 8:30 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. ET |
| | |
| TTY | Toll Free: 1-800-848-0299 |
| | 615-532-3893 |
| | This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking |
| WRITE | Tennessee Commission on Aging and Disability |
| | Office of Ombudsman |
| | 502 Deaderick Street, 9th Floor |
| | Nashville, TN 37243-0860 |
| EMAIL | ombudsman.notification@tn.gov |
| WEBSITE | www.tn.gov/aging/our-programs/long-term-care-ombudsman |

H. Programs to Help People Pay for Their Prescription Drugs

The Medicare.gov website (www.medicare.gov/drug-coverage-part-d/costs-for-medicare-drug-coverage/costs-in-the-coverage-gap/5-ways-to-get-help-with-prescription-costs) provides information on how to lower your prescription drug costs. For people with limited incomes, there are also other programs to assist, as described below.

H1. Extra Help

Because you are eligible for Medicaid, you qualify for and are getting "Extra Help" from Medicare to pay for your prescription drug plan costs. You do not need to do anything to get this "Extra Help."

| CALL | 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) Calls to this number are free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. |
|---------|--|
| TTY | 1-877-486-2048 This call is free. This number is for people who have difficulty with hearing or speaking. You must have special telephone equipment to call it. |
| WEBSITE | www.medicare.gov |

If you believe that you are paying an incorrect cost-sharing amount when you get your prescription at a pharmacy, our plan has a process for you to either request assistance in obtaining evidence of your correct copayment level, or if you already have the evidence, to provide this evidence to us.

- If you need assistance obtaining evidence of your proper copayment level, you can contact Member Service. BlueCare Plus Choice will contact CMS on your behalf to inquire about your eligibility. Once we receive a decision from CMS, we will contact you.
- When we receive the evidence showing your copayment level, we will update our system so that you will be charged the correct copayment when you get your next prescription. If you overpay your copayment, we will pay you back. Either we will send a check to you or we will deduct the amount from future copayments. If the pharmacy hasn't collected a copayment from you and is carrying your copayment as a debt owned by you, we may make the payment directly to the pharmacy. If a state paid on your behalf, we may make payment directly to the state. Please contact Member Services if you have questions.

H2. AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)

ADAP helps ADAP-eligible individuals living with HIV/AIDS have access to life-saving HIV drugs. Medicare Part D prescription drugs that are also on the ADAP formulary qualify for prescription cost-sharing assistance Tennessee Ryan White Part B Program. Note: To be eligible for the ADAP operating in your state, individuals must meet certain criteria, including proof of the state residence and

HIV status, low income as defined by the state, and uninsured/under-insured status. If you change plans, please notify your local ADAP enrollment worker so you can continue to receive assistance for information on eligibility criteria, covered drugs, or how to enroll in the program, please call 615-532-6509.

H3.The Medicare Prescription Payment Plan

The Medicare Prescription Payment Plan is a new payment option that works with your current drug coverage, and it may help you manage your drug costs by spreading them across monthly payments that vary throughout the year (January- December). This payment option might help you manage your expenses, but it doesn't save you money or lower your drug costs. "Extra Help" form Medicare and help from your SPAP and ADAP, for those who qualify, is more advantageous than participation in this payment option, regardless of income level, and plans with drug coverage must offer this payment option. Contact us at the phone number at the bottom of the page or visit www.Medicare.gov to find out if this payment option is right for you.

I. Social Security

Social Security determines eligibility and handles enrollment for Medicare. U.S Citizens and lawful permanent residents who are 65 and over, or who have a disability or End-Stage Renal Disease (ESRD) and meet certain conditions, are eligible for Medicare. If you are already getting Social Security checks, enrollment into Medicare is automatic. If you are not getting Social Security checks, you have

to enroll in Medicare. To apply for Medicare, you can call Social Security or visit your local Social Security office.

If you move or change your mailing address, it is important that you contact Social Security to let them know.

| CALL | 1-800-772-1213 Calls to this number are free. Available 8:00 am to 7:00 pm, Monday through Friday. You can use their automated telephone services to get recorded information and conduct some business 24 hours a day. |
|------|---|
| TTY | 1-800-325-0778 This number is for people who have difficulty with hearing or speaking. You must have special telephone equipment to call it. |

| WEBSITE www.ssa.gov |
|---------------------|
|---------------------|

J. Railroad Retirement Board (RRB)

The RRB is an independent Federal agency that administers comprehensive benefit programs for the nation's railroad workers and their families. If you receive Medicare through the RRB, it is important that you let them know if you move or change your mailing address. If you have questions regarding your benefits from the RRB, contact the agency.

| CALL | 1-877-772-5772 |
|---------|--|
| | Calls to this number are free. |
| | If you press "0", you may speak with a RRB representative from 9 a.m. to 3:30 p.m., Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday, and from 9 a.m. to 12 p.m. on Wednesday. |
| | If you press "1", you may access the automated RRB Help Line and recorded information 24 hours a day, including weekends and holidays. |
| TTY | 1-312-751-4701 |
| | This number is for people who have difficulty with hearing or speaking. You must have special telephone equipment to call it. |
| | Calls to this number are not free. |
| WEBSITE | www.rrb.gov |

K. Group insurance or other insurance from an employer

If you (or your spouse or domestic partner) get benefits from your (or your spouse's or domestic partner's) employer or retiree group as part of this plan, you may call the employer/union benefits administrator or Member Service if you have any questions. You can ask about your (or your spouse's or domestic partner's) employer or retiree health benefits, premiums, or the enrollment period. You may also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227; TTY: 1-877-486-2048) with questions related to your Medicare coverage under this plan.

If you have other prescription drug coverage through your (or your spouse's or domestic partner's) employer or retiree group, please contact **that group's benefits administrator**. The benefits administrator can help you determine how your current prescription drug coverage will work with our plan.

Chapter 3: Using our plan's coverage for your health care and other covered services

Introduction

This chapter has specific terms and rules you need to know to get health care and other covered services with BlueCare Plus Choice. It also tells you about your care coordinator, how to get care from different kinds of providers and under certain special circumstances (including from out-of-network providers or pharmacies), what to do if you are billed directly for services we cover, and the rules for owning Durable Medical Equipment (DME). Key terms and their definitions appear in alphabetical order in the last chapter of your *Evidence of Coverage*.

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A. Information about services and providers

Services are health care, long-term services and supports (LTSS), supplies, behavioral health services, prescription and over-the-counter drugs, equipment and other services. **Covered services** are any of these services that our plan pays for. Covered health care, behavioral health, and LTSS are in **Chapter 4** of your Evidence of Coverage. Your covered services for prescription and over-the-counter drugs are in **Chapter 5** of your *Evidence of Coverage*.

Providers are doctors, nurses, and other people who give you services and care. Providers also include hospitals, home health agencies, clinics, and other places that give you health care services, behavioral health services, medical equipment, and certain LTSS.

Network providers are providers who work with our plan. These providers agree to accept our payment which includes cost sharing as full payment. Network providers bill us directly for care they give you. When you use a network provider, you usually pay nothing for covered services.

B. Rules for getting services our plan covers

Our plan covers all services covered by Medicare and TennCare. This includes behavioral health and LTSS.

Our plan will generally pay for health care services, behavioral health services, and LTSS you get when you follow our rules. To be covered by our plan:

- The care you get must be a **plan benefit**. This means we include it in our Benefits Chart in **Chapter 4** of your *Evidence of Coverage*.
- The care must be medically necessary. By medically necessary, we mean you need services to prevent, diagnose, or treat your condition or to maintain your current health status. This includes care that keeps you from going into a hospital or nursing facility. It also means the services, supplies, or drugs meet accepted standards of medical practice.
- For medical services, you must have a network primary care provider (PCP) who
 orders the care or tells you to use another doctor. As a plan member, you must choose a
 network provider to be your PCP.
 - You do not need a referral from your PCP for emergency care or urgently needed care or to use a woman's health provider. You can get other kinds of care without having a referral from your PCP (for more information, refer to **Section D1** in this chapter).

- You must get your care from network providers. Usually, we won't cover care from a
 provider who doesn't work with our health plan. This means that you will have to pay the
 provider in full for the services provided. Here are some cases when this rule does not
 apply:
 - We cover emergency or urgently needed care from an out-of-network provider (for more information, refer to **Section I** in this chapter).
 - o If you need care from a Specialist that our plan covers and our network providers can't give it to you, you can get care from an out-of-network provider. You MUST get prior approval for these services. In this situation, we cover the care as if you got it from a network provider at no additional cost to you.
 - We cover kidney dialysis services when you're outside our plan's service area for a short time or when your provider is temporarily unavailable or not accessible. You can get these services at a Medicare-certified dialysis facility. The cost-sharing you pay for dialysis can never exceed the cost-sharing in Original Medicare. If you are outside the plan's service area and obtain the dialysis from a provider that is outside the plan's network, your cost-sharing cannot exceed the cost-sharing you pay in-network. However, if your usual innetwork provider for dialysis is temporarily unavailable and you choose to obtain services inside the service area from an out-of-network provider the cost-sharing for the dialysis may be higher.
 - o If you were already getting care or treatment when your TennCare started, you may be able to keep getting the care without an approval or referral.

C. Your care coordinator

We are responsible for managing all of your physical health, behavioral health (mental health or substance use disorder) and long-term services and supports needs, and the services that you receive to address these needs. This is called care coordination. We will assign you a Care Coordinator when you enroll in our plan.

C1. What is a care coordinator

Your Care Coordinator will play a very important role. Your Care Coordinator is your primary contact person and is the first person that you should go to if you have any questions about your services. Your Care Coordinator will:

- Provide information about your coverage and answer your questions.
- Help you get the right kind of long-term services and supports in the right setting for you to address your needs.



- Coordinate all of your physical health, behavioral health (mental health or substance use disorder) and long-term services and supports needs.
- Help to fix problems and answer questions that you have about your care.
- Check at least once a year to make sure that you continue to need the level of care provided in a nursing home or, for Group 3, continue to be "at risk" of going into a nursing home.
- Communicate with your providers to make sure they know what's happening with your health care and to coordinate your service delivery.

C2. How you can contact your care coordinator

To find out who your Care Coordinator is or how to contact them please contact Member Service at 1-800-332-5762. (TTY users should call 711.)

C3. How you can change your care coordinator

If you're unhappy with your Care Coordinator and would like a different one, you can ask us. You can have a new Care Coordinator if one is available. That doesn't mean you can pick whoever you want to be your Care Coordinator. We must be able to meet the needs of all CHOICES members and assign staff in a way that allows us to do that. To ask for a different Care Coordinator, call us at 1-800-332-5762, TTY 711. Tell us why you want to change Care Coordinators. If we can't give you a new Care Coordinator, we'll tell you why. And, we'll help to address any problems or concerns you have with your Care Coordinator.

D. Care from providers

D1. Care from a primary care provider (PCP)

You must choose a PCP to provide and manage your care.

Definition of a PCP and what a PCP does do for you

What is a PCP

A PCP provides and manages your care. A PCP should be your first contact for an undiagnosed health concern. PCPs also help coordinate care for you when specialists, such as cardiologists or surgeons, are involved.

What types of providers may act as a PCP



PCPs can be physicians, nurse practitioners, or physician assistants in the following specialties: • Family Practice • General Practice • Pediatric • Internal Medicine • Geriatric Medicine

The role of a PCP:

- Your PCP is responsible for the coordination of your health care and is also responsible
 for your routine health care needs. You may want to ask your PCP for assistance in
 selecting a network specialist and follow-up with your PCP after any specialist visits. It is
 important for you to develop and maintain a relationship with your PCP.
- Your PCP is available to coordinate your care with specialists and other providers. If your PCP or other in-network provider orders a service that requires prior authorization, the ordering provider is responsible for obtaining a prior authorization from BlueCare Plus Choice

Your choice of PCP

All BlueCare Plus Choice members must have a PCP. When you enrolled in BlueCare Plus Choice, you were asked to pick a PCP and write the PCP's name on the enrollment form. If you did not choose a PCP, we will automatically assign you to a PCP who is located close to where you live.

Option to change your PCP

You may change your PCP for any reason, at any time. Also, it's possible that your PCP may leave our plan's network. If your PCP leaves our network, we can help you find a new PCP in our network.

There are many reasons why you may need to change your PCP. You may want to change the PCP to whom you were assigned if you did not choose one initially, or you may want to see a PCP whose office is closer to you, or your PCP may stop working with BlueCare Plus Choice. If your PCP stops working with BlueCare Plus Choice, we will send you a letter asking you to find a new PCP. If you do not select a new PCP, we will automatically assign you to a PCP in our network with an office close to you and who is accepting new patients.

Find a new PCP by using our Find a Doctor tool at <u>bluecareplus.bcbst.com</u>. We will make your PCP change after we receive your request, and the change will take effect immediately. What if you need help finding a PCP? Call Member Service at 1-800-332-5762 (TTY 711). We'll work with you to find a new PCP who is taking new patients

Services you can get without approval from your PCP

You can get services like the ones listed below without getting approval from your PCP first:



- emergency services from network providers or out-of-network providers
- urgently needed care from network providers
- urgently needed care from out-of-network providers when you can't get to a network provider (for example, if you're outside our plan's service area)
- Note: Urgently needed care must be immediately needed and medically necessary.
- Kidney dialysis services that you get at a Medicare-certified dialysis facility when you're outside
 our plan's service area. Call Member Services before you leave the service area. We can help
 you get dialysis while you're away.
- Flu shots and COVID-19 vaccinations as well as hepatitis B vaccinations and pneumonia vaccinations as long as you get them from a network provider.
- Routine women's health care and family planning services. This includes breast exams, screening mammograms (X-rays of the breast), Pap tests, and pelvic exams as long as you get them from a network provider.
- Additionally, if eligible to get services from Indian health providers, you may use these providers without a referral.
- Bone mineral density testing every 24 months or more frequently, if medically necessary.
- Preventive Screening Colonoscopy (or screening barium enema as an alternative) for people at high risk of colorectal cancer every 24 months. We cover screening colonoscopy for people not at high risk of colorectal cancer every 10 years (120 months), except when performed within 48 months of a screening sigmoidoscopy

D2. Care from specialists and other network providers

A specialist is a doctor who provides health care for a specific disease or part of the body. There are many kinds of specialists, such as:

- Oncologists care for patients with cancer.
- Cardiologists care for patients with heart problems.
- Orthopedists care for patients with bone, joint, or muscle problems.

For which services will your PCP, specialists and other providers need to get prior authorization from us? See Chapter 4, Section C. for information about which services require prior authorization.

What is the process for obtaining Prior Authorization (PA)?

A Prior Authorization (PA) means you will get plan approval before getting a specific service or drug or before using an out-of-network provider. While participating network providers, including physicians or



other practitioners, are responsible for obtaining prior authorizations and/or other coverage or advance terminations of coverage from the plan, you or your authorized representative(s) may also request authorizations or advance determinations. Requests for coverage, prior authorizations or for advance determinations should include supporting information and applicable medical records.

Who makes the Prior Authorization (PA) decision?

When we receive a request for coverage, prior authorization or for advance coverage determination from a network provider or out-of-network provider or you, registered nurses and licensed behavioral clinicians (for behavioral health services) initially review information provided for the service or item requested against Medicare or other appropriate medical coverage criteria to determine medical necessity of the service or item.

If coverage criteria are met for a requested item or service, the nurse/clinician will issue an approval and we will send a letter to you and your provider indicating the approval.

If coverage criteria are not met for a requested item or service, the nurse/clinician forwards the request to a plan physician reviewer for evaluation, and determination. Written notification is sent to you and your provider/facility indicating approval or denial. If the request for coverage of the service is denied, appeal rights and instructions are included in the notification

D3. When a provider leaves our plan

A network provider you use may leave our plan. If one of your providers leaves our plan, you have certain rights and protections that are summarized below:

- Even if our network of providers change during the year, we must give you uninterrupted access to qualified providers.
- We will notify you that your provider is leaving our plan so that you have time to select a new provider.
 - If your primary care or behavioral health provider leaves our plan, we will notify you if you have seen that provider within the past three years.
 - If any of your other providers leave our plan, we will notify you if you are assigned to the provider, currently receive care from them, or have seen them within the past three months.
- We help you select a new qualified in-network provider to continue managing your health care needs.

- If you are currently undergoing medical treatment or therapies with your current provider, you have the right to ask, and we work with you to ensure, that the medically necessary treatment or therapies you are getting continues.
- We will provide you with information about the different enrollment periods available to you and options you may have for changing plans.
- If we can't find a qualified network specialist accessible to you, we must arrange an outof-network specialist to provide your care when an in-network provider or benefit is unavailable or inadequate to meet your medical needs. Prior authorization is required
- If you think we haven't replaced your previous provider with a qualified provider or that we aren't managing your care well, you have the right to file a quality of care complaint to the QIO, a quality of care grievance, or both. (Refer to **Chapter 9** of the *Evidence of Coverage* for more information.)

If you find out one of your providers is leaving our plan, contact us. We can assist you in finding a new provider and managing your care. Call Member Service at 1-800-332-5762 (TTY 711). We'll work with you to find a new PCP

D4. Out-of-network providers

Care that you receive from out-of-network providers will not be covered unless the care meets one of the exceptions described in **Section D** of this chapter. For information about getting out-of-network care when you have a medical emergency or urgent need for care, please see **Section I** in this chapter.

Services you obtain from out-of-network providers may be covered in the following situations:

- The care you receive is considered medically necessary
- You have a network primary care provider (a PCP) who is providing and overseeing your care
- You must receive your care from a network provider

Services you obtain from out-of-network providers may be covered in the following situations:

- You require emergency or urgent care. You do not need to obtain prior authorization.
- You require dialysis treatment and you are not in our service area. Prior authorization is required.
- If a provider of specialized services is not available in our network within a reasonable distance from your home, you can ask us to see an out-of-network provider with a prior authorization.



To request a prior authorization for an out-of-network provider, please refer to **Chapter 9** Section F, F2., Asking for coverage decisions and making an appeal.

Note: Members are entitled to receive services from out-of-network providers for emergency or urgently needed services. In addition, plans must cover dialysis services for ESRD members who have traveled outside the plans service area or when the provider is temporarily unavailable or not accessible and are not able to access contracted ESRD providers.

If you use an out-of-network provider, the provider must be eligible to participate in Medicare and/or TennCare.

- We cannot pay a provider who is not eligible to participate in Medicare and/or TennCare.
- If you use a provider who is not eligible to participate in Medicare, you must pay the full cost of the services you get.
- Providers must tell you if they are not eligible to participate in Medicare.

E. Long-term services and supports (LTSS)

TennCare CHOICES is Long-Term Services and Supports (or CHOICES for short) for adults (age 21 and older) with a physical disability and seniors (age 65 and older). CHOICES offers services to help a person live in their own home or in the community. These services are called **H**ome and **C**ommunity **B**ased **S**ervices or HCBS. These services can be provided in the home, on the job, or in the community to assist with daily living activities and allow people to work and be actively involved in their local community. CHOICES also provides care in a nursing home if it is needed.

E1. How do I apply for CHOICES?

If you think you need long-term services and supports, call us at 1-800-332-5762, TTY 711. We may use a short screening that will be done over the phone to help decide if you may qualify for CHOICES. If the screening shows that you don't appear to qualify for CHOICES, you'll get a letter that says how you can finish applying for CHOICES.

If the screening shows that you might qualify for CHOICES, or if we don't conduct a screening over the phone, we will send a Care Coordinator to your home to do an assessment.

The purpose of the in-home assessment is to help you apply for CHOICES. It's also to find out:

The kinds of help you need;

- the kinds of care being provided by family members and other caregivers to help meet your needs; and
- the gaps in care for which paid long-term services and supports may be needed.

If you want to receive care at home or in the community (instead of going to a nursing home), the assessment will help decide if your needs can be safely met in the home or community setting. For CHOICES Group 2 (you can read about all of the CHOICES Groups below), it will help decide if the cost of your care would exceed the cost of nursing home care.

This **doesn't** mean that you will receive services up to the cost of nursing home care. CHOICES won't pay for more services than you must have to safely meet your needs at home. And CHOICES only pays for services to meet long-term services and supports needs that can't be met in other ways.

CHOICES services provided to you in your home or in the community will not take the place of care you get from family and friends or services you already receive.

If you're getting help from community programs, receive services paid for by Medicare or other insurance, or have a family member that takes care of you, these services will not be replaced by paid care through CHOICES. Instead, the home care you receive through CHOICES will work together with the assistance you already receive to help you stay in your home and community longer. Care in CHOICES will be provided as cost-effectively as possible so that more people who need care will be able to get help.

However, if you have been getting services through the State-funded Options program, you won't qualify to get those services anymore. They are for people who don't get Medicaid. And if you've been getting services from programs funded by the Older Americans Act (like Meals on Wheels, homemaker, or the National Caregiver Family Support Programs) that you can now get through CHOICES, you'll get the care you need through CHOICES.

If you want home care, the Care Coordinator will also assess risk. This will help to identify any additional risks you may face as a result of choosing to receive care at home. It will also help to identify ways to help reduce those risks and to help keep you safe and healthy.

To see if you qualify to enroll in CHOICES, call us at 1-800-332-5762, TTY 711.

Does someone you know that isn't on TennCare want to apply for CHOICES? They should contact their local Area Agency on Aging and Disability (AAAD) for free at 866-836-6678. Their local AAAD will help them find out if they qualify for TennCare and CHOICES.

E2. Who can qualify to enroll in CHOICES?

There are (3) groups of people who can qualify to enroll in CHOICES.

CHOICES Group 1 is for people of all ages who receive nursing home care.

To be in CHOICES Group 1, you must:

- Need the level of care provided in a nursing home
- and qualify for Medicaid long-term services and supports
- and receive nursing home services that TennCare pays for.

TennCare Long-Term Services and Supports will decide if you need the level of care provided in a nursing home. TennCare Member Services will decide if you qualify for Medicaid long-term services and supports. We'll help you fill out the papers TennCare needs to decide. What if TennCare says yes? If you're receiving nursing home services that TennCare will pay for, TennCare will enroll you into CHOICES Group 1. If TennCare says you don't qualify, you'll get a letter that says why. It will say how to appeal if you think it's a mistake.

CHOICES Group 2 is for certain people who qualify for nursing home care but choose to receive home care instead. To be in CHOICES Group 2, you must:

- Need the level of care provided in a nursing home
- and qualify for Medicaid long-term services and supports because you receive SSI
 payments OR because you will need and will receive home care services instead of
 nursing home care
- and be an adult 65 years of age or older
- **or** be an adult 21 years of age or older with a physical disability.

If you need home care services but don't qualify in one of these groups, you can't be in CHOICES Group 2, but you may qualify for other kinds of long-term services and supports.

TennCare Long-Term Services and Supports will decide if you need the level of care provided in a nursing home. TennCare Member Services will decide if you qualify for Medicaid long-term services and supports for one of the reasons listed above. We'll help you fill out the papers they need to decide. If TennCare says yes, to enroll in CHOICES Group 2 and begin receiving home care services:

We must be able to safely meet your needs at home.

And the cost of your home care can't be more than the cost of nursing home care. The
cost of your home care includes any home health or private duty nursing care you may
need.

If we can't safely meet your needs at home, or if your care would cost more than nursing home care, you can't be in CHOICES Group 2. But you may qualify for other kinds of long-term services and supports.

If TennCare says you don't qualify, you'll get a letter that says why. It will say how to appeal if you think it's a mistake.

CHOICES Group 3 is for certain people who don't qualify for nursing home care but need home care to help them stay at home safely.

To be in CHOICES Group 3, you must:

- Be "at risk" of going into a nursing home unless you receive home care
- and qualify for Medicaid long-term services and supports because you receive SSI payments OR because you will receive home care services instead of nursing home care¹
- and be an adult 65 years of age or older
- or be an adult 21 years of age or older with a physical disability.

TennCare Long-Term Services and Supports will decide if you are "at risk" of going into a nursing home. TennCare Member Services will decide if you qualify for Medicaid long-term services and supports for one of the reasons listed above. We'll help you fill out the papers they need to decide.

If TennCare says yes, to enroll in CHOICES Group 3 and begin receiving home care services:

- We must be able to safely meet your needs at home with the care you'd get in CHOICES Group 3.
- If we can't safely meet your needs with the care that you'd get in CHOICES Group 3, you can't be in CHOICES Group 3. But TennCare may decide that you qualify for other kinds of long-term services and supports, including nursing home care.

¹ Effective October 1, 2022, 1,750 slots will be funded for people who do not receive SSI payments but meet the Group 3 medical eligibility rules AND qualify for Medicaid long-term services and supports because they will need and receive home care services

E3. Limits on Enrollment into CHOICES Group 2 and 3

Not everyone who qualifies to enroll in CHOICES Group 2 or Group 3 may be able to enroll. There is an enrollment target for CHOICES Group 2 and Group 3. It's like a limit on the number of people who can be in the group at one time. (The number of people who can enroll is sometimes called "slots".) This helps to ensure that the program doesn't grow faster than the State's money to pay for home care. It also helps to ensure that there are enough home care providers to deliver needed services.

The enrollment target for the number of slots that can be filled in CHOICES Group 2 and Group 3 will be set by the state in TennCare Rules.

For CHOICES Group 2 it doesn't apply to people moving out of a nursing home. And, it may not apply to some people who are on TennCare that would have to go into a nursing home right away if less costly home care isn't available. We must decide if you would go into a nursing home right away and provide proof to TennCare. And we must show TennCare that there are home care providers ready to start giving you care at home.

Some slots will be held back (or reserved) for emergencies. This includes things like when a person is leaving the hospital and will be admitted to a nursing home if home care isn't available. Reserved slots won't be used until all the other slots have been filled. The number of reserved slots and the guidelines to qualify in one of those slots is in TennCare Rules. If the only slots left are reserved, you'll have to meet the guidelines for reserved slots to enroll in CHOICES Group 2 or Group 3.

If you don't meet the guidelines for reserved slots or there are no slots available and you qualify to enroll in CHOICES Group 2 or Group 3, your name will be placed on a waiting list. Or, if you meet the guidelines for CHOICES Group 2, you can choose to enroll in CHOICES Group 1 and receive nursing home care. There is no limit on the number of people that can be enrolled in Group 1 and go into a nursing home. (But you don't have to receive nursing home care unless you want to. You can wait for home care instead.)

People enrolled in CHOICES Group 2 above the enrollment target must get the first slots that open up. (These are people who have moved out of nursing homes or people already on TennCare and would have gone into a nursing home right away if less costly home care wasn't available.)

When everyone in CHOICES Group 2 is under the enrollment target and there are still slots available, TennCare can enroll from the waiting list based on need.

E4. Receiving Services in the CHOICES Program

The covered long-term services and supports you can receive in CHOICES depend on the CHOICES Group you're enrolled in. If you enroll in CHOICES, TennCare will tell you which CHOICES Group you're in. **There are three (3) CHOICES Groups.**

People in **CHOICES** Group 1 receive nursing home care.

People in CHOICES Group 2 need the level of care provided in a nursing home but receive home care (or HCBS) instead of nursing home care. Everyone in CHOICES Group 2 has an individual cost neutrality cap which is usually related to the average cost of nursing home care. This amount is updated every year.

People in **CHOICES Group 3** receive home care (or HCBS) to prevent or delay the need for nursing home care. There is an \$19,764 per year limit on services in CHOICES Group 3.

The kinds of home care covered in CHOICES Group 2 and Group 3 are included below. Some of these services have limits. This means that TennCare will pay for only a certain amount of these services. The kind and amount of care you get in CHOICES depends on your needs.

These services include:

Personal care visits (2580 hours per calendar year.) - Someone will help you with personal care needs and support in the home, on the job, or in the community. Do you need this kind of personal care? If you do, the worker giving your personal care visits can also help with household chores like fixing meals, cleaning, or laundry. And they can run errands like grocery shopping or picking up your medicine.

 They can only help with those things for you, not for other family members who aren't in CHOICES. And they can only do those things if there's no one else that can do them for you.

Home-delivered meals (1 meal per day).

Personal Emergency Response System - A call button so you can get help in an emergency when your caregiver is not around.

Adult day care (2,080 hours per calendar year) - A place that provides supervised care and activities during the day.

In-home respite care (216 hours per calendar year) - Someone to come and stay with you in your home for a short time so your caregiver can get some rest.

In-patient respite care (9 days per calendar year) – A short stay in a nursing home or assisted care living facility so your caregiver can get some rest.

Assistive technology (\$900 per calendar year) – Certain low-cost items or devices that help you do things easier or safer in your home like grabbers to reach things.

Minor home modifications (\$6,000 per project; \$10,000 per calendar year; and \$20,000 per lifetime) – Certain changes to your home that will help you get around easier and safer in your home like grab bars or a wheelchair ramp.

Pest control (9 units per calendar year) - Spraying your home for bugs or mice.

Assisted Care Living Facility - A place you live that helps with personal care needs, homemaker services and taking your medicine. You must pay for your room and board.

Critical Adult Care Home – A home where you and no more than 4 other people live with a health care professional that takes care of special health and long-term care needs. (Under state law, available only for people who are ventilator dependent or who have traumatic brain injury. You must pay for your room and board.) Critical Adult Care Homes are available for Group 2 members ONLY.

Companion Care – Someone you hire who lives with you in your home to help with personal care or light housekeeping whenever you need it. (Available only for people in Consumer Direction who are in Group 2 and who need care off and on during the day and night that can't be provided by unpaid caregivers. And only when it costs no more than other kinds of home care that would meet your needs.)

Community Living Supports (CLS) – A shared home or apartment where you and no more than 3 other people live. The level of support provided depends on your needs and can include hands-on assistance, supervision, transportation and other supports needed to remain in the community.

Community Living Supports – Family Model (CLS-FM) – A shared home or apartment where you and no more than 3 other people live with a trained host family. The level of support provided depends on your needs and can include hands-on assistance, supervision, transportation and other supports needed to remain in the community.

Employment Services – Employment services are designed to meet you where you are in your career path and provide the appropriate services to assist you in meeting your desired employment goals.

 Your Care Coordinator can assist you in identifying what service may be the right fit based on where you are in your journey and what you want to accomplish.

Community Transportation – Helps you get to work or to other places in the community when public transportation isn't available, and you don't have any other way to get there

Enabling technology is a new service (\$5,000 per calendar year and is available through March 31, 2025)— Enabling technology is the use of various forms of devices and technology to support independent living such as sensors, mobile applications, remote support systems and other smart devices. Enabling Technology can support a person in navigating their jobs and communities, gain more control of their environment, and provide remote support and reminders to assist a person in independent living.

Coverage decisions for Long-Term Services and Supports

Sometimes you may have to ask us if we cover your medical care or behavioral health (mental health or substance use disorder) services before you receive them even if a doctor says you need the services. This is called a coverage decision. Please review **Chapter 9** for more information on what to do, if this occurs.

Using Long-Term Services and Supports Providers Who Work with BlueCare Plus Choice

Just like health care and behavioral health services, you must use providers who work with us for most long-term services and supports. You can find the *Provider Directory* online at <u>bluecareplus.bcbst.com</u>. Or call us at <phone> to get a list. Providers may have signed up or dropped out after the list was printed. But the online Provider Directory is updated every week. You can also call us at 1-800-332-5762, TTY 711 to find out if a provider is in our network.

In most cases, you must receive services from a long-term services and supports provider on this list so that TennCare will pay for your long-term services and supports. However, there are times when TennCare will pay for you to get care from a long-term services and supports provider who does not usually work with us. But, we must first say that it is OK to use a long-term services and supports provider who does not usually work with our plan.

F. Behavioral health (mental health and substance use disorder) services

You do **not** need to see your PCP before getting behavioral health services. But, you will need to get your care from someone who is in our network.

A Community Mental Health Agency (CMHA) is one place you can go for mental health or substance use disorder services. Most CMHAs take TennCare.

G. How to get consumer directed care

G1. What consumer directed care is

Consumer Direction is a way of getting some of the kinds of home care you need. It offers more choice and control over **who** gives your home care and **how** your care is given. In CHOICES, the services available through Consumer Direction are:

- personal care visits;
- in-home respite; and
- companion care (Only if you qualify for and are enrolled in CHOICES Group 2)
- community transportation

G2. Who can get consumer directed care (for example, if it is limited to waiver populations)

In Consumer Direction, you actually employ the people who give some of your home care services—they work **for you** (instead of a provider). You must be able to do the things that an employer would do. These include things like:

- 1. Hiring and training your workers
 - Find, interview and hire workers to provide care for you.
 - Define workers' job duties.
 - Develop a job description for your workers.
 - Train workers to deliver your care based on your needs and preferences.

2. Setting and managing your workers' schedule

- Set the schedule at which your workers will give your care.
- Make sure your workers clock in and out using an Electronic Visit Verification (EVV) system every time they work.
- Make sure your workers provide *only* as much care as you are approved to receive.
- Make sure that no hourly worker gives you more than 40 hours of care in a week.

3. Supervising your workers

- Supervise your workers.
- Evaluate your workers' job performance.
- Address problems or concerns with your workers' performance.
- Fire a worker when needed.
- 4. Overseeing workers' pay and service notes
 - Decide how much your workers will be paid (within limits set by the state).
 - Review the time your workers report to be sure it's right.
 - Ensure there are good notes kept in your home about the care your workers provide.
- 5. Having and using a back-up plan when needed
 - Develop a back-up plan to address times that a scheduled worker doesn't show up (you can't decide to just go without services).
 - Activate the back-up plan when needed.

G3. How to get help in employing personal care providers (if applicable)

If you can't do some or all of these things? Then you can choose a family member, friend, or someone close to you to do these things for you. It's called a "Representative for Consumer Direction." It's important that you pick someone who knows you very well that you can depend on. To be your Representative for Consumer Direction, the person must:

- Be at least 18 years of age.
- This section is continued on the next page

- Know you very well.
- Understand the kinds of care you need and how you want care to be given.
- Know your schedule and routine.
- Know your health care needs and the medicine you take.
- Be willing and able to do all of the things that are required to be in Consumer Direction.
- Live with you in your home or be present in your home often enough to supervise staff.
 This usually means at least part of every worker's shift. But it may be less as long as it's enough to be sure you're getting the quality of care you need.
- Be willing to sign a Representative Agreement, saying they agree to do these things.

Your Representative cannot get paid for doing these things.

You or your Representative will have help doing some of the things you must do as an employer. The help will be provided by a Fiscal Employer Agent (also called FEA). There are 2 kinds of help you will receive:

- 1. The FEA will help you and your workers fill out all of the paperwork that you must complete. They will pay your workers for the care they give. And, they will fill out and file the payroll tax forms that you must fill out as an employer.
- 2. The FEA will hire or contract with a Supports Broker for you. A Supports Broker is a person who will help you with the other kinds of things you must do as an employer. These are things like:
- Writing job descriptions;
- Helping you and your workers with paperwork and training
- Scheduling workers based on your support plan; and
- Developing an initial back-up plan to address times when a scheduled worker doesn't show up.

But, your Supports Broker can't help you supervise your workers. You or your Representative must be able to do that by yourself.

The kind and amount of care you'll get depends on what you need. Those services are listed in your



support plan. You won't be able to get more services by choosing to be in Consumer Direction. You can

only get the services you need that are listed in your support plan.

You can choose to get some of these services through Consumer Direction **and** get some home care from providers that work with your TennCare health plan. But, you must use providers that work with BlueCare for care that you can't get through Consumer Direction.

Can you pay a family member or friend to provide care in Consumer Direction? Yes, you can pay a family member, but you cannot:

- Pay your spouse to provide care;
- Pay someone who lives with you to provide Personal Care, or
- In-home Respite services;
- Pay an immediate family member to provide Companion Care. An immediate family member is a spouse, parent, grandparent, child, grandchild, sibling, mother-in-law, father-in-law, sister-in-law, brother-in-law, daughter-in-law, and son-in-law. Adopted and step members are included in this definition;
- Pay someone who lives with you now or in the last 5 years to provide Companion Care.

And, CHOICES can't pay family members or others to provide care they would have given for free. CHOICES only pays for care to meet needs that **can't** be met by family members or others who help you. The services you need are listed in your support plan.

If you're in CHOICES and need services that can be consumer directed your Care Coordinator will talk with you about Consumer Direction. If you want to be in Consumer Direction, your Care Coordinator will work with you to decide which of the services you will direct and start the process to enroll you in Consumer Direction. Until Consumer Direction is set up, you will get the services that are in your support plan from a provider who works with plan>, unless you choose to wait for your Consumer Directed workers to start. If you choose to wait for your Consumer Directed workers to start, you must have supports in place to give you the care you need.

You can decide to be in Consumer Direction at any time. If you are directing one or more services and decide **not** to be in Consumer Direction anymore, you will not stop getting long-term services and supports. You will still be in CHOICES. You'll get the services you need from a provider who works with <plan> instead.

H. Transportation services

If you don't have a way to get to your health care visits, you may be able to get a ride from TennCare.

You can get help with a ride:

- Only for services covered by TennCare, and
- Only if you don't have any other way to get there.

You can have someone ride with you to your appointment if:

- You are a child under the age of 21 or
- You have a disability or need help to get the service (like someone to open doors for you, push your wheelchair, help you with reading or decision making).

Try to call **at least 72 hours before** your health care appointment to make sure that you can get a ride. If you change times or cancel your health care appointment, you must change or cancel your ride too.

If you don't have a way to get to your health care visits, you may be able to get a ride from TennCare. TennCare (Medicaid) provides transportation for unlimited plan-approved non-emergent medical appointments within 90 miles from pick-up location. To schedule a pick-up, please call 1-855-681-5032 (TTY/TDD: 711), 24/7. Request for pick-up should be made at least 3 days in advance of the appointment.

If you need a ride to your appointment or have questions about having someone ride with you, call us at 1-800-332-5762, TTY 711.

I. Covered services in a medical emergency, when urgently needed, or during a disaster

I1. Care in a medical emergency

A medical emergency is a medical condition with symptoms such as severe pain or serious injury. The condition is so serious that, if it doesn't get immediate medical attention, you or anyone with an average knowledge of health and medicine could expect it to result in:

 serious risk to your health and, if you are a pregnant woman, loss of an unborn child or to that of your unborn child; or

- serious harm to bodily functions; or
- serious dysfunction of any bodily organ or part; or
- In the case of a pregnant woman in active labor, when:
 - o There is not enough time to safely transfer you to another hospital before delivery.
 - A transfer to another hospital may pose a threat to your health or safety or to that of your unborn child.

If you have a medical emergency:

- Get help as fast as possible. Call 911 or use the nearest emergency room or hospital.
 Call for an ambulance if you need it. You do not need approval or a referral from your PCP. You do not need to use a network provider. You may get emergency medical care whenever you need it, anywhere in the U.S. or its territories from any provider with an appropriate state license.
- As soon as possible, tell BlueCare Plus Choice about your emergency. We follow
 up on your emergency care. You or someone else should call to tell us about your
 emergency care, usually within 48 hours. However, you won't pay for emergency
 services if you delay telling us. The Member Service number is located on the back of
 this booklet. The Member Service number can also be found on the back of your
 member ID card.

Covered services in a medical emergency

If you need an ambulance to get to the emergency room, our plan covers that. We also cover medical services during the emergency. To learn more, refer to the Benefits Chart in **Chapter 4** of your *Evidence of Coverage*.

The providers who give you emergency care decide when your condition is stable and the medical emergency is over. They will continue to treat you and will contact us to make plans if you need follow-up care to get better.

Our plan covers your follow-up care. If you get your emergency care from out-of-network providers, we will try to get network providers to take over your care as soon as possible.

Getting emergency care if it wasn't an emergency

Sometimes it can be hard to know if you have a medical or behavioral health emergency. You may go in for emergency care and the doctor says it wasn't really an emergency. As long as you



reasonably thought your health was in serious danger, we cover your care.

After the doctor says it wasn't an emergency, we cover your additional care only if:

- You use a network provider or
- The additional care you get is considered "urgently needed care" and you follow the rules for getting it. Refer to the next section.

12. Urgently needed care

Urgently needed care is care you get for a situation that isn't an emergency but needs care right away. For example, you might have a flare-up of an existing condition or an unforeseen illness or injury.

Urgently needed care in our plan's service area

In most cases, we cover urgently needed care only if:

- You get this care from a network provider and
- You follow the rules described in this chapter.

If it is not possible or reasonable to get to a network provider, given your time, place or circumstances we cover urgently needed care you get from an out-of-network provider.

BlueCare Plus Choice provides access to a 24-hour nurse hotline to all members. The nurse hotline phone number is 1-888-747-8951,TTY 711. BlueCare Plus Choice has urgent care centers in our provider network that can provide urgently needed services.

Urgently needed care outside our plan's service area

When you're outside our plan's service area, you may not be able to get care from a network provider. In that case, our plan covers urgently needed care you get from any provider.

Show your BlueCare Plus Choice member ID card when you get the urgently needed care. Ask the provider to send the bill to Blue Care Plus Choice. If the provider says no, ask if they will send the bill to you at home. Or if you have to pay for the care, get a receipt.

When you get home, call us and tell us you had to pay for your health care or that you have a bill for it. We will work with you and the provider to put in a claim for your care.

IMPORTANTS: TennCare and BlueCare Plus Choice will only pay for emergencies away from home that are inside the United States. We can't pay for care you get out of the country.

13. Care during a disaster

If the governor of your state, the U.S. Secretary of Health and Human Services, or the president of the United States declares a state of disaster or emergency in your geographic area, you are still entitled to care from our plan.

Visit our website for information on how to get care you need during a declared disaster: bluecareplus.bcbst.com.

During a declared disaster, if you can't use a network provider, you can get care from out-of-network providers at the in-network cost-sharing rate If you can't use a network pharmacy during a declared disaster, you can fill your prescription drugs at an out-of-network pharmacy. Refer to **Chapter 5** of your *Evidence of Coverage* for more information.

J. What to do if you are billed directly for services our plan covers

We can't reimburse you directly for a Medicaid service or item. If you get a bill for Medicaid-covered services and items, send the bill to us. You should not pay the bill yourself. We will contact the provider directly and take care of the problem. But if you do pay the bill, you can get a refund from that health care provider if you followed the rules for getting the service or item

If you send us the paperwork asking for reimbursement, you are asking for a coverage decision. We can't reimburse you directly for a Medicaid service or item. If you get a bill for Medicaid covered services and items, send the bill to us. You should not pay the bill yourself. We will contact the health care provider directly and take care of the problem. But if you do pay the bill, you can get a refund from that health care provider if you followed the rules for getting services or items

If a provider sends you a bill instead of sending it to our plan, you should ask us to pay our share of the bill.

You should not pay the bill yourself. If you do, we may not be able to pay you back.

If you paid for your covered services **or** If you paid more than your plan cost-sharing for covered services or if you got a bill for the full cost of covered medical services, refer to **Chapter 7** of your *Evidence of Coverage* to find out what to do.

J1. What to do if our plan does not cover services

You will not have to pay for services that are covered by Medicaid. If you choose to pay out of pocket for a covered service, you will NOT be reimbursed. Our plan covers all services:

- that are determined medically necessary, and
- that are listed in our plan's Benefits Chart (refer to Chapter 4 of your Evidence of Coverage), and
- that you get by following plan rules.

If you get services that our plan does not cover, you pay the full cost yourself.

If you want to know if we pay for any medical service or care, you have the right to ask us. You also have the right to ask for this in writing. If we say we will not pay for your services, you have the right to appeal our decision.

Chapter 9 of your *Evidence of Coverage* explains what to do if you want us to cover a medical service or item. It also tells you how to appeal our coverage decision. Call Member Services to learn more about your appeal rights.

We pay for some services up to a certain limit. If you go over the limit, you pay the full cost to get more of that type of service. Refer to **Chapter 4** of your *Evidence of Coverage* for specific benefit limits. Call Member Services to find out what the benefit limits are and how much of your benefits you've used.

K. Coverage of health care services in a clinical research study

K1. Definition of a clinical research study

A clinical research study (also called a clinical trial) is a way doctors test new types of health care or drugs. A clinical research study approved by Medicare typically asks for volunteers to be in the study.

Once Medicare approves a study you want to be in, and you express interest, someone who works on the study contacts you. That person tells you about the study and finds out if you qualify to be in it. You can be in the study as long as you meet the required conditions. You must understand and accept what you must do in the study.

While you're in the study, you may stay enrolled in our plan. That way, our plan continues to cover you for services and care not related to the study.

If you want to take part in any Medicare-approved clinical research study, you do not need to tell us or get approval from us or your primary care provider. Providers that give you care as part of the study do



not need to be network providers. Please note that this does not include benefits for which our plan is responsible that include, as a component, a clinical trial or registry to assess the benefit. These include certain benefits specified under national coverage determinations requiring coverage with evidence development (NCDs-CED) and investigational device exemption (IDE) studies and may be subject to a coverage decision and other plan rules.

We encourage you to tell us before you take part in a clinical research study.

If you plan to be in a clinical research study, covered for enrollees by Original Medicare, we encourage you or your care coordinator to contact Member Services to let us know you will take part in a clinical trial.

K2. Payment for services when you are in a clinical research study

If you volunteer for a clinical research study that Medicare approves, you pay nothing for the services covered under the study. Medicare pays for services covered under the study as well as routine costs associated with your care. Once you join a Medicare-approved clinical research study, you're covered for most services and items you get as part of the study. This includes:

- room and board for a hospital stay that Medicare would pay for even if you weren't in a study
- an operation or other medical procedure that is part of the research study
- treatment of any side effects and complications of the new care

If you're part of a study that Medicare has **not** approved, you pay any costs for being in the study.

K3. More about clinical research studies

You can learn more about joining a clinical research study by reading "Medicare & Clinical Research Studies" on the Medicare website (www.medicare.gov/Pubs/pdf/02226-Medicare-and-Clinical-Research-Studies.pdf). You can also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

L. How your health care services are covered in a religious non-medical health care institution

Sometimes your provider can't give you the care or treatment you need because of their conscience/ethical/moral or religious reasons. Call us at Member Service 1-800-332-5762, TTY 711. We can help you find a provider who can give you the care or treatment you need.

L1. Definition of a religious non-medical health care institution

A religious non-medical health care institution is a place that provides care you would normally get in a hospital or skilled nursing facility. If getting care in a hospital or a skilled nursing facility is against your religious beliefs, we cover care in a religious non-medical health care institution.

This benefit is only for Medicare Part A inpatient services (non-medical health care services).

L2. Care from a religious non-medical health care institution

To get care from a religious non-medical health care institution, you must sign a legal document that says you are against getting medical treatment that is "non-excepted."

- "Non-excepted" medical treatment is any care that is voluntary and not required by any federal, state, or local law.
- "Excepted" medical treatment is any care that is not voluntary and is required under federal, state, or local law.

To be covered by our plan, the care you get from a religious non-medical health care institution must meet the following conditions:

- The facility providing the care must be certified by Medicare.
- Our plan's coverage of services is limited to non-religious aspects of care.
- If you get services from this institution that are provided to you in a facility:
 - You must have a medical condition that would allow you to get covered services for inpatient hospital care or skilled nursing facility care.
 - You must get approval from us before you are admitted to the facility, or your stay will **not** be covered.

If you use inpatient services at a religious non-medical health care institution, Medicare Inpatient Hospital coverage limits will apply. Please reference the benefits chart in **Chapter 4** of your *Evidence of Coverage*.

M. Durable medical equipment (DME)

M1. DME as a member of our plan

DME includes certain medically necessary items ordered by a provider, such as wheelchairs, crutches, powered mattress systems, diabetic supplies, hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home, intravenous (IV) infusion pumps, speech generating devices, oxygen equipment and supplies, nebulizers, and walkers.

You always own certain items, such as prosthetics.

In this section, we discuss DME you rent. As a member of our plan, you usually will **not** own DME, no matter how long you rent it.

In Original Medicare, people who rent certain types of DME own the equipment after paying copayments for the item for 13 months. As a member of BlueCare Plus Choice, however, you will own certain types of rental DME after paying for the item for 10 months. These items must be ordered by a healthcare provider and must meet CMS medical necessity criteria. Some examples of rented items are CPAP machines, manual wheelchairs and hospital beds. However, oxygen equipment is rented for 36 months; oxygen itself is always rented. Some items such as orthotics and prosthetics, power wheelchairs and bone growth stimulators are purchased initially and not rented. These are just a few examples, not an all-inclusive list. Call Member Service (phone numbers are printed on the back cover of this booklet) to find out about the requirements you must meet and the documentation you need to provide

Even if you had DME for up to 12 months in a row under Medicare before you joined our plan, you will not own the equipment.

M2. DME ownership if you switch to Original Medicare

In the Original Medicare program, people who rent certain types of DME own it after 13 months. In a Medicare Advantage (MA) plan, the plan can set the number of months people must rent certain types of DME before they own it.

Note: You can find definitions of Original Medicare and MA Plans in **Chapter 12** of your *Evidence of Coverage*. You can also find more information about them in the *Medicare & You* handbook. If you don't have a copy of this booklet, you can get it at the Medicare website (www.medicare.gov/medicareand-you) or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

You will have to make 13 payments in a row under Original Medicare, or you will have to make the number of payments in a row set by the MA plan, to own the DME item if:

- you did not become the owner of the DME item while you were in our plan, and
- you leave our plan and get your Medicare benefits outside of any health plan in the Original Medicare program or an MA plan.

This section is continued on the next page

If you made payments for the DME item under Original Medicare or an MA plan before you joined our plan, those Original Medicare or MA plan payments do not count toward the payments you need to make after leaving our plan.

- You will have to make 13 new payments in a row under Original Medicare or a number of new payments in a row set by the MA plan to own the DME item.
- There are no exceptions to this when you return to Original Medicare or an MA plan

M3. Oxygen equipment benefits as a member of our plan

If you qualify for oxygen equipment covered by Medicare and you're a member of our plan, we cover:

- rental of oxygen equipment
- delivery of oxygen and oxygen contents
- tubing and related accessories for the delivery of oxygen and oxygen contents
- maintenance and repairs of oxygen equipment

Oxygen equipment must be returned when it's no longer medically necessary for you or if you leave our plan.

M4. Oxygen equipment when you switch to Original Medicare or another Medicare Advantage (MA) plan

When oxygen equipment is medically necessary and **you leave our plan and switch to Original Medicare**, you rent it from a supplier for 36 months. Your monthly rental payments cover the oxygen equipment and the supplies and services listed above.

If oxygen equipment is medically necessary **after you rent it for 36 months**, your supplier must provide:

- oxygen equipment, supplies, and services for another 24 months
- oxygen equipment and supplies for up to 5 years if medically necessary

If oxygen equipment is still medically necessary at the end of the 5-year period:

- Your supplier no longer has to provide it, and you may choose to get replacement equipment from any supplier.
- A new 5-year period begins.
- You rent from a supplier for 36 months.
- Your supplier then provides the oxygen equipment, supplies, and services for another 24 months.
- A new cycle begins every 5 years as long as oxygen equipment is medically necessary.

When oxygen equipment is medically necessary and **you leave our plan and switch to another MA plan**, the plan will cover at least what Original Medicare covers. You can ask your new MA plan what oxygen equipment and supplies it covers and what your costs will be.

Chapter 4: Benefits chart

Introduction

This chapter tells you about the services our plan covers and any restrictions or limits on those services and how much you pay for each service. It also tells you about benefits not covered under our plan. Key terms and their definitions appear in alphabetical order in the last chapter of your *Evidence of Coverage*.

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A. Your covered services and your out-of-pocket cost

This chapter tells you about services our plan covers and how much you pay for each service. You can also learn about services that are not covered. Information about drug benefits is in **Chapter 5** of your *Evidence of Coverage*. This chapter also explains limits on some services.

For some services, you are charged an out-of-pocket cost called a copay. This is a fixed amount (for example, \$5) you pay each time you get that service. You pay the copay at the time you get the medical service

If you need help understanding what services are covered, call Member Service at 1-800-332-5762, TTY 711.

B. Rules against providers charging you for services

We don't allow our providers to bill you for in network covered services. We pay our providers directly, and we protect you from any charges. This is true even if we pay the provider less than the provider charges for a service.

You should never get a bill from a provider for covered services. If you do, refer to Chapter 7 of your *Evidence of Coverage* or call Member Services.

C. About our plan's Benefits Chart

The Benefits Chart tells you the services our plan pays for. It lists covered services in alphabetical order and explains them.

We pay for the services listed in the Benefits Chart when the following rules are met.

- We provide covered Medicare and TennCare covered services according to the rules set by Medicare and TennCare.
- The services (including medical care, behavioral health and substance use services, long-term services and supports, supplies, equipment, and drugs) must be "medically necessary." Medically necessary describes services, supplies, or drugs you need to prevent, diagnose, or treat a medical condition or to maintain your current health status. This includes care that keeps you from going into a hospital or nursing facility. It also means the services, supplies, or drugs meet accepted standards of medical practice.

- For new enrollees, the plan must provide a minimum 90-day transition period, during
 which time the new MA plan may not require prior authorization for any active course of
 treatment, even if the course of treatment was for a service that began with an out-ofnetwork provider.
- You get your care from a network provider. A network provider is a provider who works
 with us. In most cases, care you receive from an out-of-network provider will not be
 covered unless it is an emergency or urgently needed care or unless your plan or a
 network provider has given you a referral. Chapter 3 of your Evidence of Coverage has
 more information about using network and out-of-network providers.
- You have a primary care provider (PCP) or a care team that is providing and managing your care.
- We cover some services listed in the Benefits Chart only if your doctor or other network provider gets our approval first. This is called prior authorization (PA). We mark covered services in the Benefits Chart that need PA with an asterisk (*).
- If your plan provides approval of a PA request for a course of treatment, the approval must be valid for as long as medically reasonable and necessary.

All preventive services are free. You will find this apple next to preventive services in the Benefits Chart.

D. Our plan's Benefits Chart

| Se | rvices that our plan pays for | What you must pay |
|----------|---|---|
| ~ | Abdominal aortic aneurysm screening We pay for a one-time ultrasound screening for people at risk. The plan only covers this screening if you have certain risk factors and if you get a referral for it from your physician, physician assistant, nurse practitioner, or clinical nurse specialist. | In-Network: Medicare-covered You pay nothing for members eligible for this preventative screening |
| | Acupuncture(*) | In-Network: |
| | We pay for up to 12 acupuncture visits in 90 days if you have chronic low back pain, defined as: | Medicare-covered You pay nothing for covered |
| | lasting 12 weeks or longer; | acupuncture services |
| | This Benefit is continued on the next page | |

| Services that our plan pays for | What you must pay |
|---|--|
| Acupuncture(*) (Continued) not specific (having no systemic cause that identified, such as not associated with metal | |
| inflammatory, or infectious disease); • not associated with surgery; and | |
| not associated with pregnancy. | |
| In addition, we pay for an additional eight sessi acupuncture for chronic low back pain if you sh improvement. You may not get more than 20 acupuncture treatments for chronic low back payear. | ow |
| Acupuncture treatments must be stopped if you better or if you get worse. | ı don't get |
| Alcohol misuse screening and counseling | In-Network: |
| We pay for one alcohol-misuse screening for a misuse alcohol but are not alcohol dependent. includes pregnant women. | |
| If you screen positive for alcohol misuse, you ce four brief, face-to-face counseling sessions each you are able and alert during counseling) with a primary care provider (PCP) or practitioner in a care setting. | an get up to reduce alcohol misuse preventive benefit. |
| Ambulance services* | Medicare-Covered |
| Covered ambulance services, whether for an e or non-emergency situation, include ground and (airplane and helicopter), and ambulance service ambulance will take you to the nearest place the give you care. | d air ambulance services ces. The |
| Your condition must be serious enough that oth of getting to a place of care could risk your hea | · I |
| This Benefit is continued on the nex | t page |

| Services that our plan pays for | | What you must pay |
|---------------------------------|---|---|
| | Ambulance services* (Continued) Ambulance services for other cases (non-emergent) must be approved by us. In cases that are not emergencies, we may pay for an ambulance. Your condition must be serious enough that other ways of getting to a place of care could risk your life or health. Note: All prior authorized non-emergency medical transportation/ ambulance transport should be scheduled through Verida. You may contact Verida by calling 1-855-681-5032. Services may include the following: transport from home to your doctor's office for routine visits, transport from home to a Medicarecertified dialysis facility for prescribed hemodialysis, or transport beyond the closest appropriate facility when transferring between facilities or levels of care. | |
| * | Annual wellness visit You can get an annual checkup. This is to make or update a prevention plan based on your current risk factors. We pay for this once every 12 months. Note: Your first annual wellness visit can't take place within 12 months of your Welcome to Medicare visit. However, you don't need to have had a Welcome to Medicare visit to get annual wellness visits after you've had Part B for 12 months | In-Network: Medicare-covered You pay nothing for the covered annual wellness visit. |
| * | Bone mass measurement We pay for certain procedures for members who qualify (usually, someone at risk of losing bone mass or at risk of osteoporosis). These procedures identify bone mass, find bone loss, or find out bone quality. We pay for the services once every 24 months, or more often if medically necessary. We also pay for a doctor to look at and comment on the results. | In-Network: Medicare-covered You pay nothing for covered bone mass measurement. |

| vices that our plan pays for | What you must pay |
|---|--|
| Breast cancer screening (mammograms) | In-Network: |
| We pay for the following services: | Medicare-covered |
| one baseline mammogram between the ages of 35 and 39 | You pay nothing for covered breast cancer screenings (mammograms). |
| one screening mammogram every 12 months for women age 40 and over | |
| clinical breast exams once every 24 months | |
| | |
| Cardiac (heart) rehabilitation services | In-Network: |
| We pay for cardiac rehabilitation services such as exercise, education, and counseling. Members must meet certain conditions and have a doctor's order. | Medicare-covered |
| | You pay nothing for covered cardiac rehabilitation services |
| We also cover intensive cardiac rehabilitation programs, which are more intense than cardiac rehabilitation programs. | |
| These services are limited to 2 one-hour sessions per day for 36 sessions per service per year. | |
| Cardiovascular (heart) disease risk reduction visit | In-Network: |
| , | Medicare-covered |
| with your primary care provider (PCP) to help lower your risk for heart disease. During the visit, your doctor may: | You pay nothing for covered cardiovascular disease preventive benefit. |
| • discuss aspirin use, | |
| • check your blood pressure, and/or | |
| give you tips to make sure you are eating well. | |
| | We pay for the following services: one baseline mammogram between the ages of 35 and 39 one screening mammogram every 12 months for women age 40 and over clinical breast exams once every 24 months Cardiac (heart) rehabilitation services We pay for cardiac rehabilitation services such as exercise, education, and counseling. Members must meet certain conditions and have a doctor's order. We also cover intensive cardiac rehabilitation programs, which are more intense than cardiac rehabilitation programs. These services are limited to 2 one-hour sessions per day for 36 sessions per service per year. Cardiovascular (heart) disease risk reduction visit (therapy for heart disease) We pay for one visit a year, or more if medically necessary, with your primary care provider (PCP) to help lower your risk for heart disease. During the visit, your doctor may: discuss aspirin use, check your blood pressure, and/or |

| Sei | vices that our plan pays for | What you must pay |
|----------|---|---|
| ~ | Cardiovascular (heart) disease testing | In-Network: |
| | We pay for blood tests to check for cardiovascular disease | Medicare-covered |
| | once every five years (60 months). These blood tests also check for defects due to high risk of heart disease. | You pay nothing for covered cardiovascular disease testing. |
| ~ | Cervical and vaginal cancer screening | In-Network: |
| | We pay for the following services: | Medicare-covered |
| | for all women: Pap tests and pelvic exams once every 24 months | You pay nothing for covered preventive Pap and pelvic exams. |
| | for women who are at high risk of cervical or vaginal cancer: one Pap test every 12 months | oxamo. |
| | for women who have had an abnormal Pap test within the last three years and are of childbearing age: one Pap test every 12 months | |
| | Chiropractic services | In-Network: |
| | We pay for the following services: | Medicare-covered |
| | adjustments of the spine to correct alignment | You pay nothing for covered |
| | Additionally, a limit of 20 supplemental routine visits per year for the relief of pain and neuromusculoskeletal disorders. | chiropractic services. |
| ~ | Colorectal cancer screening | In-Network: |
| | We pay for the following services: | Medicare-covered |
| | Colonoscopy has no minimum or maximum age limitation and is covered once every 120 months (10 years) for patients not at high risk, or 48 months after a previous flexible sigmoidoscopy for patients who are not at high risk for colorectal cancer, and once every 24 months for high-risk patients after a previous screening colonoscopy or barium enema. | You pay nothing for a covered colorectal cancer screening exam. |
| | This Benefit is continued on the next page | |

| Sei | vices that our plan pays for | What you must pay |
|----------|--|--|
| | Colorectal cancer screening (Continued) | |
| | Flexible sigmoidoscopy for patients 45 years and older. Once every 120 months for patients not at high | |
| | Risk after the patient received a screening colonoscopy. Once every 48 months for high risk patients from the last flexible sigmoidoscopy or barium enema. | |
| | Screening fecal-occult blood tests for patients 45 years and older. Once every 12 months. | |
| | Multitarget stool DNA for patients 45 to 85 years of age and not meeting high risk criteria. Once every 3 years. | |
| | Blood-based Biomarker Tests for patients 45 to 85 years of age and not meeting high risk criteria. Once every 3 years. | |
| | Barium Enema as an alternative to colonoscopy for patients at high risk and 24 months since the last screening barium enema or the last screening colonoscopy. | |
| | Barium Enema as an alternative to flexible sigmoidoscopy for patients not at high risk and 45 years or older. Once at least 48 months following the last screening barium enema or screening flexible sigmoidoscopy. | |
| | Colorectal cancer screening tests include a follow-on | |
| | screening colonoscopy after a Medicare covered non- | |
| | invasive stool-based colorectal cancer screening test | |
| | returns a positive result. | |
| ~ | Depression screening | In-Network: |
| _ | We pay for one depression screening each year. The | Medicare-covered |
| | screening must be done in a primary care setting that can give follow-up treatment and/or referrals. | You pay nothing for covered annual depression screening. |

Services that our plan pays for What you must pay In-Network: **Diabetes screening** We pay for this screening (includes fasting glucose tests) if Medicare-covered you have any of the following risk factors: You pay nothing for covered diabetes screening tests. high blood pressure (hypertension) history of abnormal cholesterol and triglyceride levels (dyslipidemia) obesity history of high blood sugar (glucose) Tests may be covered in some other cases, such as if you are overweight and have a family history of diabetes. You may qualify for up to two diabetes screenings every 12 months following the date of your most recent diabetes screening test. Diabetic self-management training, services, and In-Network: supplies* Medicare-covered We pay for the following services for all people who have diabetes (whether they use insulin or not): You pay nothing for covered diabetic self-management Supplies to monitor your blood glucose, including the training, services, and following: supplies. a blood glucose monitor (Note: This does not include blood glucose test strips continuous glucose monitor coverage which is described lancet devices and lancets under Durable medical o glucose-control solutions for checking the equipment (DME) and related accuracy of test strips and monitors supplies.) Diabetic testing supplies For people with diabetes who have severe diabetic covered under Part B: foot disease, we pay for the following: Ascencia's Contour and Johnson & Johnson's Lifescan OneTouch products are both preferred brands. All other This Benefit is continued on the next page products are covered only with a prior authorization. Approved

| Diabetic self-management training, services, and supplies* (Continued) o one pair of therapeutic custom-molded shoes (including inserts), including the fitting, and two extra pairs of inserts each calendar year, or o one pair of depth shoes, including the fitting, and three pairs of inserts each year (not including the non-customized removable inserts provided with such shoes) In some cases, we pay for training to help you manage your diabetes. To find out more, contact Member Service. The following diabetic testing supplies are limited to: Calibration Solution: 1 per 365 days Glucometer: 1 per 365 days Lancets: 600 per 90 days of Lancet Device: 1 per 365 days Test Strips: 300 per 90 days (100 per month) Talking monitors are covered for members with severe visual impairment with prior authorization. Diabetic supplies are only available through the pharmacy (rather than a DME supplier) Durable medical equipment (DME) and related supplies* Refer to Chapter 12 of your Evidence of Coverage for a definition of "Durable medical equipment (DME)." In-Network: Medicare-covered You pay nothing for covered Durable Medical Equipment | Services that our plan pays for | | What you must pay |
|--|---------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|
| shoes (including inserts), including the fitting, and two extra pairs of inserts each calendar year, or one pair of depth shoes, including the fitting, and three pairs of inserts each year (not including the non-customized removable inserts provided with such shoes) In some cases, we pay for training to help you manage your diabetes. To find out more, contact Member Service. The following diabetic testing supplies are limited to: Calibration Solution: 1 per 365 days Glucometer: 1 per 365 days Lancets: 600 per 90 days of Lancet Device: 1 per 365 days Test Strips: 300 per 90 days (100 per month) Talking monitors are covered for members with severe visual impairment with prior authorization. Diabetic supplies are only available through the pharmacy (rather than a DME supplier) Durable medical equipment (DME) and related supplies* Refer to Chapter 12 of your Evidence of Coverage for a definition of "Durable medical equipment (DME)." | | | |
| fitting, and three pairs of inserts each year (not including the non-customized removable inserts provided with such shoes) In some cases, we pay for training to help you manage your diabetes. To find out more, contact Member Service. The following diabetic testing supplies are limited to: Calibration Solution: 1 per 365 days Glucometer: 1 per 365 days Glucometer: 1 per 365 days Lancets: 600 per 90 days of Lancet Device: 1 per 365 days Test Strips: 300 per 90 days (100 per month) Talking monitors are covered for members with severe visual impairment with prior authorization. Diabetic supplies are only available through the pharmacy (rather than a DME supplier) Durable medical equipment (DME) and related supplies* Refer to Chapter 12 of your Evidence of Coverage for a definition of "Durable medical equipment (DME)." In-Network: Medicare-covered You pay nothing for covered Durable Medical Equipment | | shoes (including inserts), including the fitting, and two extra pairs of inserts each | |
| manage your diabetes. To find out more, contact Member Service. The following diabetic testing supplies are limited to: Calibration Solution: 1 per 365 days Glucometer: 1 per 365 days Lancets: 600 per 90 days of Lancet Device: 1 per 365 days Test Strips: 300 per 90 days (100 per month) Talking monitors are covered for members with severe visual impairment with prior authorization. Diabetic supplies are only available through the pharmacy (rather than a DME supplier) Durable medical equipment (DME) and related supplies* Refer to Chapter 12 of your Evidence of Coverage for a definition of "Durable medical equipment (DME)." In-Network: Medicare-covered You pay nothing for covered Durable Medical Equipment | | fitting, and three pairs of inserts each year (not including the non-customized removable inserts provided with such | |
| Calibration Solution: 1 per 365 days Glucometer: 1 per 365 days Lancets: 600 per 90 days of Lancet Device: 1 per 365 days Test Strips: 300 per 90 days (100 per month) Talking monitors are covered for members with severe visual impairment with prior authorization. Diabetic supplies are only available through the pharmacy (rather than a DME supplier) Durable medical equipment (DME) and related supplies* Refer to Chapter 12 of your Evidence of Coverage for a definition of "Durable medical equipment (DME)." In-Network: | | manage your diabetes. To find out more, contact | |
| Glucometer: 1 per 365 days Lancets: 600 per 90 days of Lancet Device: 1 per 365 days Test Strips: 300 per 90 days (100 per month) Talking monitors are covered for members with severe visual impairment with prior authorization. Diabetic supplies are only available through the pharmacy (rather than a DME supplier) Durable medical equipment (DME) and related supplies* Refer to Chapter 12 of your Evidence of Coverage for a definition of "Durable medical equipment (DME)." In-Network: | | The following diabetic testing supplies are limited to: | |
| Lancets: 600 per 90 days of Lancet Device: 1 per 365 days Test Strips: 300 per 90 days (100 per month) Talking monitors are covered for members with severe visual impairment with prior authorization. Diabetic supplies are only available through the pharmacy (rather than a DME supplier) Durable medical equipment (DME) and related supplies* Refer to Chapter 12 of your Evidence of Coverage for a definition of "Durable medical equipment (DME)." In-Network: | | Calibration Solution: 1 per 365 days | |
| 1 per 365 days Test Strips: 300 per 90 days (100 per month) Talking monitors are covered for members with severe visual impairment with prior authorization. Diabetic supplies are only available through the pharmacy (rather than a DME supplier) Durable medical equipment (DME) and related supplies* Refer to Chapter 12 of your Evidence of Coverage for a definition of "Durable medical equipment (DME)." In-Network: Medicare-covered You pay nothing for covered Durable Medical Equipment | | Glucometer: 1 per 365 days | |
| month) • Talking monitors are covered for members with severe visual impairment with prior authorization. Diabetic supplies are only available through the pharmacy (rather than a DME supplier) Durable medical equipment (DME) and related supplies* Refer to Chapter 12 of your Evidence of Coverage for a definition of "Durable medical equipment (DME)." In-Network: Medicare-covered You pay nothing for covered Durable Medical Equipment | | · | |
| severe visual impairment with prior authorization. Diabetic supplies are only available through the pharmacy (rather than a DME supplier) Durable medical equipment (DME) and related supplies* Refer to Chapter 12 of your Evidence of Coverage for a definition of "Durable medical equipment (DME)." In-Network: Medicare-covered You pay nothing for covered Durable Medical Equipment | | | |
| pharmacy (rather than a DME supplier) Durable medical equipment (DME) and related supplies* Refer to Chapter 12 of your Evidence of Coverage for a definition of "Durable medical equipment (DME)." In-Network: Medicare-covered You pay nothing for covered Durable Medical Equipment | | J . | |
| supplies* Refer to Chapter 12 of your Evidence of Coverage for a definition of "Durable medical equipment (DME)." Medicare-covered You pay nothing for covered Durable Medical Equipment | | • | |
| Refer to Chapter 12 of your <i>Evidence of Coverage</i> for a definition of "Durable medical equipment (DME)." Medicare-covered You pay nothing for covered Durable Medical Equipment | | Durable medical equipment (DME) and related | In-Network: |
| definition of "Durable medical equipment (DME)." You pay nothing for covered Durable Medical Equipment | | supplies* | Medicare-covered |
| | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | Durable Medical Equipment |
| We cover the following items: (DME) and related supplies. | | We cover the following items: | (DME) and related supplies. |
| This Benefit is continued on the next page TennCare (Medicaid)-covered | | This Benefit is continued on the next page | • • • |

| Serv | vices that our plan pays for | What you must pay |
|------|---|--|
| | Durable medical equipment (DME) and related supplies* (Continued) | TennCare will consider benefits for any service not covered by Medicare or after |
| | Wheelchairs | Medicare coverage has been |
| | • crutches | exhausted |
| | powered mattress systems | |
| | diabetic supplies | |
| | hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home | |
| | intravenous (IV) infusion pumps and pole | |
| | speech generating devices | |
| | oxygen equipment and supplies | |
| | • nebulizers | |
| | • walkers | |
| | standard curved handle or quad cane and replacement supplies | |
| | cervical traction (over the door) | |
| | bone stimulator | |
| | dialysis care equipment | |
| | Other items may be covered. | |
| | Continuous glucose monitors are covered under Part B with a prior authorization. Continuous glucose monitoring systems supplied only through the pharmacy and not a DME provider include Dexcom G6, G7 and Abbott Freestyle Libre 14-day and Libre 2. DME such as insulin pumps with integrated adjunctive CGMs require authorization | |
| | We cover all medically necessary DME covered by Original Medicare. If our supplier in your area does not carry a particular brand, you may ask them if they can special order it for you. | |
| | Incontinence Supplies are covered by TennCare (Medicaid) | |

Services that our plan pays for What you must pay **Emergency care** In-Network: Emergency care means services that are: Medicare-covered given by a provider trained to give You pay nothing for covered emergency services, and emergency care. needed to treat a medical emergency. If you get emergency care at A medical emergency is a medical condition with severe an out-of-network hospital and pain or serious injury. The condition is so serious that, if need inpatient care after your it does not get immediate medical attention, anyone with emergency is stabilized, you an average knowledge of health and medicine could must return to a network expect it to result in: hospital in order for your care serious risk to your health or to that of your unborn to continue to be covered or child; or you must have your inpatient care at the out-of network serious harm to bodily functions; or hospital authorized by the plan. serious dysfunction of any bodily organ or part. In the case of a pregnant woman in active labor, when: There is not enough time to safely transfer you to another hospital before delivery. A transfer to another hospital may pose a threat to your health or safety or to that of your unborn child. Our plan does not cover emergency services outside of the United States and its territories. In-Network: Family planning services Medicare-covered The law lets you choose any provider – whether a network provider or out-of-network provider – for certain You pay nothing for approved family planning services. This means any doctor, clinic, services. hospital, pharmacy or family planning office. TennCare (Medicaid)-We pay for the following services: covered

If you have questions, please call BlueCare Plus Tennessee at 1-800-332-5762, TTY 711, From Oct. 1 to Mar. 31, you can call us 7 days a week from 8 a.m. to 9 p.m. ET. From Apr. 1 to Sept. 30, you can call us Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 9 p.m. ET. The call is free. **For more information**, visit <u>bluecareplus.bcbst.com</u>

This Benefit is continued on the next page

TennCare will consider benefits for any service not

| Services that our plan pays for | | What you must pay |
|---------------------------------|--|---|
| | Family planning services (Continued) | covered by Medicare or after Medicare coverage has been |
| | family planning exam and medical treatment | exhausted |
| | family planning lab and diagnostic tests | |
| | family planning methods (IUC/IUD, implants, injections, birth control pills, patch, or ring) | |
| | family planning supplies with prescription (condom, sponge, foam, film, diaphragm, cap) | |
| | counseling and diagnosis of infertility and related services | |
| | counseling, testing, and treatment for sexually transmitted infections (STIs) | |
| | counseling and testing for HIV and AIDS, and other HIV-related conditions | |
| | permanent contraception (You must be age 21 or over to choose this method of family planning. You must sign a federal sterilization consent form at least 30 days, but not more than 180 days before the date of surgery.) | |
| | genetic counseling | |
| | We also pay for some other family planning services. However, you must use a provider in our provider network for the following services: | |
| | treatment for medical conditions of infertility (This service does not include artificial ways to become pregnant.) | |
| | treatment for AIDS and other HIV-related conditions | |
| | genetic testing | |
| | Flex Card | In-Network: |
| | This combined allowance is loaded on an easy-to-use flex card. The card comes prepaid by the plan, and you can use it to pay for Over-The-Counter (OTC) items, This Benefit is continued on the next page | Plan Covered There is no coinsurance, copayment or deductible for covered OTC, Healthy Food, |
| | | - |

Services that our plan pays for What you must pay Flex Card (Continued) Housing Utilities and Transportation Healthy Food, Housing Utilities and Transportation The maximum combined The Flex Card is only for your personal use, cannot be coverage for covered OTC, sold or transferred, and has no cash value Healthy Food and Transportation is **\$280** every You will receive an easy-to-use pre-loaded debit card. month. Any unused amount will Your allowances will be reloaded at the start of each expire at the end of each benefit period. The benefit period will be at the start of month. each month. Remember: Unused funds don't roll over. They expire at the end of each benefit period. You can The maximum coverage amount for covered Housing use it to pay for services not covered by Medicare. Utilities is **\$100** every month. Use one card for the following supplemental benefits: Any unused amount will expire at the end of each month. Over-The-Counter (OTC) items **Healthy Food Housing Utilities Transportation** If you need help activating your card, need help placing an order, check your balance or have questions about your Flex Card you can call Member Service at 1-800-384-2038, TTY 711, Monday to Friday, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. ET or visit bcptncard.com. OTC, Healthy Food, Housing Utilities and Transportation OTC items, Healthy Food, Housing Utilities & Transportation is a monthly allowance to give you more flexibility. **OTC Items** Your coverage includes non-prescription OTC health and wellness items like vitamins, sunscreen, pain relievers, cough and cold medicine, and bandages. You can shop at participating retail stores, place an order for OTC products online, over the phone, or by mail through the OTC catalog that will be sent to you. Your items will ship directly to

This Benefit is continued on the next page

| vice | s that our plan pays for | What you must pay |
|--------------------------------------|---|-------------------|
| Flex | Card (Continued) | |
| You • I | Healthy Food | |
| 0 | Your coverage may include healthy food like fruits, vegetables, and select canned goods. | |
| 0 | You can shop at participating retail stores, place an order online, over the phone, or by mail through the OTC catalog that will be sent to you. Your food items will ship directly to you. | |
| • I | Housing Utilities | |
| 0 | Your coverage provides an allowance to help with housing utilities, such as your electric, water, or natural gas bill. Simply visit or call your utility provider and use your Flex Card to pay your bill. | |
| • | Transportation | |
| 0 | Our plan provides transportation for plan- approved medical, vision, hearing appointments, pharmacy and fitness center visits and non- emergency ambulance rides that are not covered by the member's Medicaid plan using a shared monthly allowance loaded onto the members FlexCard | |
| | FE : Must use an approved FlexCard transportation rider. | |
| unlir | nCare (Medicaid) provides transportation for mited plan-approved non emergent medical pintments within 90 miles from pick up location. | |
| your char certa may prov | re services you receive exceed the available funds on Flex Card, you'll be responsible for the additional rges. Value of the Flex Card is preloaded with ain amounts, according to benefits. Value of card be zero. Card may not be used at all merchants or riders. Merchants and providers must accept major lit cards. Purchases may be restricted to certain as of items and services | |

| rvices that our plan pays for | What you must pay |
|---|---|
| Health and wellness education programs | In-Network: |
| Our health and wellness programs are available to all members at no additional cost. They are designed to assist members with improving healthy behaviors. | Medicare-covered You pay nothing for covered |
| Health Education: | health and wellness education programs. |
| Wellness Services: | |
| Interactive wellness services include general preventive education and reminders for certain preventive screening tests appropriate for age, sex, and claims history. This is through web-based coaching and telephonic based coaching provided by population health staff. | |
| Fitness Program: | |
| The Silver&Fit® Healthy Aging and Exercise Program | |
| As a member, you have the following choices available at no cost to you | |
| Fitness center membership: To enroll you can: | |
| Visit a standard Silver&Fit participating fitness center near you | |
| Visit <u>SilverandFit.com</u> | |
| Or, you can call 1-888-797-8091, TTY 711 (Monday to Friday 8 a.m. to 9 p.m. ET) | |
| A customized program for your exercise of choice, including instructions on how to get started and suggested online workout videos | |
| On-demand videos through the website digital library | |
| Healthy Aging resources tailored to your interests and healthy habit goals | |
| This Benefit is continued on the next page | |

Services that our plan pays for What you must pay Health and wellness education programs (Continued) **Enhanced Disease Management** If you have CHF, COPD, diabetes, hypertension, hypercholesterolemia, or Stage 4 or 5 chronic kidney disease, you may have access to enhanced disease management. In this program, members are assessed and coached by certified case management nurses in compliance with their doctor's plan of care and educated in ways to control and manage their chronic diseases. Members are monitored relative to prescription medication compliance, ER and inpatient utilization and PCP/Specialist visits. This information is shared with the treating provider as it is necessary to help coordinate services. **Remote Access Technology:** Nurse Hotline: You have access to a 24-hour telephonic nurse hotline, where an R.N. level nurse can assist with general health information, referral guidance to a local clinician or triage some conditions for immediate evaluation versus next day follow-up with your PCP or specialist. Tele-Monitoring: Home-based monitoring when medically necessary for members with chronic conditions who are participating in condition management Programs and are at increased risk for medical interventions or hospitalization. Frequency of monitoring is based on condition severity. Abnormal results are appropriately shared with the treating physician, while normal results are shared monthly. This monitoring does not include blood glucose monitoring devices covered by Original Medicare.

Services that our plan pays for What you must pay **Hearing services -Medicare Covered** In-Network: Medicare-covered Diagnostic hearing and balance tests done by your provider. These tests tell you whether you need medical There is no coinsurance, treatment. They are covered as outpatient care when copayment or deductible for you get them from a physician, audiologist, or other each Medicare-covered qualified provider. hearing exam. Plan-covered **Hearing Services - Supplemental** One routine hearing exam per year (exam must be There is no coinsurance, obtained from a TruHearing® provider). Up to two copayment or deductible for TruHearing branded hearing aids (one per ear) every three supplemental plan covered years. hearing exams, fittings or devices. You must see a TruHearing® provider to use this benefit. Call 1-833-414-8998, TTY 711 (Monday to Friday 8 am to 8 pm ET) to schedule an appointment. Hearing aid purchase includes: First year of follow-up provider visits 60-day trial period 3-year extended warranty • 80 batteries per aid for non-rechargeable models Benefit does not include or cover any of the following: Additional fee for optional hearing aid rechargeability Ear molds Hearing aid accessories Additional provider visits This Benefit is continued on the next page

| Services that our plan pays for | | What you must pay |
|---------------------------------|---|--|
| | Hearing Services – Supplemental (Continued) | |
| | Additional batteries; batteries when a rechargeable hearing aid is purchased | |
| | Hearing aids that are not TruHearing-branded hearing aids | |
| | Costs associated with loss and damage warranty claims | |
| | Additional fee for optional hearing aid rechargeability | |
| | Costs associated with excluded items are the responsibility of the member and are not covered by the plan | |
| | Hepatitis C screening | In-Network: |
| | We cover a Hepatitis C screening test if your Primary Care Provider (PCP) orders it and you meet one or more of these conditions; a) at high risk due to illicit injection drug use, b) had a blood transfusion prior to 1992, or c) born between 1945 - 1965. If you are at high risk, we also cover annual screening. We cover a one-time Hepatitis C screening test. | Medicare-covered You pay nothing for each covered Hepatitis C screening. |
| ď | HIV screening | In-Network: |
| | We cover one HIV screening exam every 12 months for people who: | Medicare-covered You pay nothing for covered |
| | • ask for an HIV screening test, or | HIV screening. |
| | are at increased risk for HIV infection. | |
| | For women who are pregnant, we cover up to three HIV screening tests during a pregnancy. | |
| | | |

Services that our plan pays for

Home health agency care*

Before you can get home health services, a doctor must tell us you need them, and they must be provided by a home health agency. You must be homebound, which means leaving home is a major effort.

We cover the following additional home health services, and maybe other services not listed here:

- part-time or intermittent skilled nursing and home health aide services (To be covered under the home health care benefit, your skilled nursing and home health aide services combined must total fewer than 8 hours per day and 35 hours per week.)
- physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech therapy
- medical and social services
- medical equipment and supplies
- Home health aide and home health nursing services combined are limited to 8 hours per day and 35 hours per week, with a limit of 40 hours per week for enrollees who qualify for Level 2 Nursing Facility Care.

TennCare - Medicaid Services

Community Living Supports (CLS) is a covered home health agency service/ benefit with TennCare (Medicaid).

A CSL is a shared home or apartment where you and no more than 3 other people live. The level of support provided depends on your needs and can include hands-on assistance, supervision, transportation, and other supports needed to remain in the community.

 Private Duty Nursing is covered under TennCare (Medicaid) for people who are ventilator dependent for at least 12 hours each day or have a functioning tracheotomy along with the need of certain nursing care

What you must pay

Prior authorization is required.

In-Network:

Medicare-covered

You pay nothing for covered home health agency care.

TennCare (Medicaid)-covered

TennCare will consider benefits for any service not covered by Medicare or after Medicare coverage has been exhausted

You may have to pay part of the cost of your Community Living Supports (CLS) care. It's called "patient liability." The amount you pay depends on your income and countable expenses.

out-of-network provider.

Services that our plan pays for What you must pay Home infusion therapy* Prior authorization may be required. Home infusion therapy is defined as drugs or biological substances administered into a vein or applied under the In-Network: skin and provided to you at home. The following are Medicare-covered needed to perform home infusion: You pay nothing for covered the drug or biological substance, such as an antiviral or home infusion therapy immune globulin; equipment, such as a pump; and supplies, such as tubing or a catheter. Our plan covers home infusion services that include but are not limited to: professional services, including nursing services, provided in accordance with your care plan; member training and education not already included in the DME benefit remote monitoring; and monitoring services for the provision of home infusion therapy and home infusion drugs furnished by a qualified home infusion therapy supplier. Medicare-covered Hospice care When you enroll in a Medicare You have the right to elect hospice if your provider and certified hospice program, your hospice medical director determine you have a terminal hospice services and your Part prognosis. This means you have a terminal illness and A and Part B services related are expected to have six months or less to live. You can to your terminal prognosis are get care from any hospice program certified by paid for by Original Medicare. Medicare. Our plan must help you find Medicarenot BlueCare Plus Choice. certified hospice programs in the plan's service area. You must get care from a Your hospice doctor can be a network provider or an

If you have questions, please call BlueCare Plus Tennessee at 1-800-332-5762, TTY 711, From Oct. 1 to Mar. 31, you can call us 7 days a week from 8 a.m. to 9 p.m. ET. From Apr. 1 to Sept. 30, you can call us Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 9 p.m. ET. The call is free. For more information, visit bluecareplus.bcbst.com

This Benefit is continued on the next page

Medicare-certified hospice

select hospice.

provider. The Plan will cover a consultation visit before you

| Ser | vices that our plan pays for | What you must pay |
|-----|---|--|
| | Hospice care (Continued) | You pay nothing for this consultation visit. |
| | Covered services include: | CONSUITATION VISIT. |
| | drugs to treat symptoms and pain | |
| | short-term respite care | |
| | home care | |
| | Hospice services and services covered by Medicare Part A or Medicare Part B that relate to your terminal prognosis are billed to Medicare. | |
| | Refer to Section G of this chapter for more information. | |
| | For services covered by our plan but not covered by Medicare Part A or Medicare Part B: | |
| | Our plan covers services not covered under Medicare Part A or Medicare Part B. We cover the services whether or not they relate to your terminal prognosis. You pay nothing for these services. | |
| | For drugs that may be covered by our plan's Medicare Part D benefit: | |
| | Drugs are never covered by both hospice and our plan at the same time. For more information, refer to Chapter 5 of your Evidence of Coverage. | |
| | Note: If you need non-hospice care, call your care coordinator and/or member services to arrange the services. Non-hospice care is care that is not related to your terminal prognosis. | |
| | Our plan covers hospice consultation services (one time only) for a terminally ill member who has not chosen the hospice benefit. | |

Services that our plan pays for What you must pay **Immunizations** In-Network: Covered services include: Medicare-covered You pay nothing for covered Pneumonia vaccines are limited to two (2) per lifetime; immunizations. the initial immunization and one booster. There must be at least 11 months between the initial and booster Please see Chapter 6, Section vaccinations. H. for more information on Part D covered vaccines. Flu/influenza shots, once each flu/influenza season in the fall and winter, with additional flu/influenza shots if medically necessary Hepatitis B vaccines if you are at high or intermediate risk of getting hepatitis B COVID-19 vaccines Other vaccines if you are at risk and they meet Medicare Part B coverage rules Other vaccines are covered that meet the Medicare Part D coverage rules. Refer to **Chapter 6** of your *Evidence of* Coverage to learn more. We also cover some vaccines under our Part D prescription drug benefit. Tdap (Tetanus, Diphtheria and Pertussis (Whooping Cough) Shingles Inpatient hospital care* **Prior Authorization Required** In-Network: Includes inpatient acute, inpatient rehabilitation, longterm care hospitals and other types of inpatient hospital **Medicare-covered** services. Inpatient hospital care starts the day you are formally admitted to the hospital with a doctor's order. You pay nothing for covered inpatient hospital care. The day before you are discharged is your last inpatient day. A benefit period begins on the first day you go to a Medicare-This benefit is continued on next page covered inpatient hospital or a skilled nursing facility (SNF).

Services that our plan pays for

Inpatient hospital care* (Continued)

We cover the following services and other medically necessary services not listed here:

- semi-private room (or a private room if medically necessary)
- meals, including special diets
- regular nursing services
- costs of special care units, such as intensive care or coronary care units
- drugs and medications
- lab tests
- X-rays and other radiology services
- needed surgical and medical supplies
- appliances, such as wheelchairs
- operating and recovery room services
- physical, occupational, and speech therapy
- inpatient substance abuse services
- in some cases, the following types of transplants: corneal, kidney, kidney/pancreas, heart, liver, lung, heart/lung, bone marrow, stem cell, and intestinal/multivisceral.

If you need a transplant, a Medicare-approved transplant center will review your case and decide if you are a candidate for a transplant. Transplant providers may be local or outside of the service area. If local transplant providers are willing to accept the Medicare rate, then you can get your transplant services locally or outside the pattern of care for your community. If our plan provides transplant services outside the pattern of care for our community and you choose to get your transplant there, we arrange or pay for lodging and travel costs for you and one other person.

This benefit is continued on next page

What you must pay

The benefit period ends when you haven't been inpatient at any hospital or SNF for 60 days in a row. If you go to the hospital or SNF after one benefit period has ended, a new benefit period begins. There is no limit to the number of benefit periods you can have.

TennCare (Medicaid)-covered

TennCare (Medicaid) will consider benefits for any service not covered by Medicare or after Medicare coverage has been exhausted.

Services that our plan pays for What you must pay Inpatient hospital care* (Continued) BlueCare Plus Transplant benefits are **limited to \$150/day** for member and one companion lodging and meals with a \$10,000 maximum benefit per transplant. Gas and Mileage is not included in the \$150/day limit. Mileage or air travel, if necessary, is included in the \$10,000 maximum benefit limit. Travel must be more than 90 miles or greater one way from the member's home to the facility and/or provider for meals and lodging to be covered. Limited to 3 meals per day for the member and/or caregiver. • blood, including storage and administration physician services **Note:** To be an inpatient, your provider must write an order to admit you formally as an inpatient of the hospital. Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an "outpatient." If you are not sure if you are an inpatient or an outpatient, you should ask the hospital staff. You can also find more information in a Medicare fact sheet called "Are you a Hospital Inpatient or Outpatient? If You Have Medicare – Ask!". This fact sheet is available on the Web at es.medicare.gov/publications/11435-Medicare-Hospital-Benefits.pdf or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. Inpatient services in a psychiatric hospital* **Prior Authorization Required** Covered services include mental health care services that In-Network: require a hospital stay. **Medicare-covered** There is a 190-day lifetime limit for inpatient services in You pay nothing for covered a psychiatric hospital. inpatient services in a psychiatric hospital. This benefit is continued on next page

| ervices that our plan pays for | What you must pay |
|---|---|
| Inpatient services in a psychiatric hospital* (Continued) | TennCare (Medicaid)- covered |
| The 190-day limit does not apply to inpatient mental health services provided in a psychiatric unit of a general hospital. | TennCare will consider benefits for any service not covered by Medicare or after Medicare coverage has been exhausted |
| Inpatient stay: Covered services in a hospital or skilled nursing facility (SNF) during a non-covered inpatient stay | In-Network: Medicare-covered |
| Medicare will not cover your inpatient stay if you have used all of your inpatient benefit or if the stay is not reasonable and medically necessary. However, TennCare (Medicaid) will consider benefits for any service not covered by Medicare or after Medicare coverage has been exhausted. | You pay nothing for each covered service received in a hospital or SNF during a noncovered inpatient stay. TennCare (Medicaid)-covered |
| In certain situations where inpatient care is not covered, we may cover services you get while you're in a hospital or nursing facility. | TennCare will consider benefits for any service not covered by Medicare or after |
| We cover the following services, and maybe other services not listed here: | Medicare coverage has been exhausted |
| doctor services | |
| diagnostic tests, like lab tests | |
| X-ray, radium, and isotope therapy, including technician materials and services | |
| surgical dressings | |
| splints, casts, and other devices used for fractures and dislocations | |
| prosthetics and orthotic devices, other than dental, including replacement or repairs of such devices. These are devices that replace all or part of: | |
| | |

| Services that our plan pays for | What you must pay |
|---|--|
| Inpatient stay: Covered services in a hospital or skilled nursing facility (SNF) during a non-covered inpatient stay (Continued) | |
| an internal body organ (including contiguous tissue), or | |
| the function of an inoperative or malfunctioning internal body organ. | |
| leg, arm, back, and neck braces, trusses, and artificial legs, arms, and eyes. This includes adjustments, repairs, and replacements needed because of breakage, wear, loss, or a change in your condition | |
| physical therapy, speech therapy, and occupational therapy | |
| Kidney disease services and supplies | In-Network: |
| Covered Services include: | Medicare-covered |
| Kidney disease education services to teach kidney care and help you make good decisions about your care. You must have stage IV chronic kidney disease, and your doctor must refer you. We cover | You pay nothing for covered kidney disease services and supplies. TennCare (Medicaid)- |
| up to six sessions of kidney disease education services per lifetime. | covered |
| Outpatient dialysis treatments, including dialysis treatments when temporarily out of the service area, as explained in Chapter 3 of your <i>Evidence of Coverage</i> , or when your provider for this service is temporarily unavailable or inaccessible. | TennCare (Medicaid) will consider benefits for any service not covered by Medicare or after Medicare coverage has been exhausted |
| Inpatient dialysis treatments if you're admitted as an inpatient to a hospital for special care | |
| Self-dialysis training, including training for you and anyone helping you with your home dialysis treatments | |
| Home dialysis equipment and supplies | |
| This benefit is continued on next page | |

| Sei | vices that our plan pays for | What you must pay |
|----------|---|--|
| | Kidney disease services and supplies (Continued) Certain home support services, such as necessary visits by trained dialysis workers to check on your home dialysis, to help in emergencies, and to check your dialysis equipment and water supply. Your Medicare Part B drug benefit pays for some drugs | |
| | for dialysis. For information, refer to "Medicare Part B prescription drugs" in this chart. | |
| ~ | Lung cancer screening with low dose computed tomography (LDCT) | In-Network: Medicare-covered |
| | Our plan pays for lung cancer screening every 12 months if you: • are aged 50-77, and | You pay nothing for covered lung cancer screening. |
| | have a counseling and shared decision-making visit with your doctor or other qualified provider, and | |
| | have smoked at least 1 pack a day for 20 years with no signs or symptoms of lung cancer or smoke now or have quit within the last 15 years | |
| | After the first screening, our plan covers another screening each year with a written order from your doctor or other qualified provider. | |
| | For LDCT lung cancer screenings after the initial LDCT screening: the member must receive a written order for LDCT lung cancer screening, which may be furnished during any appropriate visit with a physician or qualified non-physician practitioner. If a physician or qualified non physician practitioner elects to provide a lung cancer screening counseling and shared decision making visit for subsequent lung cancer screenings with LDCT, the visit must meet the Medicare criteria for such visits | |
| | Meals | Notification is required |
| | Medicare covers 56 meals following discharge from an acute inpatient hospital or skilled nursing facility stay. This benefit is continued on next page | In-Network: Medicare-covered |



| Se | rvices that our plan pays for | What you must pay |
|----------|--|--|
| | Meals (Continued) TennCare-Covered Choices Groups 2 & 3 - Home-delivered meals (1 meal per day). | You pay nothing for covered meals. TennCare-Covered Offered for Choices Groups 2 & 3 |
| ~ | Medical nutrition therapy This benefit is for people with diabetes or kidney disease without dialysis. It is also for after a kidney transplant when ordered by your doctor. We cover three hours of one-on-one counseling services during your first year that you get medical nutrition therapy services under Medicare. We may approve additional services if medically necessary. We cover two hours of one-on-one counseling services each year after that. If your condition, treatment, or diagnosis changes, you may be able to get more hours of treatment with a doctor's order. A doctor must prescribe these services and renew the order each year if you need treatment in the next calendar year. We may approve additional services if medically necessary. | In-Network: Medicare-covered You pay nothing for covered medical nutrition therapy. |
| • | Medicare Diabetes Prevention Program (MDPP) We cover MDPP services. MDPP is designed to help you increase healthy behavior. It provides practical training in: Iong-term dietary change, and increased physical activity, and ways to maintain weight loss and a healthy lifestyle. | In-Network: Medicare-covered You pay nothing for covered Medicare Diabetes Prevention Program. |



Services that our plan pays for What you must pay Medicare Part B prescription drugs* Prior authorization or step therapy through Part B or These drugs are covered under Part B of Original Part D medications may be Medicare. Our plan covers the following drugs: required. drugs you don't usually give yourself(self-In-Network: administered) and are injected or infused while you Medicare-covered get doctor, hospital outpatient, or ambulatory surgery center services You pay nothing for Medicare Part B-covered drugs insulin furnished through an item of durable medical (including insulin and equipment (such as a medically necessary insulin chemotherapy drugs). pump) other drugs you take using durable medical equipment (such as nebulizers) that our plan authorized the Alzheimer's drug, Legembi (generic lecanemab) which is given intravenously (IV) clotting factors you give yourself by injection if you have hemophilia transplant/immunosuppressive drugs: Medicare covers transplant drug therapy if Medicare paid for your organ transplant. You must have Part A at the time of the covered transplant, and you must have Part B at the time you get immunosuppressive drugs. Medicare Part D covers immunosuppressive drugs if Part B does not cover them osteoporosis drugs that are injected. We pay for these drugs if you are homebound, have a bone fracture that a doctor certifies was related to postmenopausal osteoporosis, and cannot inject the drug yourself some antigens: Medicare covers antigens if a doctor prepares them and a properly instructed person (who could be you, the patient) gives them under appropriate supervision

This benefit is continued on the next page

| Servi | ces that our plan pays for | What you must pay |
|-------|---|-------------------|
| N | ledicare Part B prescription drugs* (Continued) | |
| • | certain oral anti-cancer drugs: Medicare covers some oral cancer drugs you take by mouth if the same drug is available in injectable form or the drug is a prodrug (an oral form of a drug that, when ingested, breaks down into the same active ingredient found in the injectable drug. As new oral cancer drugs become available, Part B may cover them. If Part B doesn't cover them, Part D does | |
| • | oral anti-nausea drugs: Medicare covers oral anti- nausea drugs you use as part of an anti-cancer chemotherapeutic regimen if they're administered before, at, or within 48 hours of chemotherapy or are used as a full therapeutic replacement for an intravenous anti-nausea drug | |
| • | certain oral End-Stage Renal Disease (ESRD) drugs if the same drug is available in injectable form and the Part B ESRD benefit covers it | |
| • | calcimimetic medications under the ESRD payment system, including the intravenous medication Parsabiv, and the oral medication Sensipar | |
| • | certain drugs for home dialysis, including heparin, the antidote for heparin (when medically necessary) and topical anesthetics | |
| • | erythropoiesis-stimulating agents: Medicare covers erythropoietin by injection if you have ESRD or you need this drug to treat anemia related to certain other conditions (such as Epogen®, Procrit®, Retacrit®, Aranesp®, or Mircera®) | |
| • | IV immune globulin for the home treatment of primary immune deficiency diseases | |
| | This benefit is continued on next page | |

| Services that our plan pays for | What you must pay |
|--|--|
| Medicare Part B prescription drugs* (Continued) | |
| parenteral and enteral nutrition (IV and tube feeding) gene therapy, such as chimeric antigen receptor (CAR) T-cell therapy The following link takes you to a list of Medicare Part B drugs that may be subject to step therapy: bluecareplus.bcbst.com. We also cover some vaccines under our Medicare Part B and most adult vaccines under our Medicare Part D prescription drug benefit. Chapter 5 of your Evidence of Coverage explains our outpatient prescription drug benefit. It explains rules you must follow to have prescriptions covered. Chapter 6 of your Evidence of Coverage explains what you pay for your outpatient prescription drugs through our plan. | |
| Nursing facility care A nursing facility (NF) is a place that provides care for people who cannot get care at home but who do not need to be in a hospital. CHOICES benefits (Nursing Facility care and certain Home and Community Based Services, HCBS) are included in these services. Services that cover include, but are not limited to, the following: • semiprivate room (or a private room if medically necessary) • meals, including special diets • nursing services This benefit is continued on next page | TennCare (Medicaid)- covered TennCare will consider benefits for any service not covered by Medicare or after Medicare coverage has been exhausted. You may have to pay part of the cost of your nursing facility care. It's called "patient liability." The amount you pay depends on your income and countable expenses. |

| Services that our plan pays for | What you must pay |
|---|-------------------|
| Nursing facility care (Continued) | |
| physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech therapy respiratory therapy | |
| drugs given to you as part of your plan of care. (This includes substances that are naturally present in the body, such as blood-clotting factors.) | |
| blood, including storage and administration | |
| medical and surgical supplies usually given by nursing facilities | |
| lab tests usually given by nursing facilities | |
| X-rays and other radiology services usually given by nursing facilities | |
| use of appliances, such as wheelchairs usually given by nursing facilities | |
| physician/practitioner services | |
| durable medical equipment | |
| dental services, including dentures | |
| vision benefits | |
| hearing exams | |
| chiropractic care | |
| podiatry services | |
| This benefit is continued on next page | |

| Sei | vices that our plan pays for | What you must pay |
|----------|--|--|
| | Nursing facility care (Continued) | |
| | You usually get your care from network facilities. However, you may be able to get your care from a facility not in our network. You can get care from the following places if they accept our plan's amounts for payment: | |
| | a nursing facility or continuing care retirement community where you were living right before you went to the hospital (as long as it provides nursing facility care). | |
| | a nursing facility where your spouse or domestic partner is living at the time you leave the hospital. | |
| à | Obesity screening and therapy to keep weight down | In-Network: |
| _ | If you have a body mass index of 30 or more, we cover | Medicare-covered |
| | counseling to help you lose weight. You must get the counseling in a primary care setting. That way, it can be managed with your full prevention plan. Talk to your primary care provider to find out more. | You pay nothing for covered obesity screening and therapy to keep weight down. |
| | Opioid treatment program (OTP) services | In-Network: |
| | Our plan covers the following services to treat opioid use | Medicare-covered |
| | disorder (OUD): | You pay nothing for covered |
| | intake activities | Opioid treatment program (OTP) services. |
| | periodic assessments | |
| | medications approved by the FDA and, if applicable, managing and giving you these medications | TennCare (Medicaid)- covered |
| | substance use disorder counseling | TennCare (Medicaid) will consider benefits for any |
| | individual and group therapy | service not covered by |
| | testing for drugs or chemicals in your body (toxicology testing) | Medicare or after Medicare coverage has been exhausted. |
| | | |

| Services that our plan pays for | What you must pay |
|---|--|
| Outpatient diagnostic tests and therapeutic services and supplies* | Prior authorization may be required. |
| Covered services include, but are not limited to: X-rays radiation (radium and isotope) therapy, including technician materials and supplies surgical supplies, such as dressings splints, casts, and other devices used for fractures and dislocations lab tests blood, including storage and administration, Coverage of whole blood, packed red cells and all other components of blood are covered beginning with the first pint used. other outpatient diagnostic tests | In-Network: Medicare-covered You pay nothing for covered outpatient diagnostic tests or therapeutic services and supplies. TennCare (Medicaid)-covered TennCare (Medicaid) will consider benefits for any service not covered by Medicare or after Medicare coverage has been exhausted |
| Outpatient hospital services* Medically necessary services you get in the outpatient department of a hospital for diagnosis or treatment of an illness or injury are covered, such as: • Services in an emergency department or outpatient clinic, such as outpatient surgery or observation services • Observation services help your doctor know if you need to be admitted to the hospital as "inpatient." • Sometimes you can be in the hospital overnight and still be "outpatient." | Prior authorization may be required. In-Network: Medicare-covered You pay nothing for covered outpatient hospital services |
| This benefit is continued on next page. | |

| Sei | vices that our plan pays for | What you must pay |
|-----|--|-------------------|
| | Outpatient hospital services* (Continued) | |
| | You can get more information about being inpatient or outpatient in this fact sheet: es.medicare.gov/publications/11435- Medicare-Hospital-Benefits.pdf. | |
| | Labs and diagnostic tests billed by the hospital | |
| | Mental health care, including care in a partial- hospitalization program, if a doctor certifies that inpatient treatment would be needed without it | |
| | X-rays and other radiology services billed by the hospital | |
| | Medical supplies, such as splints and casts | |
| | Preventive screenings and services listed throughout the Benefits Chart | |
| | Some drugs that you can't give yourself | |
| | Self-administered drugs. | |
| | Note: Unless the provider has written an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you are an outpatient and pay the cost sharing amounts for outpatient hospital services. | |
| | Even if you stay in the hospital overnight, you might still be considered an outpatient. | |
| | If you are not sure if you are an outpatient, you should ask the hospital staff. | |
| | You can also find more information in a Medicare fact sheet called Are You a Hospital Inpatient or Outpatient? If You Have Medicare – Ask! This fact sheet is available on the Web at https://www.medicare.gov/sites/default/files/2021-10/11435-Inpatient-or-Outpatient.pdf or by calling 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users call 1-877-486- 2048. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. | |

| ervices that our plan pays for | What you must pay |
|---|-------------------------------|
| Outpatient mental health care* | Prior authorization may be |
| We cover mental health services provided by: | required. In-Network: |
| a state-licensed psychiatrist or doctor | Medicare-covered |
| a clinical psychologist | You pay nothing for covered |
| a clinical social worker | outpatient mental health care |
| a clinical nurse specialist | |
| a licensed professional counselor (LPC) | |
| a licensed marriage and family therapist (LMFT) | |
| a nurse practitioner (NP) | |
| a physician assistant | |
| any other Medicare-qualified mental health care professional as allowed under applicable state la | aws |
| Outpatient Behavioral health services include: | |
| all laboratory services in an inpatient, outpatient, professional setting | , or |
| uncategorized professional services (such as evaluation and management, health screenings, specialists' visits) | and |
| mental health and substance use disorder service. | ees |
| crisis services | |
| outpatient radiology | |
| outpatient professional services | |
| • therapy | |
| assessment & testing | |
| substance use treatment | |
| medication management | |
| counseling/Intervention | |
| This benefit is continued on next p | page |

| Services that our plan pays for | What you must pay |
|---|---|
| Outpatient mental health care* (Continued) | |
| • detox | |
| rehab | |
| other E&M | |
| other behavioral health treatment | |
| Outpatient rehabilitation services* | Prior authorization may be required. |
| We pay for physical therapy, occupational therapy, and | In-Network: |
| speech therapy. | Medicare-covered |
| You can get outpatient rehabilitation services from hospital outpatient departments, independent therapist offices, comprehensive outpatient rehabilitation facilities (CORFs), and other facilities. | You pay nothing for covered outpatient rehabilitation services |
| | TennCare (Medicaid)- covered |
| | TennCare (Medicaid) will consider benefits for any service not covered by Medicare or after Medicare coverage has been exhausted. |
| Outpatient substance use disorder services* | Prior authorization may be |
| We cover the following services, and maybe other | required. In-Network: |
| services not listed here: | Medicare-covered |
| alcohol misuse screening and counseling | You pay nothing for covered |
| treatment of drug abuse | outpatient substance use disorder services |
| group or individual counseling by a qualified clinician | TennCare (Medicaid)- covered |
| This benefit is continued on next page | TennCare (Medicaid) will consider benefits for any |

If you have questions, please call BlueCare Plus Tennessee at 1-800-332-5762, TTY 711, From Oct. 1 to Mar. 31, you can call us 7 days a week from 8 a.m. to 9 p.m. ET. From Apr. 1 to Sept. 30, you can call us Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 9 p.m. ET. The call is free. For more information, visit <u>bluecareplus.bcbst.com</u>

Services that our plan pays for What you must pay Outpatient substance use disorder services* service not covered by Medicare or after Medicare (Continued) coverage has been exhausted. subacute detoxification in a residential addiction program alcohol and/or drug services in an intensive outpatient treatment center • extended-release Naltrexone (vivitrol) treatment Coverage under Medicare Part B is available for treatment services that are provided in the outpatient department of a hospital to patients who, for example, have been discharged from an inpatient stay for the treatment of drug substance abuse or who require treatment but do not require the availability and intensity of services found only in the inpatient hospital setting. **Outpatient surgery*** Prior authorization may be required. We pay for outpatient surgery and services at hospital In-Network: outpatient facilities and ambulatory surgical centers. Medicare-covered **Note:** If you are having surgery in a hospital facility, you should check with your provider about whether you will There is no coinsurance, copayment or deductible for be an inpatient or outpatient. Unless the provider writes Medicare-covered outpatient an order to admit you as an inpatient to the hospital, you surgeries. are an outpatient and pay the cost sharing amounts for outpatient surgery. Even if you stay in the hospital TennCare (Medicaid)covered overnight, you might still be considered an outpatient. TennCare (Medicaid) will consider benefits for any service not covered by Medicare or after Medicare coverage has been exhausted.

Services that our plan pays for What you must pay Partial hospitalization services and intensive In-Network: outpatient services Medicare-covered Partial hospitalization is a structured program of active psychiatric treatment. It is offered as a hospital outpatient service or by a community mental health You pay nothing for covered center. It is more intense than the care you get in your partial hospitalization or intensive outpatient services. doctor's therapist's, licensed marriage and family therapist's (LMFT), or licensed professional counselor's office. It can help keep you from having to stay in the TennCare (Medicaid)hospital. covered Intensive outpatient service is a structured program of active behavioral (mental) health therapy treatment TennCare (Medicaid) will provided as a hospital outpatient service, a community consider benefits for any service not covered by mental health center, a Federally qualified health center, Medicare or after Medicare or a rural health clinic that is more intense than the care coverage has been exhausted received in your doctor's therapist's, LMFT, or licensed professional counselor's office but less intense than partial hospitalization. Physician/provider services, including doctor's office In-Network: visits Covered services include: Medicare-covered medically necessary health care or surgery services You pay nothing for covered given in places such as: primary care, specialist or o physician's office other health care professional services. certified ambulatory surgical center hospital outpatient department TennCare (Medicaid)covered consultation, diagnosis, and treatment by a specialist basic hearing and balance exams given by your TennCare (Medicaid) will primary care provider or specialist, if your doctor consider benefits for any service not covered by orders them to find out whether you need treatment Medicare or after Medicare coverage has been exhausted This benefit is continued on next page

| vic | es that our plan pays for | What you must pay |
|-----|---|-------------------|
| | nysician/provider services, including doctor's office sits (Continued) | |
| • | Certain telehealth services, including: specific urgently needed medical services and individual sessions for specific mental health specialty services | |
| | You have the option of getting these services through an in-person visit or by telehealth. If you choose to get one of these services by telehealth, you must use a network provider who offers the service by telehealth. | |
| | This plan utilizes a vendor that offers telephonic and web-based access to a licensed provider for the medical consultation, diagnosis and/or treatment of urgent conditions when the member's treating provider is not available (e.g. after hours and weekends). This telehealth program is not intended to replace the PCP relationship but rather to reduce the utilization of the emergency room and urgent care centers. | |
| • | telehealth services for monthly end-stage renal disease (ESRD) related visits for home dialysis members in a hospital-based or critical access hospital-based renal dialysis center, renal dialysis facility, or at home | |
| • | telehealth services to diagnose, evaluate, or treat symptoms of a stroke | |
| • | telehealth services for members with a substance use disorder or co-occurring mental health disorder | |
| • | telehealth services for diagnosis, evaluation, and treatment of mental health disorders if: | |
| | You have an in-person visit within 6 months prior to your first telehealth visit | |
| | This benefit is continued on next page | |

| Servi | ces that our plan pays for | What you must pay |
|-------|---|-------------------|
| | nysician/provider services, including doctor's office sits (Continued) | |
| | You have an in-person visit every 12 months while receiving these telehealth services | |
| | Exceptions can be made to the above for certain circumstances | |
| • | telehealth services for mental health visits provided by Rural Health Clinics and Federally Qualified Health Centers. | |
| • | virtual check-ins (for example, by phone or video chat) with your doctor for 5-10 minutes if | |
| | o you're not a new patient and | |
| | the check-in isn't related to an office visit in the past 7 days and | |
| | the check-in doesn't lead to an office visit within 24 hours or the soonest available appointment | |
| • | Evaluation of video and/or images you send to your doctor and interpretation and follow-up by your doctor within 24 hours if : | |
| | o you're not a new patient and | |
| | the evaluation isn't related to an office visit in the past 7 days and | |
| | the evaluation doesn't lead to an office visit within 24 hours or the soonest available appointment | |
| • | Consultation your doctor has with other doctors by phone, the Internet, or electronic health record if you're not a new patient | |
| • | Second opinion by another network provider before surgery | |
| | This benefit is continued on next page | |

| Ser | vices that our plan pays for | What you must pay |
|----------|--|--|
| | Physician/provider services, including doctor's office visits (Continued) | |
| | Non-routine dental care. Covered services are limited to: | |
| | surgery of the jaw or related structures | |
| | setting fractures of the jaw or facial bones | |
| | pulling teeth before radiation treatments of neoplastic cancer | |
| | services that would be covered when provided by a physician | |
| | Podiatry services | In-Network: |
| | Covered services include: | Medicare-covered |
| | We pay for the following services: | Van man at the C |
| | diagnosis and medical or surgical treatment of injuries and diseases of the foot (such as hammer toe or heel spurs) | You pay nothing for covered podiatry services. |
| | routine foot care for members with conditions affecting the legs, such as diabetes | |
| | Additionally, a limit of 6 supplemental routine visits per year for treatment which is generally considered preventive, i.e., cutting or removal of corns, warts, calluses or nails. | |
| ~ | Prostate cancer screening exams | In-Network: |
| | For men age 50 and over, we cover the following | Medicare-covered |
| | services once every 12 months: | You pay nothing for a covered |
| | a digital rectal exam | annual digital rectal exam or PSA test. |
| | a prostate specific antigen (PSA) test | |

Services that our plan pays for What you must pay Prosthetic and orthotic devices and related Prior authorization may be supplies* required if the purchase price is greater than \$200. Prosthetic devices replace all or part of a body part or function. These include but are not limited to: In-Network: testing, fitting, or training in the use of prosthetic and orthotic devices Medicare-covered colostomy bags and supplies related to colostomy care You pay nothing for covered prosthetic devices and related pacemakers supplies. braces prosthetic shoes artificial arms and legs breast prostheses (including a surgical brassiere after a mastectomy) We pay for some supplies related to prosthetic and orthotic devices. We also pay to repair or replace prosthetic and orthotic devices. We offer some coverage after cataract removal or cataract surgery. Refer to "Vision care" later in this chart for details. **Pulmonary rehabilitation services** In-Network: We pay for pulmonary rehabilitation programs for **Medicare-covered** members who have moderate to very severe chronic You pay nothing for covered obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD). You must have pulmonary rehabilitation an order for pulmonary rehabilitation from the doctor or services. provider treating the COPD. TennCare (Medicaid)-These services are limited to two one-hour sessions per covered day with a limit of 36 sessions per year. TennCare (Medicaid) will This benefit is continued on next page consider benefits for any service not covered by

| Se | rvices that our plan pays for | What you must pay |
|----|--|--|
| | Pulmonary rehabilitation services (Continued) | Medicare or after Medicare coverage has been exhausted. |
| | Reconstructive breast surgery Surgery to restore a breast to near normal shape, appearance, and size after having a mastectomy due to cancer. This includes: • reconstructive surgery for a cancerous breast; and • reconstructive surgery for a breast without cancer so that the breasts are the same size and shape This surgery is covered as long as it is done within five years of the reconstructive surgery on the diseased breast. | In-Network: Medicare-covered You pay nothing for covered reconstructive breast services. |
| • | Sexually transmitted infections (STIs) screening and counseling We cover screenings for chlamydia, gonorrhea, syphilis, and hepatitis B. These screenings are covered for pregnant women and for some people who are at increased risk for an STI. A primary care provider must order the tests. We cover these tests once every 12 months or at certain times during pregnancy. We also pay for up to two face-to-face, high-intensity behavioral counseling sessions each year for sexually active adults at increased risk for STIs. Each session can be 20 to 30 minutes long. We pay for these counseling sessions as a preventive service only if given by a primary care provider. The sessions must be in a primary care setting, such as a doctor's office. | In-Network: Medicare-covered You pay nothing for covered sexually transmitted infections screening and counseling. |

Services that our plan pays for

Skilled nursing facility (SNF) care*

We cover the following services, and maybe other services not listed here:

- a semi-private room, or a private room if it is medically necessary
- meals, including special diets
- nursing services
- physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech therapy
- drugs you get as part of your plan of care, including substances that are naturally in the body, such as blood-clotting factors
- blood, including storage and administration
- medical and surgical supplies given by nursing facilities
- lab tests given by nursing facilities
- X-rays and other radiology services given by nursing facilities
- appliances, such as wheelchairs, usually given by nursing facilities
- physician/provider services

You usually get your care from network facilities. However, you may be able to get your care from a facility not in our network. You can get care from the following places if they accept our plan's amounts for payment:

- a nursing facility or continuing care retirement community where you lived before you went to the hospital (as long as it provides nursing facility care)
- a nursing facility where your spouse or domestic partner lives at the time you leave the hospital

What you must pay

In-Network:

Medicare-covered

You pay nothing for covered skilled nursing facility care for day 1 – 100 of each benefit period.

A benefit period begins on the first day you go to a Medicare participating inpatient hospital or SNF. The benefit period ends when you haven't been an inpatient at any hospital or SNF for 60 days in a row. If you go to the hospital or SNF after one benefit period has ended, a new benefit period begins. There is no limit to the number of benefit periods you can have.

TennCare (Medicaid)-covered

TennCare (Medicaid) will consider benefits for any service not covered by Medicare or after Medicare coverage has been exhausted.

| If you use tobacco, do not have signs or symptoms of tobacco-related disease, and want or need to quit: We cover two quit attempts in a 12-month period as a preventive service. This service is free for you. Each quit attempt includes up to four face-to-face counseling visits. If you use tobacco and have been diagnosed with a tobacco-related disease or are taking medicine that may be affected by tobacco: We cover two counseling quit attempts within a 12-month period. Each counseling attempt includes up to four face-to-face visits. Supervised exercise therapy (SET) We cover for SET members with symptomatic peripheral artery disease (PAD) who have a referral for PAD from the physician responsible for PAD treatment. Our plan pays for: up to 36 sessions during a 12-week period if all SET requirements are met an additional 36 sessions over time if deemed medically necessary by a health care provider The SET program must be: 30 to 60-minute sessions of a therapeutic exercise-training program for PAD in members with leg cramping due to poor blood flow (claudication) in a hospital outpatient setting or in a physician's | at our plan pays for What you must pay |
|--|---|
| We cover for SET members with symptomatic peripheral artery disease (PAD) who have a referral for PAD from the physician responsible for PAD treatment. Our plan pays for: • up to 36 sessions during a 12-week period if all SET requirements are met • an additional 36 sessions over time if deemed medically necessary by a health care provider The SET program must be: • 30 to 60-minute sessions of a therapeutic exercise-training program for PAD in members with leg cramping due to poor blood flow (claudication) • in a hospital outpatient setting or in a physician's | e tobacco, do not have signs or symptoms of related disease, and want or need to quit: evover two quit attempts in a 12-month period as a sentive service. This service is free for you. Each attempt includes up to four face-to-face counseling. e tobacco and have been diagnosed with a related disease or are taking medicine that may be by tobacco: evover two counseling quit attempts within a 12-h period. Each counseling attempt includes up to |
| office delivered by qualified personnel who make sure benefit exceeds harm and who are trained in exercise therapy for PAD This benefit is continued on next page. | r for SET members with symptomatic peripheral sease (PAD) who have a referral for PAD from ician responsible for PAD treatment. pays for: 36 sessions during a 12-week period if all SET rements are met diditional 36 sessions over time if deemed cally necessary by a health care provider reprogram must be: 60-minute sessions of a therapeutic exerciseng program for PAD in members with leg ping due to poor blood flow (claudication) nospital outpatient setting or in a physician's elered by qualified personnel who make sure fit exceeds harm and who are trained in cise therapy for PAD |

| Services that our plan pays for | What you must pay |
|---|---|
| Supervised exercise therapy (SET) (Continued) under the direct supervision of a physician, physician assistant, or nurse practitioner/clinical nurse specialist trained in both basic and advanced life support techniques | |
| Tennessee Health Link Tennessee Health Link is a team of professionals who work at a mental health clinic or behavioral health provider that can help these members with their healthcare. They provide whole-person, patient centered, and coordinated care for assigned members with behavioral health conditions. | TennCare (Medicaid) Covered You pay nothing for TennCare (Medicaid) covered services. |
| Members who are eligible for Health Link services are identified based on: | |
| your diagnosis | |
| certain health care services you use or | |
| functional need. Health Link professionals will use care coordination and other services to help members with your behavioral and physical health. | |
| This includes: | |
| Comprehensive care management (e.g., creating care coordination and treatment plans) | |
| Care coordination (e.g., proactive outreach and follow up with primary care and behavioral health providers) | |
| Health promotion (e.g., educating the patient and his/her family on independent living skills) | |
| Transitional care (e.g., participating in the development of discharge plans) | |
| This benefit is continued on next page. | |

Services that our plan pays for What you must pay **Tennessee Health Link (Continued)** Patient and family support (e.g., supporting adherence to behavioral and physical health treatment) Referral to social supports (e.g., helping to find access to community supports including scheduling and follow through) In-Network: **Transportation Services** This benefit is for transportation access to Medicare Plan-covered covered benefit locations not covered by member's Tenncare (Medicaid) benefit Our plan provides This benefit is accessed using Uber Health rideshare transportation for planservices using the monthly FlexCard allowance approved medical, vision, hearing appointments, fitness To schedule transportation: centers and non-emergency • Use the Uber App or online at Uber.com to arrange ambulance rides that are not a covered ride and add the FlexCard information as covered by the member's a payment option. Medicaid plan. This Access the transportation scheduling services Transportation benefit uses a shared monthly benefit through the member's FlexCard account online at allowance loaded onto the bcptncard.com. members FlexCard. Call Member Service at 1-800-384-2038, TTY 711, **NOTE**:Must use an approved Monday to Friday, 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. ET. FlexCard transportation provider. If the services you receive exceed the available funds on your Flex Card, you'll be responsible for the additional charges. Value of the Flex Card is preloaded TennCare (Medicaid)covered with certain amounts, according to benefits. Value of card may be zero. Card may not be used at all merchants or providers. Merchants and providers must Provides transportation for accept major credit cards. Purchases may be restricted unlimited plan-approved nonto certain types of items and services. emergent medical appointments within 90 miles from pick-up location

Services that our plan pays for What you must pay **Urgently needed care** In-Network: Urgently needed care is care given to treat: Medicare-covered a non-emergency that requires immediate medical care, or You pay nothing for covered an unforeseen illness, or urgently needed services. an injury, **or** a condition that needs care right away. If you require urgently needed care, you should first try to get it from a network provider. However, you can use out-of-network providers when you can't get to a network provider because given your time, place, or circumstances, it is not possible, or it is unreasonable, to obtain services from network providers (for example, when you are outside the plan's service area and you require medically needed immediate services for an unseen condition but it is not a medical emergency). Cost sharing for necessary urgently needed services furnished out-of-network is the same as for such services furnished in-network. Coverage is limited to within the United States. Vision care In-Network: We pay for outpatient doctor services for the diagnosis Medicare-covered and treatment of diseases and injuries of the eye. For You pay nothing for covered example, this includes annual eye exams for diabetic exams to diagnose and treat retinopathy for people with diabetes and treatment for diseases/conditions of the eye, age-related macular degeneration. glaucoma screening, For people at high risk of glaucoma, we pay for one glaucoma screening each year. People at high risk of glaucoma include: people with a family history of glaucoma people with diabetes This benefit is continued on next page.

| Ser | vices that our plan pays for | What you must pay |
|----------|--|--|
| | Vision care (Continued) | eyeglasses/contact lenses after cataract surgery. |
| | African-Americans who are age 50 and over | and catalact cargoly. |
| | Hispanic Americans who are 65 or over | |
| | We cover one pair of glasses or contact lenses after each cataract surgery when the doctor inserts an intraocular lens. (If you have two separate cataract operations, you cannot reserve the benefit after the first surgery and purchase two eyeglasses after the second surgery.) Corrective lenses/frames (and replacements) needed after a cataract removal without a lens implant. | |
| | If you have two separate cataract surgeries, you must get one pair of glasses after each surgery. You cannot get two pairs of glasses after the second surgery, even if you did not get a pair of glasses after the first surgery. | |
| | Vision care - Supplemental | |
| | Covered services include: | |
| | One routine eye exam | |
| | Limit of one pair of eyeglasses (lens and/or frames) | Plan-covered |
| | or contact lenses each year. | There is no coinsurance, copayment or deductible for supplemental vision exams or eyewear. |
| | | \$500 annual allowance for supplemental vision care services |
| ~ | "Welcome to Medicare" preventive visit | In-Network: |
| | We cover the one-time "Welcome to Medicare" preventive visit. The visit includes: | Medicare-covered You pay nothing for covered preventive visits. |
| | a review of your health, | |
| | education and counseling about the preventive services you need (including screenings and shots), and | |
| | This benefit is continued on next page. | |

| Sei | vices that our plan pays for | What you must pay |
|-----|--|-------------------|
| | "Welcome to Medicare" preventive visit (Continued) | |
| | referrals for other care if you need it. | |
| | Note : We cover the "Welcome to Medicare" preventive visit only during the first 12 months that you have Medicare Part B. When you make your appointment, tell your doctor's office you want to schedule your "Welcome to Medicare" preventive visit. | |

E. Benefits covered outside of our plan

We don't cover the following services, but they are available through Medicare or TennCare (Medicaid).

The covered long-term services and supports you can receive in CHOICES depend on the CHOICES Group you're enrolled in. If you enroll in CHOICES, TennCare will tell you which CHOICES Group you're in. There are three (3) CHOICES Groups.

People in CHOICES Group 1 receive nursing home care.

People in CHOICES Group 2 need the level of care provided in a nursing home but receive home care (or HCBS) instead of nursing home care. Everyone in CHOICES Group 2 has an individual cost neutrality cap which is usually related to the average cost of nursing home care. This amount is updated every year.

People in CHOICES Group 3 receive home care (or HCBS) to prevent or delay the need for nursing home care. There is an \$19,764 per year limit on services in CHOICES Group 3.

The kinds of home care covered in CHOICES Group 2 and Group 3 are in are in **Section E** in this chapter. Some of these services have limits. This means that TennCare will pay for only a certain amount of these services. The kind and amount of care you get in CHOICES depends on your needs.

Personal care visits (2580 hours per calendar year) – Someone will help you with personal care
needs and support in the home, on the job, or in the community. Do you need this kind of
personal care? If you do, the worker giving your personal care visits can also help with household

chores like fixing meals, cleaning, or laundry. And they can run errands like grocery shopping or picking up your medicine.

- They can only help with those things for you, not for other family members who aren't in CHOICES. And they can only do those things if there's no one else that can do them for you.
- Home-delivered meals (1 meal per day).
- Personal Emergency Response System A call button so you can get help in an emergency when your caregiver is not around.
- Adult day care (2,080 hours per calendar year) A place that provides supervised care and activities during the day.
- In-home respite care (216 hours per calendar year) Someone to come and stay with you in your home for a short time so your caregiver can get some rest.
- In-patient respite care (9 days per calendar year) A short stay in a nursing home or assisted care living facility so your caregiver can get some rest.
- **Assistive technology** (\$900 per calendar year) Certain low-cost items or devices that help you do things easier or safer in your home like grabbers to reach things.
- Minor home modifications (\$6,000 per project; \$10,000 per calendar year; and \$20,000 per lifetime) Certain changes to your home that will help you get around easier and safer in your home like grab bars or a wheelchair ramp. Pest control (9 units per calendar year) Spraying your home for bugs or mice
- Assisted Care Living Facility A place you live that helps with personal care needs, homemaker services and taking your medicine. You must pay for your room and board.
- Critical Adult Care Home A home where you and no more than 4 other people live with a
 health care professional that takes care of special health and long-term care needs. (Under state
 law, available only for people who are ventilator dependent or who have traumatic brain injury.
 You must pay for your room and board.) Critical Adult Care Homes are available for Group 2
 members ONLY.
- Companion Care Someone you hire who lives with you in your home to help with personal
 care or light housekeeping whenever you need it. (Available only for people in Consumer
 Direction who are in Group 2 and who need care off and on during the day and night that can't be
 provided by unpaid caregivers. And only when it costs no more than other kinds of home care
 that would meet your needs.)

- Community Living Supports (CLS) A shared home or apartment where you and no more than 3 other people live. The level of support provided depends on your needs and can include hands-on assistance, supervision, transportation and other supports needed to remain in the community.
- Community Living Supports Family Model (CLS-FM) A shared home or apartment where you and no more than 3 other people live with a trained host family. The level of support provided depends on your needs and can include hands-on assistance, supervision, transportation and other supports needed to remain in the community.
- **Community Transportation** Helps you get to work or to other places in the community when public transportation isn't available, and you don't have any other way to get there.
- Employment Services Employment services are designed to meet you where you are in your career path and provide the appropriate services to assist you in meeting your desired employment goals.
 - Your Care Coordinator can assist you in identifying what service may be the right fit based on where you are in your journey and what you want to accomplish.
- Enabling technology is a new service (\$5,000 per calendar year and is available through March 31, 2025)— Enabling technology is the use of various forms of devices and technology to support independent living such as sensors, mobile applications, remote support systems and other smart devices. Enabling Technology can support a person in navigating their jobs and communities, gain more control of their environment, and provide remote support and reminders to assist a person in independent living.

In CHOICES, TennCare (Medicaid) is responsible for managing all of your physical health, behavioral health (mental health or substance use disorder) and long-term services and supports needs, and the services that you receive to address these needs. This is called care coordination.

These functions are carried out by a Care Coordinator. We will assign you a Care Coordinator when you enroll in CHOICES. Your Care Coordinator will play a very important role. Your Care Coordinator is your primary contact person and is the first person that you should go to if you have any questions about your services.

Not sure who your Care Coordinator is or how to contact them? You can call us at 1-800-332-5762, TTY 711.

Your Care Coordinator will:

- Provide information about CHOICES and answer your questions.
- Help you get the right kind of long-term services and supports in the right setting for you to address your needs.
- Coordinate all of your physical health, behavioral health (mental health or substance use disorder) and long-term services and supports needs.
- Help to fix problems and answer questions that you have about your care.
- Check at least once a year to make sure that you continue to need the level of care provided in a nursing home or, for Group 3, continue to be "at risk" of going into a nursing home.
- Communicate with your providers to make sure they know what's happening with your health care and to coordinate your service delivery.

Other tasks performed by the Care Coordinator will vary slightly depending on the CHOICES Group you're enrolled in.

E1. Hospice care

You have the right to elect hospice if your provider and hospice medical director determine you have a terminal prognosis. This means you have a terminal illness and are expected to have six months or less to live. You can get care from any hospice program certified by Medicare. The plan must help you find Medicare-certified hospice programs. Your hospice doctor can be a network provider or an out-of-network provider.

Refer to the Benefits Chart in **Section D** for more information about what we pay for while you are getting hospice care services.

For hospice services and services covered by Medicare Part A or Medicare Part B that relate to your terminal prognosis

 The hospice provider bills Medicare for your services. Medicare pays for hospice services related to your terminal prognosis. You pay nothing for these services.

For services covered by Medicare Part A or Medicare Part B that are not related to your terminal prognosis

• The provider will bill Medicare for your services. Medicare will pay for the services covered by Medicare Part A or Medicare Part B. You pay nothing for these services.

For drugs that may be covered by our plan's Medicare Part D benefit

 Drugs are never covered by both hospice and our plan at the same time. For more information, refer to Chapter 5 of your Evidence of Coverage



Note: If you need non-hospice care, call your care coordinator to arrange the services. Non-hospice care is care not related to your terminal prognosis.

E2. Population Health

Population Health services provide you with information on how to stay healthy. If you have an ongoing illness or unmet health needs, Population Health services can help you do things like:

- understand your illness and how to feel better
- help you or your child find a primary care doctor and get to your appointments
- develop a plan of care based on your doctor's or your child's doctor's advice for medical and behavioral health needs
- be a partner to you or your child to coordinate care with all of your health care providers
- have a healthy pregnancy and healthy delivery
- help with getting your prescription medications
- help keep you or your child out of the hospital by getting care in the community
- identify community organizations that can provide non-medical supports and resources to improve the health and well-being of you or your child
- help you with lifestyle changes that you want to make like quitting smoking or managing your weight
- help explain important health information to you or to your doctors

Population Health services are provided whether you are well, have an ongoing health problem or have a terrible health episode. Population Health services are available to you depending on your health risks and need for the service.

Population Health can provide you with a care manager. A care manager can help you get all the care you need. You may be able to have a care manager if you:

- go to the ER a lot, or if you have to go into the hospital a lot, or
- need health care before or after you have a transplant, or
- have a lot of different doctors for different health problems or

· have an ongoing illness that you don't know how to deal with

To see if you can have a care manager, or if you want to participate in the Population Health services, you (or someone on your behalf) can call your plan.

E3. Sterilization

Sterilization is the medical treatment or surgery that makes you not able to have children. To have this treatment, you must:

- be an adult age 21 or older
- be mentally stable and able to make decisions about your health
- not be in a mental institution or in prison
- fill out a paper that gives your OK. This is called a Sterilization Consent Form. You must fill this out with your provider.

You have to fill the paper out at least 30 days before you have the treatment. But in an emergency like premature delivery or abdominal surgery, you can fill the paper out at least 72 hours before you have the treatment.

E4. Abortion

Abortions may only be covered in limited cases, like if you have a physical illness that you could die from without an abortion.

Your doctor must fill out a paper called Certification of Medical Necessity for Abortion.

E5. Hysterectomy

A Hysterectomy is a medical surgery that removes reproductive organs. A hysterectomy can be covered when you must have it to fix other medical problems. After a hysterectomy, you will not be able to have children. But, TennCare will not pay for this treatment if you have it just so you won't have children. TennCare pays for this treatment only if it is for a covered reason and medically necessary.

You have to be told in words and in writing that having a hysterectomy means you are not able to have children. You have to sign a paper called Hysterectomy Acknowledgement Form.

F. Benefits not covered by our plan, Medicare, or TennCare

This section tells you about benefits excluded by our plan. "Excluded" means that we do not pay for these benefits. Medicare and Medicaid do not pay for them either.

The list below describes some services and items not covered by us under any conditions and some excluded by us only in some cases.

We do not pay for excluded medical benefits listed in this section (or anywhere else in this *Evidence of Coverage*) except under specific conditions listed. Even if you receive the services at an emergency facility, the plan will not pay for the services. If you think that our plan should pay for a service that is not covered, you can request an appeal. For information about appeals, refer to **Chapter 9** of your *Evidence of Coverage*.

In addition to any exclusions or limitations described in the Benefits Chart, our plan does not cover the following items and services:

- services considered not "reasonable and medically necessary," according Medicare and TennCare (Medicaid) standards, unless we list these as covered services
- experimental medical and surgical treatments, items, and drugs, unless Medicare, a
 Medicare-approved clinical research study, or our plan covers them. Refer to Chapter 3
 of your Evidence of Coverage for more information on clinical research studies.
 Experimental treatment and items are those that are not generally accepted by the
 medical community.
- surgical treatment for morbid obesity, except when medically necessary and Medicare pays for it
- a private room in a hospital, except when medically necessary
- personal items in your room at a hospital or a nursing facility, such as a telephone or television
- full-time nursing care in your home
- fees charged by your immediate relatives or members of your household
- elective or voluntary enhancement procedures or services (including weight loss, hair growth, sexual performance, athletic performance, cosmetic purposes, anti-aging and mental performance), except when medically necessary

- cosmetic surgery or other cosmetic work, unless it is needed because of an accidental
 injury or to improve a part of the body that is not shaped right. However, we pay for
 reconstruction of a breast after a mastectomy and for treating the other breast to match it
- routine foot care, except as described in Podiatry services in the Benefits Chart in Section D
- orthopedic shoes, unless the shoes are part of a leg brace and are included in the cost
 of the brace, or the shoes are for a person with diabetic foot disease
- supportive devices for the feet, except for orthopedic or therapeutic shoes for people with diabetic foot disease
- radial keratotomy, LASIK surgery, and other low-vision aids
- reversal of sterilization procedures and non-prescription contraceptive supplies
- naturopath services (the use of natural or alternative treatments)
- services provided to veterans in Veterans Affairs (VA) facilities. However, when a
 veteran gets emergency services at a VA hospital and the VA cost-sharing is more than
 the cost-sharing under our plan, we will reimburse the veteran for the difference. You are
 still responsible for your cost-sharing amounts.

Chapter 5: Getting your outpatient prescription drugs

Introduction

This chapter explains rules for getting your outpatient prescription drugs. These are drugs that your provider orders for you that you get from a pharmacy or by mail-order. They include drugs covered under Medicare Part D and TennCare. **Chapter 6** of your *Evidence of Coverage* tells you what you pay for these drugs. Key terms and their definitions appear in alphabetical order in the last chapter of your *Evidence of Coverage*.

We also cover the following drugs, although they are not discussed in this chapter:

- Drugs covered by Medicare Part A. These generally include drugs given to you while you are in a hospital or nursing facility.
- **Drugs covered by Medicare Part B.** These include some chemotherapy drugs, some drug injections given to you during an office visit with a doctor or other provider, and drugs you are given at a dialysis clinic. To learn more about what Medicare Part B drugs are covered, refer to the Benefits Chart in **Chapter 4** of your *Evidence of Coverage*.
- In addition to the plan's Medicare Part D and medical benefits coverage, your drugs may
 be covered by Original Medicare if you are in Medicare hospice. For more information,
 please refer to Chapter 5, Section F "If you are in a Medicare-certified hospice
 program."

Rules for our plan's outpatient drug coverage

We usually cover your drugs as long as you follow the rules in this section.

You must have a provider (doctor, dentist, or other prescriber) write your prescription, which must be valid under applicable state law. This person often is your primary care provider (PCP). It could also be another provider if your PCP has referred you for care.

Your prescriber must **not** be on Medicare's Exclusion or Preclusion Lists or TennCare's Terminated Provider List.

You generally must use a network pharmacy to fill your prescription. Or you can fill your prescription through the plan's mail-order service.

Your prescribed drug must be on our plan's *List of Covered Drugs*. We call it the "Drug List" for short. (Refer to **Section B** of this chapter.)

- If it is not on the *Drug List*, we may be able to cover it by giving you an exception.
- Refer to **Chapter 9**, **Section G4** to learn about asking for an exception.

Your drug must be used for a medically accepted indication. This means that use of the drug is either approved by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) or supported by certain medical references. Your prescriber may be able to help identify medical references to support the requested use of the prescribed drug.

Your drug may require approval before we will cover it. Refer to **Section C** in this chapter.

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A. Getting your prescriptions filled

A1. Filling your prescription at a network pharmacy

In most cases, we pay for prescriptions only when filled at any of our network pharmacies. A network pharmacy is a drug store that agrees to fill prescriptions for our plan members. You may use any of our network pharmacies.

To find a network pharmacy, look in the Provider and Pharmacy Directory, visit our website or contact Member Service.

A2. Using your Member ID Card when you fill a prescription

To fill your prescription, **show your Member ID Card** at your network pharmacy. The network pharmacy bills us for our share of the cost of your covered prescription drug. You may need to pay the pharmacy a copay when you pick up your prescription.

If you don't have your Member ID Card with you when you fill your prescription, ask the pharmacy to call us to get the necessary information, or you can ask the pharmacy to look up your plan enrollment information.

If the pharmacy can't get the necessary information, you may have to pay the full cost of the prescription when you pick it up. Then you can ask us to pay you back for our share. **If you can't pay for the drug, contact Member Service right away.** We will do everything we can to help.

- To ask us to pay you back, refer to **Chapter 7** of your *Evidence of Coverage*.
- If you need help getting a prescription filled, contact Member Service.

A3. What to do if you change your network pharmacy

If you change pharmacies and need a prescription refill, you can either ask to have a new prescription written by a provider or ask your pharmacy to transfer the prescription to the new pharmacy if there are any refills left.

If you need help changing your network pharmacy, contact Member Service.

A4. What to do if your pharmacy leaves the network

If the pharmacy you use leaves our plan's network, you need to find a new network pharmacy.

To find a new network pharmacy, look in the Provider and Pharmacy Directory, visit our website, or contact Member Service.

A5. Using a specialized pharmacy

Sometimes prescriptions must be filled at a specialized pharmacy. Specialized pharmacies include:

- Pharmacies that supply drugs for home infusion therapy.
- Pharmacies that supply drugs for residents of a long-term care facility, such as a nursing facility.
 - Usually, long-term care facilities have their own pharmacies. If you're a resident of a long-term care facility, we make sure you can get the drugs you need at the facility's pharmacy.
 - If your long-term care facility's pharmacy is not in our network or you have difficulty getting your drugs in a long-term care facility, contact Member Service.
- Pharmacies that serve the Indian Health Service/Tribal/Urban Indian Health Program.
 Except in emergencies, only Native Americans or Alaska Natives may use these pharmacies.
- Pharmacies that dispense drugs that are restricted by the FDA to certain locations or that require special handling, provider coordination, or education on their use. (Note: This scenario should happen rarely.)

To find a specialized pharmacy, look in the *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*, visit our website, or contact Member Service.

A6. Using mail-order services to get your drugs

Our plan's mail-order service allows you to order up to a 90-day supply of the drug and no more than a 90-day supply **or** up to a 90-day supply. A 90-day supply has the same copay as a one-month supply.

Filling prescriptions by mail

To get order forms and information about filling your prescriptions by mail, contact mail order Member Service at 1-844-740-0602, TTY 711.

Usually, a mail-order prescription arrives within 14 days. If you request expedited shipping, additional charges may apply. If your mail-order is delayed, you will have to get your prescriptions filled at another pharmacy. Your doctor may need to provide a new prescription to the network pharmacy in your area while your mail-order prescription is being delivered. Please contact mail-order Member Service at 1-844-740-0602, TTY 711 for assistance in coordinating the coverage of your prescriptions from both a delayed mail-order shipment and from another network pharmacy in your area.

Mail-order processes

Mail-order service has different procedures for new prescriptions it gets from you, new prescriptions it gets directly from your provider's office, and refills on your mail-order prescriptions.

1. New prescriptions the pharmacy gets from you

The pharmacy automatically fills and delivers new prescriptions it gets from you.

2. New prescriptions the pharmacy gets from your provider's office

After the pharmacy gets a prescription from a health care provider, it contacts you to find out if you want the medication filled immediately or at a later time.

- This gives you an opportunity to make sure the pharmacy is delivering the correct drug (including strength, amount, and form) and, if needed, allows you to stop or delay the order before you are billed and it is shipped.
- Respond each time the pharmacy contacts you, to let them know what to do with the new prescription and to prevent any delays in shipping.

3. Refills on mail-order prescriptions

For refills of your drugs, you have the option to sign up for an automatic refill program. Under this program we start to process your next refill automatically when our records show you should be close to running out of your drug.

- The pharmacy contacts you before shipping each refill to make sure you need more
 medication, and you can cancel scheduled refills if you have enough of your medication
 or if your medication has changed.
- If you choose not to use our auto refill program, contact your pharmacy 21 days before
 your current prescription will run out to make sure your next order is shipped to you in
 time.

To opt out of our program, that automatically prepares mail-order refills, contact us by calling your mail-order pharmacy at **1-844-740-0602**, TTY **711**.

Let the pharmacy know the best ways to contact you so they can reach you to confirm your order before shipping by contacting your mail-order pharmacy at 1-844-740-0602, TTY 711.

A7. Getting a long-term supply of drugs

You can get a long-term supply of maintenance drugs on our plan's Drug List. Maintenance drugs are drugs that you take on a regular basis, for a chronic or long-term medical condition. When you get a long-term supply of drugs, your copay may be lower.

Some network pharmacies allow you to get a long-term supply of maintenance drugs. A 90-day supply has the same copay as a one-month supply. The *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* tells you which pharmacies can give you a long-term supply of maintenance drugs.

You can also call Member Service for more information.

You can use our plan's network mail-order services to get a long-term supply of maintenance drugs. Refer to **Section A6** in this chapter to learn about mail-order services.

A8. Using a pharmacy not in our plan's network

Generally, we pay for drugs filled at an out-of-network pharmacy only when you aren't able to use a network pharmacy. We have network pharmacies outside of our service area where you can get your prescriptions filled as a member of our plan. In these cases, check with Member Service first to find out if there's a network pharmacy nearby. You may be required to pay the difference between what you pay for the drug at the out-of-network pharmacy and the cost that we would cover at an in-network pharmacy.

We pay for prescriptions filled at an out-of-network pharmacy in the following cases:

- You become ill and need a Part D covered drug while traveling outside your plan's service area, and you cannot access a network pharmacy.
- You are not able to obtain a Part D covered drug in a timely manner within your plan's service area. For example, there is no network pharmacy within a reasonable driving distance that provides 24-hour service, 7 days a week.
- You are filling a prescription for a Part D covered drug that is not regularly stocked at an accessible network retail or mail-order pharmacy.
- Part D covered drugs are dispensed by an out-of-network institution-based pharmacy while you
 are a patient in an emergency department, provider-based clinic, outpatient surgery, or other
 outpatient setting.
- In case of any other emergency when a Part D covered drug is required and a network pharmacy is not available.
- You are a member getting a Medicare Part D vaccine that is medically necessary.

For all the above situations, the maximum limit for out-of-network claims filled is a 14-day supply.

In these situations, **please check first with Member Service** to see if there is a network pharmacy nearby. (Phone numbers for Member Service are printed on the back cover of this booklet.) You may be required to pay the difference between what you pay for the drug at the out-of-network pharmacy and the cost that we would cover at an in-network pharmacy

A9. Paying you back for a prescription

If you must use an out-of-network pharmacy, you must generally pay the full cost when you get your prescription.

To learn more about this, refer to Chapter 7 of your Evidence of Coverage.

B. Our plan's Drug List

We have a List of Covered Drugs. We call it the "Drug List" for short.

We select the drugs on the *Drug List* with the help of a team of doctors and pharmacists. The *Drug List* also tells you the rules you need to follow to get your drugs.

We generally cover a drug on our plan's *Drug List* when you follow the rules we explain in this chapter.

B1. Drugs on our *Drug List*

Our *Drug List* includes drugs covered under Medicare Part D and some prescription and over-the-counter (OTC) drugs and products covered under TennCare.

Our Drug List includes brand name drugs, generic drugs, and biological products (which may include biosimilars).

A brand name drug is a prescription drug that is sold under a trademarked name owned by the drug manufacturer. Biological products are drugs that are more complex than typical drugs. On our *Drug List*, when we refer to "drugs" this could mean a drug or a biological product.

Generic drugs have the same active ingredients as brand name drugs. Biological products have alternatives that are called biosimilars. Generally, generic drugs and biosimilars work just as well as brand name or original biological products and usually cost less. There are generic drug substitutes available for many brand name drugs and biosimilar alternatives for some original biological products. Some biosimilars are interchangeable biosimilars and, depending on state law, may be substituted for the original biological product at the pharmacy without needing a new prescription, just like generic drugs can be substituted for brand name drugs.

Refer to **Chapter 12** of the *Evidence of Coverage* for definitions of the types of drugs that may be on the *Drug List*.

Our plan also covers certain OTC drugs and products. Some OTC drugs cost less than prescription drugs and work just as well. For more information, call Member Service.

B2. How to find a drug on our *Drug List*

To find out if a drug you take is on our Drug List, you can:

- Visit our plan's website at <u>bluecareplus.bcbst.com</u>. The *Drug List* on our website is always the most current one.
- Call Member Service to find out if a drug is on our Drug List or to ask for a copy of the list.
- Use our "Real Time Benefit Tool" at <u>bluecareplus.bcbst.com</u> or call Member Service.
 With this tool you can search for drugs on the *Drug List* to get an estimate of what you will pay and if there are alternative drugs on the *Drug List* that could treat the same condition.

B3. Drugs not on our *Drug List*

We don't cover all prescription drugs. Some drugs are not on our Drug List because the law doesn't allow us to cover those drugs. In other cases, we decided not to include a drug on our Drug List.

This section tells you what kinds of prescription drugs are excluded. This means Medicare does not pay for these drugs. If you get a prescription for an excluded drug, you may need to pay for it yourself. If you think we should pay for an excluded drug because of your case, you can make an appeal. Refer to **Chapter 9** of your *Evidence of Coverage* for more information about appeals.

Here are three general rules about drugs that Medicare drug plans will not cover under Part D:

- 1. Our plan's Part D drug coverage cannot cover a drug that would be covered under Medicare Part A or Part
- 2. Our plan cannot cover a drug purchased outside the United States and its territories.
- 3. Use of the drug must be approved by the FDA or supported by certain medical references as a treatment for your condition. Your doctor or other provider may prescribe a certain drug to treat your condition, even though it wasn't approved to treat the condition. This is called "off-label use." Our plan usually doesn't cover drugs prescribed for off-label use.

Also, by law, Medicare or TennCare cannot cover the types of drugs listed below.

Drugs used to promote fertility

- Non-prescription drugs (also called over-the-counter drugs)
- Drugs used for the relief of cough or cold symptoms
- Drugs used for cosmetic purposes or to promote hair growth
- Prescription vitamins and mineral products, except prenatal vitamins and fluoride preparations
- Drugs used for the treatment of sexual or erectile dysfunction
- Drugs used for the treatment of anorexia, weight loss or weight gain
- Outpatient drugs made by a company that says you must have tests or services done only by them

C. Limits on some drugs

For certain prescription drugs, special rules limit how and when our plan covers them. Generally, our rules encourage you to get a drug that works for your medical condition and is safe and effective. When a safe, lower-cost drug works just as well as a higher-cost drug, we expect your provider to prescribe the lower-cost drug.

If there is a special rule for your drug, it usually means that you or your provider must take extra steps for us to cover the drug. For example, your provider may have to tell us your diagnosis or provide results of blood tests first. If you or your provider thinks our rule should not apply to your situation, ask us to make an exception. We may or may not agree to let you use the drug without taking extra steps.

To learn more about asking for exceptions, refer to Chapter 9 of your Evidence of Coverage.

 Limiting use of a brand name drug or original biological products when a generic or interchangeable biosimilar version is available

Generally, a generic drug or interchangeable biosimilar works the same as a brand name drug or original biological product and usually costs less. If there is a generic or interchangeable biosimilar version of a brand name drug or original biological product available, our network pharmacies give you the generic or interchangeable biosimilar version.

• We usually do not pay for the brand name drug or original biological product when there is an available generic version.

- However, if your provider told us the medical reason that the generic drug or interchangeable biosimilar won't work for you or wrote "No substitutions" on your prescription for a brand name drug or original biological product or told us the medical reason that the generic drug or interchangeable biosimilar, or other covered drugs that treat the same condition will not work for you, then we cover the brand name drug.
- Your copay may be greater for the brand name drug or original biological product than for the generic drug or interchangeable biosimilar.

2. Getting plan approval in advance

For some drugs, you or your prescriber must get approval from our plan before you fill your prescription. If you don't get approval, we may not cover the drug.

3. Trying a different drug first

In general, we want you to try lower-cost drugs that are as effective before we cover drugs that cost more. For example, if Drug A and Drug B treat the same medical condition, and Drug A costs less than Drug B, we may require you to try Drug A first.

If Drug A does not work for you, then we cover Drug B. This is called step therapy.

4. Quantity limits

For some drugs, we limit the amount of the drug you can have. This is called a quantity limit. For example, we might limit how much of a drug you can get each time you fill your prescription.

To find out if any of the rules above apply to a drug you take or want to take, check our *Drug List*. For the most up-to-date information, call Member Services or check our website at <u>bluecareplus.bcbst.com</u>. If you disagree with our coverage decision based on any of the above reasons you may request an appeal. Please refer to **Chapter 9** of the *Evidence of Coverage*.

D. Reasons your drug might not be covered

We try to make your drug coverage work well for you, but sometimes a drug may not be covered in the way that you like. For example:

- Our plan doesn't cover the drug you want to take. The drug may not be on our Drug List.
 We may cover a generic version of the drug but not the brand name version you want to take. A drug may be new, and we haven't reviewed it for safety and effectiveness yet.
- Our plan covers the drug, but there are special rules or limits on coverage. As explained
 in the section above, some drugs our plan covers have rules that limit their use. In some
 cases, you or your prescriber may want to ask us for an exception.

There are things you can do if we don't cover a drug the way you want us to cover it.

D1. Getting a temporary supply

In some cases, we can give you a temporary supply of a drug when the drug is not on our *Drug List* or is limited in some way. This gives you time to talk with your provider about getting a different drug or to ask us to cover the drug.

To get a temporary supply of a drug, you must meet the two rules below:

- 1. The drug you've been taking:
 - is no longer on our *Drug List* or
 - was never on our Drug List or
 - is now limited in some way.
- 2. You must be in one of these situations:
 - You were in our plan last year.
 - We cover a temporary supply of your drug during the first 90 days of the calendar year.
 - o This temporary supply is for up to 30 days.
 - If your prescription is written for fewer days, we allow multiple refills to provide up to a maximum of 30 days of medication or 31 days for long-term care (LTC). You must fill the prescription at a network pharmacy.

- Long-term care pharmacies may provide your prescription drug in small amounts at a time to prevent waste.
- You are new to our plan.
 - We cover a temporary supply of your drug during the first 90 days of your membership in our plan.
 - This temporary supply is for up to 30 days.
 - If your prescription is written for fewer days, we allow multiple refills to provide up to a maximum of 30 days of medication or 31 days for long-term care (LTC). You must fill the prescription at a network pharmacy.
 - Long-term care pharmacies may provide your prescription drug in small amounts at a time to prevent waste.
- You have been in our plan for more than 90 days, live in a long-term care facility, and need a supply right away.
 - We cover one 31- day supply, or less if your prescription is written for fewer days.
 This is in addition to the temporary supply above.
- For those members who have been in the plan for more than 90 days and experience a level of care change and need a supply right away: We will cover one 30-day supply (or 31-day supply for long-term care (LTC)) or less if your prescription is written for fewer days, when you experience a level of care change. This includes transferring from one treatment setting to another. This is in addition to all other temporary supplies. One example of a level of care change would be if you were discharged home from the hospital.

D2. Asking for a temporary supply

To ask for a temporary supply of a drug, call Member Service.

When you get a temporary supply of a drug, talk with your provider as soon as possible to decide what to do when your supply runs out. Here are your choices:

Change to another drug.

Our plan may cover a different drug that works for you. Call Member Services to ask for a list of drugs we cover that treat the same medical condition. The list can help your provider find a covered drug that may work for you.

OR

Ask for an exception.

You and your provider can ask us to make an exception. For example, you can ask us to cover a drug that is not on our *Drug List* or ask us to cover the drug without limits. If your provider says you have a good medical reason for an exception, they can help you ask for one.

E. Coverage changes for your drugs

Most changes in drug coverage happen on January 1, but we may add or remove drugs on our *Drug List* during the year. We may also change our rules about drugs. For example, we may:

- Decide to require or not require prior approval (PA) for a drug (permission from us before you can get a drug).
- Add or change the amount of a drug you can get (quantity limits).
- Add or change step therapy restrictions on a drug (you must try one drug before we cover another drug).

For more information on these drug rules, refer to **Section C** in this chapter.

If you take a drug that we covered at the **beginning** of the year, we generally will not remove or change coverage of that drug **during the rest of the year** unless:

- a new, cheaper drug comes on the market that works as well as a drug on our *Drug List* now, or
- we learn that a drug is not safe, or
- a drug is removed from the market.

What happens if coverage changes for a drug you are taking?

To get more information on what happens when our *Drug List* changes, you can always:

- Check our current Drug List online at <u>bluecareplus.bcbst.com</u> or
- Call Member Services at the number at the bottom of the page to check our current *Drug List*.

Changes we may make to the Drug List that affect you during the current plan year

Some changes to the *Drug List* will happen immediately:

• A new generic drug becomes available. Sometimes, a new generic drug or biosimilar comes on the market that works as well as a brand name drug or original biological product on the *Drug List* now. When that happens, we may remove the brand name drug and add the new generic drug, but your cost for the new drug will stay the same or we change the cost sharing tier or add new restrictions to the brand name drug or both

When we add the new generic drug, we may also decide to keep the brand name drug on the list but change its coverage rules or limits.

- We may not tell you before we make this change, but we will send you information about the specific change we made once it happens.
- You or your provider can ask for an "exception" from these changes. We will send you a
 notice with the steps you can take to ask for an exception. Please refer to Chapter 9 of
 this Evidence of Coverage Evidence of Coverage G1, Medicare Part D coverage
 decisions and appeals.

•

A drug is taken off the market. If the FDA says a drug you are taking is not safe or effective or the drug's manufacturer takes a drug off the market, we may immediately take it off our *Drug List*. If you are taking the drug, we will send you a notice after we make the change. Your prescriber will also know about this change, and can work with you to find another drug for your condition

We may make other changes that affect the drugs you take. We tell you in advance about these other changes to our Drug List. These changes might happen if:

The FDA provides new guidance or there are new clinical guidelines about a drug.

When these changes happen, we:

- Tell you at least 30 days before we make the change to our Drug List or
- Let you know and give you a 30-day supply (or 31-day long-term care (LTC)) of the drug after you ask for a refill.

This gives you time to talk to your doctor or other prescriber. They can help you decide:

If there is a similar drug on our *Drug List* you can take instead or

• If you should ask for an exception from these changes to continue covering the drug or the version of the drug you have been taking. To learn more about asking for exceptions, refer to **Chapter 9** of your *Evidence of Coverage*.

Changes to the Drug List that do not affect you during the current plan year

We may make changes to drugs you take that are not described above and do not affect you now. For such changes, if you are taking a drug we covered at the **beginning** of the year, we generally do not remove or change coverage of that drug **during the rest of the year**.

For example, if we remove a drug you are taking or limit its use, then the change does not affect your use of the drug or what you pay for the drug for the rest of the year.

If any of these changes happen for a drug you are taking (except for the changes noted in the section above), the change won't affect your use until January 1 of the next year.

We will not tell you above these types of changes directly during the current year. You will need to check the *Drug List* for the next plan year (when the list is available during the open enrollment period) to see if there are any changes that will impact you during the next plan year.

F. Drug coverage in special cases

F1. In a hospital or a skilled nursing facility for a stay that our plan covers

If you are admitted to a hospital or skilled nursing facility for a stay our plan covers, we generally cover the cost of your prescription drugs during your stay. You will not pay a copay. Once you leave the hospital or skilled nursing facility, we cover your drugs as long as the drugs meet all of our coverage rules.

To learn more about drug coverage and what you pay, refer to **Chapter 6 of your** *Evidence of Coverage*.

F2. In a long-term care facility

Usually, a long-term care facility, such as a nursing facility, has its own pharmacy or a pharmacy that supplies drugs for all of their residents. If you live in a long-term care facility, you may get your prescription drugs through the facility's pharmacy if it is part of our network.

Check your *Provider and Pharmacy Directory* to find out if your long-term care facility's pharmacy is part of our network. If it is not or if you need more information, contact Member Services.

F3. In a Medicare-certified hospice program

Drugs are never covered by both hospice and our plan at the same time.

- You may be enrolled in a Medicare hospice and require certain drugs (e.g., pain, antinausea drugs, laxative, or anti-anxiety drugs) that your hospice does not cover because it is not related to your terminal prognosis and conditions. In that case, our plan must get notification from the prescriber or your hospice provider that the drug is unrelated before we can cover the drug.
- To prevent delays in getting any unrelated drugs that our plan should cover, you can ask your hospice provider or prescriber to make sure we have the notification that the drug is unrelated before you ask a pharmacy to fill your prescription.

If you leave hospice, our plan covers all of your drugs. To prevent any delays at a pharmacy when your Medicare hospice benefit ends, take documentation to the pharmacy to verify that you left hospice.

Refer to earlier parts of this chapter that tell about drugs our plan covers. Refer to **Chapter 4** of your *Evidence of Coverage* for more information about the hospice benefit.

G. Programs on drug safety and managing drugs

G1. Programs to help you use drugs safely

Each time you fill a prescription, we look for possible problems, such as drug errors or drugs that:

- may not be needed because you take another similar drug that does the same thing
- may not be safe for your age or gender
- could harm you if you take them at the same time
- have ingredients that you are or may be allergic to
- have unsafe amounts of opioid pain medications

If we find a possible problem in your use of prescription drugs, we work with your provider to correct the problem.

G2. Programs to help you manage your drugs

Our plan has a program to help members with complex health needs. In such cases, you may be eligible to get services, at no cost to you, through a medication therapy management (MTM) program. This program is voluntary and free. This program helps you and your provider make sure that your medications are working to improve your health. If you qualify for the program, a pharmacist or other

health professional will give you a comprehensive review of all of your medications and talk with you about:

- how to get the most benefit from the drugs you take
- any concerns you have, like medication costs and drug reactions
- how best to take your medications
- any questions or problems you have about your prescription and over-the-counter medication

Then, they will give you:

- A written summary of this discussion. The summary has a medication action plan that recommends what you can do for the best use of your medications.
- A personal medication list that includes all medications you take, how much you take, and when and why you take them.
- Information about safe disposal of prescription medications that are controlled substances.

It's a good idea to talk to your prescriber about your action plan and medication list.

- Take your action plan and medication list to your visit or anytime you talk with your doctors, pharmacists, and other health care providers.
- Take your medication list with you if you go to the hospital or emergency room.

MTM programs are voluntary and free to members who qualify. If we have a program that fits your needs, we enroll you in the program and send you information. If you do not want to be in the program, let us know, and we will take you out of it.

If you have questions about these programs, contact Member Service.

G3. Drug management program for safe use of opioid medications

Our plan has a program that can help members safely use their prescription opioid medications and other medications that are frequently misused. This program is called a Drug Management Program (DMP).

If you use opioid medications that you get from several prescribers or pharmacies or if you had a recent opioid overdose, we may talk to your prescriber to make sure your use of opioid medications is appropriate and medically necessary. Working with your prescriber, if we decide your use of prescription opioid or benzodiazepine medications is not safe, we may limit how you can get those medications. Limitations may include:

- Requiring you to get all prescriptions for those medications from certain pharmacies and/or from certain prescribers.
- Limiting the amount of those medications we cover for you

If we think that one or more limitations should apply to you, we send you a letter in advance. The letter will tell you if we will limit coverage of these drugs for you, or if you'll be required to get the prescriptions for these drugs only from a specific provider or pharmacy.

You will have a chance to tell us which prescribers or pharmacies you prefer to use and any information you think is important for us to know. If we decide to limit your coverage for these medications after you have a chance to respond, we send you another letter that confirms the limitations.

If you think we made a mistake, you disagree that you are at risk for prescription drug misuse, or you disagree with the limitation, you and your prescriber can make an appeal. If you make an appeal, we will review your case and give you our decision. If we continue to deny any part of your appeal related to limitations to your access to these medications, we automatically send your case to an Independent Review Organization (IRO). (To learn more about appeals and the IRO, refer to **Chapter 9** of your *Evidence of Coverage*.)

The DMP may not apply to you if you:

- have certain medical conditions, such as cancer or sickle cell disease,
- are getting hospice, palliative, or end-of-life care, or
- live in a long-term care facility.

Chapter 6: What you pay for your Medicare and TennCare prescription drugs

Introduction

This chapter tells what you pay for your outpatient prescription drugs. By "drugs," we mean:

- Medicare Part D prescription drugs, and
- Drugs and items covered under Medicaid, and
- Because you are eligible for TennCare you get "Extra Help" from Medicare to help pay for your Medicare Part D prescription drugs. We sent you a separate insert, called the "Evidence of Coverage Rider for People Who Get Extra Help Paying for Prescription Drugs" (also known as the "Low Income Subsidy Rider" or the LIS Rider"), which tells you about your drug coverage. If you don't have this insert, please call Member Service and ask for the "LIS Rider."

Extra Help is a Medicare program that helps people with limited incomes and resources reduce Medicare Part D prescription drug costs, such as premiums, deductibles, and copays. Extra Help is also called the "Low-Income Subsidy," or "LIS."

Other key terms and their definitions appear in alphabetical order in the last chapter of your *Evidence of Coverage*.

To learn more about prescription drugs, you can look in these places:

- Our List of Covered Drugs.
 - We call this the "Drug List." It tells you:
 - Which drugs we pay for
 - Which of the tiers each drug is in
 - If there are any limits on the drugs
 - o If you need a copy of our *Drug List*, call Member Service. You can also find the most current copy of our *Drug List* on our website at bluecareplus.bcbst.com.
- Chapter 5 of your Evidence of Coverage.
 - o It tells how to get your outpatient prescription drugs through our plan.



- It includes rules you need to follow. It also tells which types of prescription drugs our plan does not cover.
- When you use the plan's "Real Time Benefit Tool" to look up drug coverage (refer to Chapter 5, Section B2), the cost shown is provided in "real time" meaning the cost displayed in the tool reflects a moment in time to provide an estimate of the out-ofpocket costs you are expected to pay. You can call or Member Services for more information.
- Our Provider and Pharmacy Directory.
 - In most cases, you must use a network pharmacy to get your covered drugs.
 Network pharmacies are pharmacies that agree to work with us.
 - The Provider and Pharmacy Directory lists our network pharmacies. Refer to Chapter 5 of your Evidence of Coverage more information about network pharmacies.

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A. The Explanation of Benefits (EOB)

Our plan keeps track of your prescription drugs. We keep track of two types of costs:

- Your out-of-pocket costs. This is the amount of money you, or others on your behalf, pay for your prescriptions. This includes what you paid when you get a covered Part D drug, any payments for your drugs made by family or friends, any payments made for your drugs by "Extra Help" from Medicare, employer or union health plans, Indian Health Service, AIDS drug assistance programs, charities, and most State Pharmaceutical Assistance Programs (SPAPs).
- Your total drug costs. This is the total of all payments made for your covered Part D
 drugs. It includes what the plan paid, and what other programs or organizations paid for
 your covered Part D drugs.

When you get prescription drugs through our plan, we send you a summary called the *Explanation of Benefits*. We call it the EOB for short. The EOB is not a bill. The EOB has more information about the drugs you take such as increases in price and other drugs with lower cost sharing that may be available. You can talk to your prescriber about these lower cost options. The EOB includes:

- **Information for the month**. The summary tells what prescription drugs you got for the previous month. It shows the total drug costs, what we paid, and what you and others paying for you paid.
- Year-to-date information. This is your total drug costs and total payments made since January 1.
- **Drug price information**. This is the total price of the drug and any percentage change in the drug price since the first fill.
- Lower cost alternatives. When available, they appear in the summary below your current drugs. You can talk to your prescriber to find out more.

We offer coverage of drugs not covered under Medicare.

- Payments made for these drugs do not count towards your total out-of-pocket costs.
- To find out which drugs our plan covers, refer to our Drug List.

B. How to keep track of your drug costs

To keep track of your drug costs and the payments you make, we use records we get from you and from your pharmacy. Here is how you can help us:

1. Use your Member ID Card.

Show your Member ID Card every time you get a prescription filled. This helps us know what prescriptions you fill and what you pay.

2. Make sure we have the information we need.

Give us copies of receipts for covered drugs that you paid for. You can ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost of the drug.

Here are some times when you should give us copies of your receipts:

- When you buy a covered drug at a network pharmacy at a special price or using a discount card that is not part of our plan's benefit
- When you pay a copay for drugs that you get under a drug maker's patient assistance program
- When you buy covered drugs at an out-of-network pharmacy
- When you pay the full price for a covered drug

For more information about asking us to pay you back for our share of the cost of a drug, refer to **Chapter 7** of your *Evidence of Coverage*.

3. Send us information about payments others have made for you.

Payments made by certain other people and organizations also count toward your out-of-pocket costs. For example, payments made by an AIDS drug assistance program (ADAP), the Indian Health Service, and most charities count toward your out-of-pocket costs. This can help you qualify for catastrophic coverage. When you reach the Catastrophic Coverage Stage, our plan pays all of the costs of your Medicare Part D drugs for the rest of the year.

4. Check the EOBs we send you.

When you get an EOB in the mail, make sure it is complete and correct.

- **Do you recognize the name of each pharmacy?** Check the dates. Did you get drugs that day?
- **Did you get the drugs listed?** Do they match those listed on your receipts? Do the drugs match what your doctor prescribed?

For more information, you can call BlueCare Plus Tennessee Member Service or read the BlueCare Plus Tennessee *Evidence of Coverage*. You may also access your EOB on our website: bluecareplus.bcbst.com

What if you find mistakes on this summary?

If something is confusing or doesn't seem right on this EOB, please call us at Member Service. You can also find answers to many questions on our website: <u>bluecareplus.bcbst.com</u>.

What about possible fraud?

If this summary shows drugs you're not taking or anything else that seems suspicious to you, please contact us.

- Call us at BlueCare Plus Tennessee Member Service.
- Or call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. You can call these numbers for free, 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
- TennCare Office of Inspector General (OIG) at 1-800-433-3982 or

P.O. Box 282368 Nashville, TN 37228

Tennessee Bureau of Investigation (TBI) Medicaid Fraud unit at 1-800-433-5454 or 901
 R.S. Glass Blvd

Nashville, TN 37216

- Member Fraud: www.tn.gov/finance/fa-oig/fa-oig-report-fraud.html
- Provider Fraud: www.tn.gov/tenncare/fraud-and-abuse/program-integrity.html

If you think something is wrong or missing, or if you have any questions, call Member Service. Keep these EOBs. They are an important record of your drug expenses.

C. Drug Payment Stages for Medicare Part D drugs

There are two payment stages for your Medicare Part D prescription drug coverage under our plan. How much you pay depends on which stage you are in when you get a prescription filled or refilled. These are the two stages:

| Stage 1: Initial Coverage Stage | Stage 2: Catastrophic Coverage Stage |
|--|---|
| During this stage, we pay part of the costs of your drugs, and you pay your share. Your share is called the copay. | During this stage, we pay all of the costs of your drugs through the end of the calendar year |
| You begin in this stage when you fill your first prescription of the year. | You begin this stage when you have paid a certain amount of out-of-pocket costs. |

C1. Our cost sharing tier

The plan has 1 cost sharing tier

Cost-sharing tiers are groups of drugs with the same copay. Every drug on our Drug List is in one of cost-sharing tiers. In general, the higher the tier number, the higher the copay. To find the cost-sharing tiers for your drugs, refer to our Drug List.

Every drug on the plan's "Drug List" is in one cost sharing tier.

Tier 1 - Generic and Brand Drugs (This is the only tier and includes all covered drugs.)

C2. Your pharmacy choices

How much you pay for a drug depends on whether you get the drug from:

- a network pharmacy, or
- an out-of-network pharmacy. In limited cases, we cover prescriptions filled at out-of-network pharmacies. Refer to Chapter 5 of your Evidence of Coverage to find out when we do that.
- A mail-order pharmacy.

Refer to **Chapter 9** of the *Evidence of Coverage* to learn about how to file an appeal if you are told a drug will not be covered. To learn more about these pharmacy choices, refer to **Chapter 5** of your *Evidence of Coverage* and our *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*.

C3. Getting a long-term supply of a drug

For some drugs, you can get a long-term supply (also called an "extended supply") when you fill your prescription. A long-term supply is up to a 90 -day supply. It costs you the same as a one-month supply.

For details on where and how to get a long-term supply of a drug, refer to **Chapter 5** of your *Evidence of Coverage* or our *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*.

C4. What you pay

You may pay a copay when you fill a prescription. If your covered drug costs less than the copay, you pay the lower price.

Contact Member Service to find out how much your copay is for any covered drug.

Your share of the cost when you get a one-month or long-term supply of a covered prescription drug from:

| | A network pharmacy | Our plan's mail- order service | A network long- term care pharmacy | An out-of- network pharmacy |
|------------------------------|--|--|--|---|
| | A one-month or up to a 90-day supply | A one-month or up to a 90-day supply | Up to a 90-day supply | Up to a 90-day supply. Coverage is limited to certain cases. Refer to Chapter 5 of your <i>Evidence of Coverage</i> for details. |
| Cost-sharing Tier 1 | Generic: \$0.00 to \$4.90 copay | Generic: \$0.00 to \$4.90 copay | Generic: \$0.00 to \$4.90 copay | Generic: \$0.00 to \$4.90 copay |
| (Generic and Brand Drugs) | Brand: \$0.00 to \$12.15 copay | Brand: \$0.00 to \$12.15 copay | Brand: \$0.00 to \$12.15 copay | Brand: \$0.00 to \$12.15 copay |

For information about which pharmacies can give you long-term supplies, refer to our plan's *Provider* and *Pharmacy Directory*.

D. Stage 1: The Initial Coverage Stage

During the Initial Coverage Stage, we pay a share of the cost of your covered prescription drugs, and you pay your share. Your share is called the copay. The copay depends on the cost-sharing tier the drug is in and where you get it.

Cost-sharing tiers are groups of drugs with the same copay. Every drug on our plan's *Drug List* is in one cost-sharing tier.

• Tier 1 drugs have the lowest copay. They may be generic drugs or non-Medicare drugs.

The plan has 1 cost sharing tier.

Every drug on the plan's Drug List is in one cost sharing tier.

D1. Your pharmacy choices

How much you pay for a drug depends on if you get the drug from:

- A network pharmacy or
- An out-of-network pharmacy.

In limited cases, we cover prescriptions filled at out-of-network pharmacies. Refer to **Chapter 5** of your *Evidence of Coverage* to find out when we do that.

To learn more about these choices, refer to **Chapter 5** of your *Evidence of Coverage* and to our *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*.

D2. Getting a long-term supply of a drug

For some drugs, you can get a long-term supply (also called an "extended supply") when you fill your prescription. A long-term supply is up to a 90 -day supply. It costs you the same as a one-month supply.

For details on where and how to get a long-term supply of a drug, refer to **Chapter 5** of your *Evidence of Coverage* or our plan's *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*.

D3. What you pay

During the Initial Coverage Stage, you may pay a copay each time you fill a prescription. If your covered drug costs less than the copay, you pay the lower price.

Contact Member Service to find out how much your copay is for any covered drug. Your share of the cost when you get a one-month or long-term supply of a covered prescription drug from:

| | A network pharmacy | Our plan's mail-order service | A network long-term care pharmacy | An out-of- network pharmacy |
|---------------------|--|--|---|---|
| | A one-month or up to a 90-day supply | A one-month or up to a 90-day supply | Up to a 90-day supply | Up to a 90-day supply. Coverage is limited to certain cases. Refer to Chapter 5 of your <i>Evidence of Coverage</i> for details. |
| Cost-sharing Tier 1 | Generic: \$0.00 to \$4.90 | Generic: \$0.00 to \$4.90 | Generic: \$0.00 to \$4.90 | Generic: \$0.00 to \$4.90 |
| (Generic and Brand | copay | copay | copay | copay |
| Drugs) | Brand: \$0.00 to \$12.15 copay | Brand: \$0.00 to \$12.15 copay | Brand: \$0.00 to \$12.15 copay | Brand: \$0.00 to \$12.15 copay |

For information about which pharmacies can give you long-term supplies, refer to our *Provider and Pharmacy Directory*.

D4. End of the Initial Coverage Stage

The Initial Coverage Stage ends when your total out-of-pocket costs reach **\$2,000**. At that point, the Catastrophic Coverage Stage begins. We cover all your drug costs from then until the end of the year.

Your EOB helps you keep track of how much you have paid for your drugs during the year. We let you know if you reach the **\$2,000** limit. Many people do not reach it in a year.

E. Stage 2: The Catastrophic Coverage Stage

When you reach the out-of-pocket limit of **\$2,000** for your prescription drugs, the Catastrophic Coverage Stage begins. You stay in the Catastrophic Coverage Stage until the end of the calendar year. During this stage, you pay nothing for your Part D covered drugs.

F. Your drug costs if your doctor prescribes less than a full month's supply

Usually you pay a copay to cover a full month's supply of a covered drug. However, your doctor can prescribe less than a month's supply of drugs.

- There may be times when you want to ask your doctor about prescribing less than a
 month's supply of a drug (for example, when you are trying a drug for the first time that is
 known to have serious side effects).
- If your doctor agrees, you do not pay for the full month's supply for certain drugs.

When you get less than a month's supply of a drug, the amount you pay is based on the number of days of the drug that you get. We calculate the amount you pay per day for your drug (the "daily cost-sharing rate") and multiply it by the number of days of the drug you get.

- **Here's an example:** Let's say the copay for your drug for a full month's supply (a 30-day supply) is \$1.35. This means that the amount you pay for your drug is less than \$0.05 per day. If you get a 7 days' supply of the drug, your payment is less than \$.05 per day multiplied by 7 days, for a total payment less than \$0.35.
- Daily cost-sharing allows you to make sure a drug works for you before you pay for an entire month's supply.
- You can also ask your provider to prescribe less than a full month's supply of a drug to help you:
 - Better plan when to refill your drugs,
 - Coordinate refills with other drugs you take, and
 - Take fewer trips to the pharmacy.

G. Prescription cost-sharing assistance for persons with HIV/AIDS

G1. The AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)

The ADAP helps eligible individuals living with HIV/AIDS access life-saving HIV medications. Outpatient Medicare Part D prescription drugs that are also covered by ADAP qualify for prescription cost-sharing assistance through the TN Department of Health for individuals enrolled in ADAP.

G2. If you are not enrolled in ADAP

For information on eligibility criteria, covered drugs, or how to enroll in the program, call 1-800-525-2437 or check the ADAP website at www.tn.gov/health/health-program-areas/std/std/ryanwhite.html.

G3. If you are enrolled in ADAP

ADAP can continue to provide ADAP clients with Medicare Part D prescription cost-sharing assistance for drugs on the ADAP formulary. To be sure you continue getting this assistance, notify Ryan White Program (Tennessee's AIDS Drug Assistance Program) of any changes in your Medicare Part D plan name or policy number. If you need help finding the nearest ADAP enrollment site and/or enrollment worker, call 1-615-741-7500 or check the website listed above.

H. Vaccinations

Important Message About What You Pay for Vaccines: Some vaccines are considered medical benefits and are covered under Medicare Part B. Other vaccines are considered Medicare Part D drugs. You can find these vaccines listed in the plan's *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)*. Our plan covers most adult Medicare Part D vaccines at no cost to you. Refer to your plan's *List of Covered Drugs (Formulary)* or contact Member Services for coverage and cost sharing details about specific vaccines.

There are two parts to our coverage of Medicare Part D vaccinations:

- 1. The first part of coverage is for the cost of the vaccine itself. The vaccine is a prescription drug.
- 2. The second part of coverage is for the cost of giving you the vaccine. For example, sometimes you may get the vaccine as a shot given to you by your doctor.

H1. What you need to know before you get a vaccination

We recommend that you call Member Service if you plan to get a vaccination.

- We can tell you about how our plan covers your vaccination and explain your share of the cost.
- We can tell you how to keep your costs down by using network pharmacies and providers. Network pharmacies and providers agree to work with our plan.

H2. What you pay for a vaccination covered by Medicare Part D

What you pay for a vaccination depends on the type of vaccine (what you are being vaccinated for).

Some vaccines are considered health benefits rather than drugs. These vaccines are
covered at no cost to you. To learn about coverage of these vaccines, refer to the
Benefits Chart in Chapter 4 of your Evidence of Coverage.

 Other vaccines are considered Medicare Part D drugs. You can find these vaccines on our plan's *Drug List*. You may have to pay a copay for Medicare Part D vaccines. If the vaccine is recommended for adults by an organization called the **Advisory Committee** or Immunization Practices (ACIP) then the vaccine will cost you nothing.

Here are three common ways you might get a Medicare Part D vaccination.

- You get the Medicare Part D vaccine and your shot at a network pharmacy.
 - For most adult Part D vaccines, you will pay nothing.
 - For other Part D vaccines, you pay a copay for the vaccine.
- You get the Medicare Part D vaccine at your doctor's office, and your doctor gives you the shot.
 - You pay a copay to the doctor for the vaccine.
 - Our plan pays for the cost of giving you the shot.
 - The doctor's office should call our plan in this situation so we can make sure they know you only have to pay a copay for the vaccine.
- 3. You get the Medicare Part D vaccine medication at a pharmacy, and you take it to your doctor's office to get the shot.
 - For most adult Part D vaccines, you will pay nothing for the vaccine itself.
 - For other Part D vaccines, you pay copay for the vaccine.
 - Our plan pays for the cost of giving you the shot.

Below are a few examples of vaccines covered under Part D of this plan:

Tdap (Tetanus, Diphtheria and Pertussis (Whooping Cough))
 Shingles

Chapter 7: Asking us to pay our share of a bill you got for covered services or drugs

Introduction

This chapter tells you how and when to send us a bill to ask for payment. It also tells you how to make an appeal if you do not agree with a coverage decision. Key terms and their definitions appear in alphabetical order in the last chapter of your *Evidence of Coverage*.

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A. Asking us to pay for your services or drugs

Our network providers must bill the plan for your covered services and drugs after you get them. A network provider is a provider who works with the health plan.

We do not allow BlueCare Plus Choice providers to bill you for these services or drugs. We pay our providers directly, and we protect you from any charges.

If you get a bill for the full cost of health care or drugs, do not pay the bill and send the bill to us. To send us a bill, refer to Chapter 7, Section B of the *Evidence of Coverage*.

- If we cover the services or drugs, we will pay the provider directly.
- If we cover the services or drugs and you already paid more than your share of the cost, it is your right to be paid back.
 - o If you paid for services covered by Medicare, we will pay you back.
 - If you paid for services covered by TennCare we can't pay you back, but the provider will. Member Service can help you contact the provider's office. Refer to the bottom of the page for the Member Service phone number.
- If we do not cover the services or drugs, we will tell you.

Contact Member Service if you have any questions. If you do not know what you should have paid, or if you get a bill and you don't know what to do about it, we can help. You can also call if you want to tell us information about a request for payment you already sent to us.

Here are examples of times when you may need to ask us to pay you back or to pay a bill you got:

1. When you get emergency or urgently needed health care from an out-of-network provider

Ask the provider to bill us.

- If you pay the full amount when you get the care, ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost. Send us the bill and proof of any payment you made.
- You may get a bill from the provider asking for payment that you think you don't owe.
 Send us the bill and proof of any payment you made.
 - o If the provider should be paid, we will pay the provider directly.



 If you already paid more than your share of the cost for the Medicare service, we will figure out how much you owed and pay you back for our share of the cost.

2. When a network provider sends you a bill

Network providers must always bill us. It's important to show your Member ID Card when you get any services or prescriptions. But sometimes they make mistakes, and ask you to pay for your services or more than your share of the costs. **Call Member Service** at the number at the bottom of this page **if you get any bills.**

- As a plan member, you only pay the copay when you get services we cover. We don't
 allow providers to bill you more than this amount. This is true even if we pay the provider
 less than the provider charged for a service. Even if we decide not to pay for some
 charges, you still do not pay them.
- Whenever you get a bill from a network provider, send us the bill. We will contact the provider directly and take care of the problem.
- If you already paid a bill from a network provider for Medicare-covered services, send us the bill and proof of any payment you made. We will pay you back for your covered services.

3. If you are retroactively enrolled in our plan

Sometimes your enrollment in the plan can be retroactive. (This means that the first day of your enrollment has passed. It may have even been last year.)

- If you were enrolled retroactively and you paid a bill after the enrollment date, you can ask us to pay you back.
- Send us the bill and proof of any payment you made.

4. When you use an out-of-network pharmacy to get a prescription filled

If you use an out-of-network pharmacy, you pay the full cost of your prescription.

- In only a few cases, we will cover prescriptions filled at out-of-network pharmacies. Send us a copy of your receipt when you ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost..
- Refer to **Chapter 5** of your *Evidence of Coverage* to learn more about out-of-network pharmacies.

 We may not pay you back the difference between what you paid for the drug at the outof-network pharmacy and the amount that we would pay at an in-network pharmacy.

5. When you pay the full prescription cost because you don't have your Member ID Card with you

If you don't have your Member ID Card with you, you can ask the pharmacy to call us or look up your plan enrollment information.

- If the pharmacy can't get the information right away, you may have to pay the full prescription cost yourself or return to the pharmacy with your Member ID Card.
- Send us a copy of your receipt when you ask us to pay you back for our share of the cost.
- We may not pay you back the full cost you paid if the cash price you paid is higher than our negotiated price for the prescription.

6. When you pay the full prescription cost for a drug that's not covered

You may pay the full prescription cost because the drug isn't covered.

- The drug may not be on our List of Covered Drugs (Drug List) on our website, or it may have a requirement or restriction that you don't know about or don't think applies to you. If you decide to get the drug, you may need to pay the full cost.
 - If you don't pay for the drug but think we should cover it, you can ask for a coverage decision (refer to Chapter 9 of your Evidence of Coverage).
 - If you and your doctor or other prescriber think you need the drug right away, (within 24 hours), you can ask for a fast coverage decision (refer to **Chapter 9** of your Evidence of Coverage).
- Send us a copy of your receipt when you ask us to pay you back. In some cases, we
 may need to get more information from your doctor or other prescriber to pay you back
 for our share of the cost of the drug. We may not pay you back the full cost you paid if
 the price you paid is higher than our negotiated price for the prescription.

When you send us a request for payment, we review it and decide whether the service or drug should be covered. This is called making a "coverage decision." If we decide the service or drug should be covered, we pay for our share of the cost of it.

If we deny your request for payment, you can appeal our decision. To learn how to make an appeal, refer to **Chapter 9** of your *Evidence of Coverage*.



B. Sending us a request for payment

Send us your bill and proof of any payment you made for Medicare services. Proof of payment can be a copy of the check you wrote or a receipt from the provider. It's a good idea to make a copy of your bill and receipts for your records. You must send your medical information to us within twelve months of the date you received the service, item, or drug. Pharmacy requests must be submitted within thirty-six months from the received date of the drug.

To make sure you give us all the information we need to decide, you can fill out our claim form to ask for payment.

- You aren't required to use the form, but it helps us process the information faster. The
 following information is required for a decision: Member ID number, Member Name,
 Provider NPI number, Provider Name, Date(s) of Service, Procedure Code, itemization
 of the charge for each service and proof of payment,
- You can get the form on our website (<u>bluecareplus.bcbst.com</u>), or you can call Member Service and ask for the form.

Mail your request for payment together with any bills or receipts to this address:

• Medical Requests:

BlueCare Plus Tennessee

ATTN: BlueCare Plus Operations

1 Cameron Hill Circle, Suite 0002

Chattanooga, TN 37402-0002

• Pharmacy Requests:

BlueCross BlueShield of Tennessee

ATTN: Medicare Part D Prescription Drug Claim Request

1 Cameron Hill Circle, Suite 48

Chattanooga, TN 37402-0048

You must submit your claim to us within twelve months of the date you got the service, item, or drug.

C. Coverage decisions

When we get your request for payment, we make a coverage decision. This means that we decide if our plan covers your service, item, or drug. We also decide the amount of money, if any, you must pay.

- We will let you know if we need more information from you.
- If we decide that our plan covers the service, item, or drug and you followed all the rules for getting it, we will pay our share of the cost for it. If you already paid for the service or drug, we will mail you a check for what you paid or our share of the cost. If you paid the full cost of a drug, you might not be reimbursed the full amount you paid (for example, if you obtained a drug at an out-of-network pharmacy or if the cash price you paid is higher than our negotiated price). If you haven't paid, we will pay the provider directly.

Chapter 3 of your Evidence of Coverage explains the rules for getting your services covered **Chapter 5** of your Evidence of Coverage explains the rules for getting your Medicare Part D prescription drugs covered.

- If we decide not to pay for our share of the cost of the service or drug, we will send you a letter with the reasons. The letter also explains your rights to make an appeal.
- To learn more about coverage decisions, refer to **Chapter 9, Section E1** of the *Evidence of Coverage*.

D. Appeals

If you think we made a mistake in turning down your request for payment, you can ask us to change our decision. This is called "making an appeal." You can also make an appeal if you don't agree with the amount we pay.

The formal appeals process has detailed procedures and deadlines. To learn more about appeals, refer to **Chapter 9** of your *Evidence of Coverage*.

- To make an appeal about getting paid back for a health care service, refer to Section F.
- To make an appeal about getting paid back for a drug, refer to Section G.

Chapter 8: Your rights and responsibilities

Introduction

This chapter includes your rights and responsibilities as a member of our plan. We must honor your rights. Key terms and their definitions appear in alphabetical order in the last chapter of your *Evidence of Coverage*.

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A. Your right to get services and information in a way that meets your needs

We must ensure **all** services are provided to you in a culturally competent and accessible manner. We must also tell you about our plan's benefits and your rights in a way that you can understand. We must tell you about your rights each year that you are in our plan. We must provide information in a way that works for you and consistent with your cultural sensitivities (in languages other than English or alternate formats

- To get information in a way that you can understand, call your care coordinator or Member Service. Our plan has free interpreter services available to answer questions in different languages.
- Our plan can also give you materials in languages other than English including Spanish and Arabic and in formats such as large print, braille, or audio. To obtain materials in one of these alternative formats, please call Member Service or write to BlueCare Plus Tennessee, 1 Cameron Hill Circle, Suite 0039, Chattanooga, TN 37402
- Members can call Member Service at the toll free number at the bottom of this page to
 request needed materials in their preferred language. If you would like to receive these
 materials annually, please let <u>us</u> know when you make your request. We will document
 your preferences and send you these materials annually. If you would like to stop
 receiving these materials annually, please call us at the toll free number at the bottom of
 this page
- If English is not your first language, you can ask for an interpreter when you get your
 care. This is a free service for you. Before your appointment, call us or your provider
 so you can get help with language services.
- You can also check in our Provider Directory to find doctors who speak other languages. You can also access our online Provider Directory for the most up to date information at <u>bluecareplus.bcbst.com</u>. Our plan has free interpreter services available to answer questions from non-English speaking members.
- You can also get free help to communicate with your doctor like a sign language interpreter, writing notes, or a story board. Before your appointment, call us or your provider to get this help.
- Si el inglés no es su primer idioma, puede pedir un intérprete para sus consultas. Éste es un servicio gratuito para usted. **Antes de su cita, llámenos o llame a su proveedor** para que pueda recibir ayuda con servicios lingüísticos.

- También puede consultar nuestro Directorio de Proveedores para buscar médicos que hablan otros idiomas <DSNP – if this information is available anywhere else, i.e. your website, reference other ways to access>
- También puede recibir ayuda gratuita para comunicarse con su doctor, como un intérprete de lenguaje de señas, escribir notas o un guión gráfico. Antes de su cita, llámenos o llámenos a su proveedor para recibir esta ayuda.

If you have trouble getting information from our plan because of language problems or a disability and you want to file a complaint, call:

- Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). You can call 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.
- TennCare, Office of Civil Rights Compliance at 1-855-857-1673 (TRS 711) To file a
 complaint or learn more about your rights visit www.tn.gov/tenncare/members-applicants/civil-rights-compliance.html
- U.S. Department of Health & Human Services Office for Civil Rights at 1-800-368-1019.
 TTY users should call 1-800-537-7697. To file a complaint or learn more about your rights visit: www.hhs.gov/ocr/complaints/index.html

B. Our responsibility for your timely access to covered services and drugs

You have rights as a member of our plan.

- You have the right to choose a primary care provider (PCP) in our network. A network provider is a provider who works with us. You can find more information about what types of providers may act as a PCP and how to choose a PCP in **Chapter 3** of your *Evidence of Coverage*.
 - Call Member Service or look in the Provider and Pharmacy Directory to learn more about network providers and which doctors are accepting new patients.
- We do not require you to get referrals to go to network providers.

- You have the right to get covered services from network providers within a reasonable amount of time.
 - This includes the right to get timely services from specialists.
 - If you can't get services within a reasonable amount of time, we must pay for out-of-network care.
- You have the right to get emergency services or care that is urgently needed without prior approval (PA).
- You have the right to get your prescriptions filled at any of our network pharmacies without long delays.
- You have the right to know when you can use an out-of-network provider. To learn about out-of-network providers, refer to **Chapter 3** of your *Evidence of Coverage*.

Chapter 9 of your Evidence of Coverage tells what you can do if you think you aren't getting your services or drugs within a reasonable amount of time. It also tells what you can do if we denied coverage for your services or drugs and you don't agree with our decision.

C. Our responsibility to protect your personal health information (PHI)

We protect your PHI as required by federal and state laws.

Your PHI includes information you gave us when you enrolled in our plan. It also includes your medical records and other medical and health information.

You have rights when it comes to your information and controlling how your PHI is used. We give you a written notice that tells about these rights and explains how we protect the privacy of your PHI. The notice is called the "Notice of Privacy Practice."

C1. How we protect your PHI

We make sure that no unauthorized people look at or change your records.

Except for the cases noted below, we don't give your PHI to anyone not providing your care or paying for your care. If we do, we must get written permission from you first. You, or someone legally authorized to make decisions for you, can give written permission.

Sometimes we don't need to get your written permission first. These exceptions are allowed or required by law:



- We must release PHI to government agencies checking on our plan's quality of care.
- We must release PHI by court order.
- We must give Medicare your PHI. If Medicare releases your PHI for research or other
 uses, they do it according to federal laws. TennCare exchanges PHI under restricted
 and limited use to process and pay claims, in accordance with federal regulations.

C2. Your right to look at your medical records

- You have the right to look at your medical records and to get a copy of your records. We may charge you a fee for making a copy of your medical records.
- You have the right to ask us to update or correct your medical records. If you ask us to do this, we work with your health care provider to decide if changes should be made.
- You have the right to know if and how we share your PHI with others.

If you have questions or concerns about the privacy of your PHI, call Member Services.

D. Our responsibility to give you information

As a member of our plan, you have the right to get information from us about our plan, our network providers, and your covered services.

If you don't speak English, we have interpreter services to answer questions you have about our plan. To get an interpreter, call Member Service. This is a free service to you. Some plan materials are available for free in Spanish and Arabic upon request

We can also give you information in large print, braille, or audio. If you want information about any of the following, call Member Service:

- How to choose or change plans
- Our plan, including:
 - o financial information
 - how plan members have rated us
 - o the number of appeals made by members
 - how to leave our plan

- Our network providers and our network pharmacies, including:
 - how to choose or change primary care providers
 - qualifications of our network providers and pharmacies
 - how we pay providers in our network
- Covered services and drugs, including:
 - services (refer to Chapters 3 and 4 of your Evidence of Coverage) and drugs (refer to Chapters 5 and 6 of your Evidence of Coverage) covered by our plan
 - limits to your coverage and drugs
 - rules you must follow to get covered services and drugs
- Why something is not covered and what you can do about it (refer to Chapter 9 of your Evidence of Coverage), including asking us to:
 - put in writing why something is not covered
 - change a decision we made
 - o pay for a bill you got

E. Inability of network providers to bill you directly

Doctors, hospitals, and other providers in our network cannot make you pay for covered services. They also cannot balance bill or charge you if we pay less than the amount the provider charged. To learn what to do if a network provider tries to charge you for covered services, refer to **Chapter 7** of your Evidence of Coverage.

F. Your right to leave our plan

No one can make you stay in our plan if you do not want to.

- You have the right to get most of your health care services through Original Medicare or another Medicare Advantage (MA) plan.
- You can get your Medicare Part D prescription drug benefits from a prescription drug plan or from another MA plan.
- Refer to Chapter 10 of your Evidence of Coverage:



- For more information about when you can join a new MA or prescription drug benefit plan.
- o For information about how you will get your TennCare benefits if you leave our plan.

G. Your right to make decisions about your health care

You have the right to full information from your doctors and other health care providers to help you make decisions about your health care.

G1. Your right to know your treatment choices and make decisions

Your providers must explain your condition and your treatment choices in a way that you can understand. You have the right to:

- **Know your choices.** You have the right to be told about all treatment options.
- **Know the risks.** You have the right to be told about any risks involved. We must tell you in advance if any service or treatment is part of a research experiment. You have the right to refuse experimental treatments.
- Get a second opinion. You have the right to use another doctor before deciding on treatment.
- Say no. You have the right to refuse any treatment. This includes the right to leave a hospital or other medical facility, even if your doctor advises you not to. You have the right to stop taking a prescribed drug. If you refuse treatment or stop taking a prescribed drug, we will not drop you from our plan. However, if you refuse treatment or stop taking a drug, you accept full responsibility for what happens to you.
- Ask us to explain why a provider denied care. You have the right to get an explanation from us if a provider denied care that you think you should get.
- Ask us to cover a service or drug that we denied or usually don't cover. This is called a coverage decision. Chapter 9 of your Evidence of Coverage tells how to ask us for a coverage decision.

G2. Your right to say what you want to happen if you are unable to make health care decisions for yourself

Sometimes people are unable to make health care decisions for themselves. Before that happens to you, you can:

- Fill out a written form giving someone the right to make health care decisions for you.
- **Give your doctors written instructions** about how to handle your health care if you become unable to make decisions for yourself, including care you do **not** want.

The legal document that you use to give your directions is called an "advance directive." There are different types of advance directives and different names for them. Examples are a living will and a power of attorney for health care.

You are not required to have an advance directive, but you can. Here's what to do if you want to use an advance directive:

- Get the form. You can get the form from your doctor, a lawyer, a legal services agency, or a social worker. Pharmacies and provider offices often have the forms. You can find a free form online and download it. You can also contact Member Service to ask for the form.
- **Fill out the form and sign it.** The form is a legal document. You should consider having a lawyer or someone else you trust, such as a family member or your PCP, help you complete it.
- **Give copies to people who need to know.** You should give a copy of the form to your doctor. You should also give a copy to the person you name to make decisions for you. You may want to give copies to close friends or family members. Keep a copy at home.
- If you are being hospitalized and you have a signed advance directive, take a copy of it to the hospital.
 - The hospital will ask if you have a signed advance directive form and if you have it with you.
 - If you don't have a signed advance directive form, the hospital has forms and will ask if you want to sign one.

You have the right to:

- Have your advance directive placed in your medical records.
- Change or cancel your advance directive at any time.

Call Member Services for more information.

G3. What to do if your instructions are not followed

If you signed an advance directive and you think a doctor or hospital didn't follow the instructions in it, you can make a complaint with Tennessee Department of Health.

H. Your right to make complaints and ask us to reconsider our decisions

Chapter 9 of your Evidence of Coverage tells you what you can do if you have any problems or concerns about your covered services or care. For example, you can ask us to make a coverage decision, make an appeal to change a coverage decision, or make a complaint.

You have the right to get information about appeals and complaints that other plan members have filed against us. Call Member Services to get this information.

H1. What to do about unfair treatment or to get more information about your rights

If you think we treated you unfairly – and it is **not** about discrimination for reasons listed in **Chapter 11** of your *Evidence of Coverage* – or you want more information about your rights, you can call:

- Member Services.
- The TN SHIP program at 1-877-801-0044 For more details about TN SHIP>, refer to Chapter 2, Section C of your *Evidence of Coverage*.
- The Ombudsperson Program 1-877-236-0013 or 615-532-3893 (TDD). For more details about this program, refer to **Chapter 2** of your *Evidence of Coverage*.

Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. (You can also read or download "Medicare Rights & Protections," found on the Medicare website at www.medicare.gov/Pubs/pdf/11534-Medicare-Rights-and-Protections.pdf.)

I. Your responsibilities as a plan member

As a plan member, you have a responsibility to do the things that are listed below. If you have any questions, call Member Services.

- Read the Evidence of Coverage to learn what our plan covers and the rules to follow to get covered services and drugs. For details about your:
 - Covered services, refer to Chapters 3 and 4 of your Evidence of Coverage.
 Those chapters tell you what is covered, what is not covered, what rules you need to follow, and what you pay.
 - Covered drugs, refer to Chapters 5 and 6 of your Evidence of Coverage.
- Tell us about any other health or prescription drug coverage you have. We must make sure you use all of your coverage options when you get health care. Call Member Services if you have other coverage.
- **Tell your doctor and other health care providers** that you are a member of our plan. Show your Member ID Card when you get services or drugs.
- **Help your doctors** and other health care providers give you the best care.
 - Give them information they need about you and your health. Learn as much as you can about your health problems. Follow the treatment plans and instructions that you and your providers agree on.
 - Make sure your doctors and other providers know about all of the drugs you take. This includes prescription drugs, over-the-counter drugs, vitamins, and supplements.
 - Ask any questions you have. Your doctors and other providers must explain things in a way you can understand. If you ask a question and you don't understand the answer, ask again.
- Be considerate. We expect all plan members to respect the rights of others. We also
 expect you to act with respect in your doctor's office, hospitals, and other provider
 offices.
- Pay what you owe. As a plan member, you are responsible for these payments:
 - Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B premiums. For most BlueCare Plus Choice members, Medicaid pays for your Medicare Part A premium and for your Medicare Part B premium.

- For some of your long-term services and supports or drugs covered by the plan, you must pay your share of the cost when you get the service or drug. This will be a copayment/copay. Chapter 4 tells what you must pay for your long-term services and supports. Chapter 6 tells what you must pay for your drugs.
- If you get any services or drugs that are not covered by our plan, you
 must pay the full cost. (Note: If you disagree with our decision to not cover a
 service or drug, you can make an appeal. Please refer to Chapter 9, Section
 E2 to learn how to make an appeal.
- **Tell us if you move.** If you plan to move, tell us right away. Call Member Service.
 - If you move outside of our service area, you cannot stay in our plan. Only people who live in our service area can be members of this plan. Chapter 1 of your Evidence of Coverage tells about our service area.
 - We can help you find out if you're moving outside our service area. We can tell
 you if we have a plan in your new area.
 - Tell Medicare and TennCare your new address when you move. Refer to Chapter 2 of your Evidence of Coverage for phone numbers for Medicare and TennCare
 - o **If you move and stay in our service area, we still need to know.** We need to keep your membership record up to date and know how to contact you.
- Call Member Service for help if you have questions or concerns.

I1. Estate Recovery

Estate Recovery is the way TennCare collects money from the estates of people who received TennCare long-term services and supports and passed away. TennCare is required by federal law to recoup (get back) these payments after the death of the member This is referred to as "estate recovery." The kinds of care that must be paid back are listed below.

Your "estate" is the property, belongings, money, and other assets that you own at the time of your death. Estate recovery is using the value of your property after you die to pay TennCare back for care you got. Keep reading to find out who has to pay TennCare back and how much your estate will have to pay back.

TennCare can't ask for the money back until **after** your death. TennCare can't ask for more money back than what was paid for. TennCare can't ask your family to pay for your care out of their own pockets.



If the value of all of your assets at the time of your death is less than TennCare's bill, TennCare is only allowed to get the value of your assets and no more. For example, if the only thing that you own at the time of your death is a home valued at \$50,000 but TennCare has a bill of \$75,000, then TennCare is only allowed to collect \$50,000. TennCare cannot ask your family to pay for the remaining amount.

12. Who has to pay TennCare back for their care?

TennCare **must** ask to be paid back for money it spent on your care if you are age 55 and older and got care in a nursing home or ICF/IID, home care—called home and community-based services or HCBS, home health or private duty nursing.

13. What kinds of care must be paid back to TennCare?

TennCare **must** ask to be repaid for:

- Care in a nursing home or ICF/IID.
- Home care, known as home and community-based services or HCBS.
- Home Health or private duty nursing.
- Hospital care and prescription drugs related to your long-term care services.

14. How much will your estate have to pay TennCare back for your care?

To provide long-term care, TennCare contracts with a health insurance company (also called a "managed care organization" or "MCO"). When someone receives TennCare, TennCare pays a monthly premium to the insurance company. The monthly premium is called a "capitation rate." In return, the insurance company pays the health care provider (like a nursing facility or other entity providing long-term care in the home/community) for the person's care. Under federal law, TennCare must ask to be paid back the premium payment it made to the insurance company for you.

The premium payment made to the insurance company is the same each month, no matter what services you actually receive that month. The premium payment can also be different depending on what type of long-term care you have and the part of the state you live in.

15. TennCare may not have to get the money back from your estate if:

- You do not have money, property, or other assets when you die or
- The things you left can't be used to pay people you owe through probate court. An
 example is life insurance money.

I6. What if I sell or give away my home while I am receiving TennCare?

Then you must tell TennCare that you sold or gave away your home, which can affect your TennCare eligibility. You must also tell TennCare about any transfer made five years before you received TennCare. If you do not tell them about the transfer, they can have the transfer set aside and ask to be paid back from your estate, family member(s), or any other person that participated in the transfer.

17. What are the reasons that TennCare can delay estate recovery?

In some situations, estate recovery is delayed or "deferred," which means that TennCare will not go after your estate until a later date. TennCare defers estate recovery for an individual's estate when:

- You have a surviving husband or wife. TennCare cannot collect money from your estate until the death of your husband or wife.
- You have a child that is under the age of 21. TennCare cannot collect money from your estate until your child is over the age of 21.
- You have a blind or permanently disabled child. TennCare cannot recover until the death of the disabled child.
- You have a son or daughter whose care kept you out of the nursing home for at least two years. TennCare cannot collect money from your estate until your son or daughter no longer lives at the property.
- Your brother or sister whose care kept you out of the nursing home lived in your home
 for a year before you got nursing home or home care. If the brother or sister passes
 away or no longer resides at the property, then the deferral no longer exists.
- If the property is the family's only income, like a family farm.

18. How will your family find out if your estate owes money to TennCare?

To find out if the estate owes money to TennCare, your family or representative must submit a Request for Release Form to TennCare in one of three ways:

- Get the Request for Release online at: https://www.tn.gov/content/dam/tn/tenncare/documents/releaseform.pdf
- Get the Request for Release from the Probate Court Clerk's office by asking for a "Request for Release from Estate Recovery".

 Get the Request for Release from TennCare by sending a fax to: 615-413-1941 or a letter to Division of TennCare Estate Recovery Unit

310 Great Circle Rd. 4th Floor Nashville, TN 37243

19. What if you do have to pay TennCare money from your estate?

Your family or representative has many options if there is a TennCare claim:

- They can pay the TennCare claim from your remaining belongings
- Your estate can be admitted to "Probate." When this happens, a Court will appoint
 someone known as an administrator (or if you have a will this person is known as an
 executor) to sell your property, to pay any debts that you might have had while alive, and
 then give your heirs the remaining property/money if there is anything left. Your family or
 TennCare can request that an administrator be appointed for your estate.

They may apply for a deferral of Estate Recovery.

Chapter 9. What to do if you have a problem or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, complaints)

Introduction

This chapter has information about your rights. Read this chapter to find out what to do if:

- You have a problem with or complaint about your plan.
- You need a service, item, or medication that your plan said it won't pay for.
- You disagree with a decision your plan made about your care.
- You think your covered services are ending too soon.

This chapter is in different sections to help you easily find what you are looking for. If you have a problem or concern, read the parts of this chapter that apply to your situation.

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A. What to do if you have a problem or concern

This chapter explains how to handle problems and concerns. The process you use depends on the type of problem you have. Use one process for **coverage decisions and appeals** and another for **making complaints**; also called grievances.

To ensure fairness and promptness, each process has a set of rules, procedures, and deadlines that we and you must follow.

A1. About the legal terms

There are legal terms in this chapter for some rules and deadlines. Many of these terms can be hard to understand, so we use simpler words in place of certain legal terms when we can. We use abbreviations as little as possible.

For example, we say:

- "Making a complaint" instead of "filing a grievance"
- "Coverage decision" instead of "organization determination", "benefit determination", "at-risk determination", or "coverage determination"
- "Fast coverage decision" instead of "expedited determination"
- "Independent Review Organization" (IRO) instead of "Independent Review Entity" (IRE)

Knowing the proper legal terms may help you communicate more clearly, so we provide those too.

B. Where to get help

B1. For more information and help

Sometimes it's confusing to start or follow the process for dealing with a problem. This can be especially true if you don't feel well or have limited energy. Other times, you may not have the information you need to take the next step.

Help from the Tennessee State Health Insurance Assistance Program (TN SHIP)

You can call the TN SHIP program. TN SHIP counselors can answer your questions and help you understand what to do about your problem. TN SHIP is not connected with us or with any insurance

company or health plan. TN SHIP has trained counselors in every county, and services are free. The TN SHIP phone number is 1-877-801-0044.

Help and information from Medicare

For more information and help, you can contact Medicare. Here are two ways to get help from Medicare:

- Call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users call 1-877-486-2048.
- Visit the Medicare website (www.medicare.gov).

Help and information from TennCare

Call TennCare 1-855-259-0701 or 1-800-848-0298 (TTY).

C. Understanding Medicare and TennCare complaints and appeals in our plan

You have Medicare and TennCare. Information in this chapter applies to all of your Medicare and TennCare benefits. This is sometimes called an "integrated process" because it combines, or integrates, Medicare and TennCare processes.

Sometimes Medicare and TennCare processes cannot be combined. In those situations, you use one process for a Medicare benefit and another process for a TennCare benefit. **Section F4** explains these situations.

D. Problems with your benefits

If you have a problem or concern, read the parts of this chapter that apply to your situation. The following chart helps you find the right section of this chapter for problems or complaints.

Is your problem or concern about your benefits or coverage?

This includes problems about whether particular medical care (medical items, services and/or Part B prescription drugs) are covered or not, the way they are covered, and problems about payment for medical care.

Yes.

My problem is about benefits or coverage.

Refer to **Section E**, "Coverage decisions and appeals."

No.

My problem is not about benefits or coverage.

Refer to **Section K**, "How to make a complaint."

E. Coverage decisions and appeals

The process for asking for a coverage decision and making an appeal deals with problems related to your benefits and coverage for your medical care (services, items and Part B prescription drugs, including payment). To keep things simple we generally refer to medical items, services, and Part B prescription drugs as **medical care**.

E1. Coverage decisions

A coverage decision is a decision we make about your benefits and coverage or about the amount we pay for your medical services or drugs. For example, if your plan network provider refers you to a medical specialist outside of the network, this referral is considered a favorable decision unless either your network provider can show that you received a standard denial notice for this medical specialist, or the referred service is never covered under any condition (refer to **Chapter 4**, Section H of your *Evidence of Coverage*).

You or your doctor can also contact us and ask for a coverage decision. You or your doctor may be unsure whether we cover a specific medical service or if we may refuse to provide medical care you think you need. If you want to know if we will cover a medical service before you get it, you can ask us to make a coverage decision for you.

We make a coverage decision whenever we decide what is covered for you and how much we pay. In some cases, we may decide a service or drug is not covered or is no longer covered for you by Medicare or TennCare If you disagree with this coverage decision, you can make an appeal.

E2. Appeals

If we make a coverage decision and you are not satisfied with this decision, you can "appeal" the decision. An appeal is a formal way of asking us to review and change a coverage decision we have made.

When you appeal a decision for the first time, this is called a Level 1 Appeal. In this appeal, we review the coverage decision we made to check if we followed all rules properly. Different reviewers than those who made the original unfavorable decision handle your appeal.

When we complete the review, we give you our decision. Under certain circumstances, explained later in this chapter Section F. F2, you can ask for an expedited or "fast coverage decision" or "fast appeal" of a coverage decision.

If we say **No** to part or all of what you asked for, we will send you a letter. If your problem is about coverage of a Medicare medical care, the letter will tell you that we sent your case to the Independent Review Organization (IRO) for a Level 2 Appeal. If your problem is about coverage of a Medicare Part D or Medicaid service or item, the letter will tell you how to file a Level 2 Appeal yourself. Refer to **Section F4** for more information about Level 2 Appeals. If your problem is about coverage of a service or item covered by both Medicare and Medicaid, the letter will give you information regarding both types of Level 2 Appeals. If your problem is about a coverage of a service or item covered by both Medicare and Medicaid, the letter will give you information regarding both types of Level 2 appeals.

If you are not satisfied with the Level 2 Appeal decision, you may be able to go through additional levels of appeal.

E3. Help with coverage decisions and appeals

You can ask for help from any of the following:

- **Member Services** at the numbers at the bottom of the page.
- Tennessee State Health Insurance Assistance Program (TN SHIP) at 1-877-801-0044
- Your doctor or other provider. Your doctor or other provider can ask for a coverage decision or appeal on your behalf.
- A friend or family member. You can name another person to act for you as your "representative" and ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal.

- A lawyer. You have the right to a lawyer, but you are not required to have a lawyer to ask for a coverage decision or make an appeal.
 - Call your own lawyer, or get the name of a lawyer from the local bar association or other referral service. Some legal groups will give you free legal services if you qualify.

Fill out the Appointment of Representative form if you want a lawyer or someone else to act as your representative. The form gives someone permission to act for you.

Call Member Services at the numbers at the bottom of the page and ask for the "Appointment of Representative" form. You can also get the form by visiting www.cms.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf or on our website at bluecareplus.bcbst.com. You must give us a copy of the signed form.

E4. Which section of this chapter can help you

There are four situations that involve coverage decisions and appeals. Each situation has different rules and deadlines. We give details for each one in a separate section of this chapter. Refer to the section that applies:

- Section F, "Medical care" F2, Asking for a coverage decision
- Section G, "Medicare Part D prescription drugs" G1. Medicare Part D coverage decisions and appeals
- **Section H**, "Asking us to cover a longer hospital stay" *H1. Learning about your Medicare Rights*
- **Section I**, "Asking us to continue covering certain medical services" *I1, Advance notice before your coverage ends* (This section only applies to these services: home health care, skilled nursing facility care, and Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility (CORF) services.)

If you're not sure which section to use, call Member Services at the numbers at the bottom of the page. You can get free help from your State Health Insurance Assistance Program. Your doctor or other health care provider can make a request for you.

F. Medical care

This section explains what to do if you have problems getting coverage for medical care or if you want us to pay you back for our share of the cost of your care.

This section is about your benefits for medical care that is described in **Chapter 4** of your *Evidence of Coverage*. In some cases, different rules may apply to a Medicare Part B prescription drug. When they do, we explain how rules for Medicare Part B prescription drugs differ from rules for medical services and items.

F1. Using this section

This section explains what you can do in any of the five following situations:

1. You think we cover medical care you need but are not getting.

What you can do: You can ask us to make a coverage decision. Refer to Section F2.

2. We didn't approve the medical care your doctor or other health care provider wants to give you, and you think we should.

What you can do: You can appeal our decision. Refer to Section F3.

3. You got medical care that you think we cover, but we will not pay.

What you can do: You can appeal our decision not to pay. Refer to Section F5.

4. You got and paid for medical care you thought we cover, and you want us to pay you back.

What you can do: You can ask us to pay you back. Refer to Section F5.

5. We reduced or stopped your coverage for certain medical care, and you think our decision could harm your health.

What you can do: You can appeal our decision to reduce or stop the medical care. Refer to **Section F4**.

- If the coverage is for hospital care, home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or CORF services, special rules apply. Refer to Section H, H1. Learning about your Medicare rights or Section I, I1 Advance notice before your coverage ends to find out more.
- For all other situations involving reducing or stopping your coverage for certain medical care, use this section (**Section F**) as your guide.



F2. Asking for a coverage decision

When a coverage decision involves your medical care, it's called an "integrated organization determination."

You, your doctor, or your representative can ask us for a coverage decision by:

- Calling: **1-800-332-5762**, TTY **711**. Calls to this number are **free**. From Oct. 1 to Mar. 31, you can call us seven days a week from 8 a.m. to 9 p.m. ET. From April 1 to Sept. 30, you can call us Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 9 p.m. ET.
- Faxing: 888-725-6849.
- Writing: BlueCare Plus Tennessee, 1 Cameron Hill Circle, Suite 0002, Chattanooga, TN 37402-0002.

Standard coverage decision

When we give you our decision, we use the "standard" deadlines unless we agree to use the "fast" deadlines. A standard coverage decision means we give you an answer about a:

- Medical service or item within 14 calendar days after we get your request.
- Medicare Part B prescription drug within 72 hours after we get your request.

For a medical item or service, we can take up to 14 more calendar days if you ask for more time or if we need more information that may benefit you (such as medical records from out-of-network providers). If we take extra days to make the decision, we will tell you in writing. We can't take extra days if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.

If you think we should not take extra days, you can make a "fast complaint" about our decision to take extra days. When you make a fast complaint, we give you an answer to your complaint within 24 hours. The process for making a complaint is different from the process for coverage decisions and appeals. For more information about making a complaint, including a fast complaint, refer to **Section K**, **K1** *What kinds of problems should be complaints*.

Fast coverage decision

The legal term for "fast coverage decision" is "expedited determination."

When you ask us to make a coverage decision about your medical care and your health requires a quick response, ask us to make a "fast coverage decision." A fast coverage decision means we will give you an answer about a:



- Medical service or item within 72 hours after we get your request.
- Medicare Part B prescription drug within 24 hours after we get your request.

For a medical item or service, we can take up to 14 more calendar days if we find information that may benefit you is missing (such as medical records from out-of-network providers) or if you need time to get us information for the review. If we take extra days to make the decision, we will tell you in writing. We can't take extra time if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug.

If you think we should **not** take extra days to make the coverage decision, you can make a "fast complaint" about our decision to take extra days. For more information about making a complaint, including a fast complaint, refer to **Section K**, **K2**. *Internal complaints*. We will call you as soon as we make the decision.

To get a fast coverage decision, you must meet two requirements:

- You are asking for coverage for medical items and/or services that you did not get. You
 can't ask for a fast coverage decision about payment for items or services you already
 got.
- Using the standard deadlines could cause serious harm to your health or hurt your ability to function.

We automatically give you a fast coverage decision if your doctor tells us your health requires it. If you ask without your doctor's support, we decide if you get a fast coverage decision.

- If we decide that your health doesn't meet the requirements for a fast coverage decision, we send you a letter that says so and we use the standard deadlines instead. The letter tells you:
 - We automatically give you a fast coverage decision if your doctor asks for it.
 - How you can file a "fast complaint" about our decision to give you a standard coverage decision instead of a fast coverage decision. For more information about making a complaint, including a fast complaint, refer to Section K, K2. Internal complaints.

If we say No to part or all of your request, we send you a letter explaining the reasons.

• If we say **No**, you have the right to make an appeal. If you think we made a mistake, making an appeal is a formal way of asking us to review our decision and change it.

• If you decide to make an appeal, you will go on to Level 1 of the appeals process (refer to **Section F3**, Making a Level 1 Appeal).

In limited circumstances we may dismiss your request for a coverage decision, which means we won't review the request. Examples of when a request will be dismissed include:

- if the request is incomplete,
- if someone makes the request on your behalf but isn't legally authorized to do so, or
- if you ask for your request to be withdrawn.

If we dismiss a request for a coverage decision, we will send you a notice explaining why the request was dismissed and how to ask for a review of the dismissal. This review is called an appeal. Appeals are discussed in the next section.

F3. Making a Level 1 Appeal

To start an appeal, you, your doctor, or your representative must contact us. Call us at **1-800-332-5762**. TTY **711**.

Ask for a standard appeal or a fast appeal in writing or by calling us at 1-800-332-5762.

- If your doctor or other prescriber asks to continue a service or item you are already
 getting during your appeal, you may need to name them as your representative to act on
 your behalf.
- If someone other than your doctor makes the appeal for you, include an Appointment of Representative form authorizing this person to represent you. You can get the form by visiting www.cms.gov/Medicare/CMS-Forms/CMS-Forms/downloads/cms1696.pdf or on our website at bluecareplus.bcbst.com.
- We can accept an appeal request without the form, but we can't begin or complete our review until we get it. If we don't get the form before our deadline for making a decision on your appeal:
 - We dismiss your request, and
 - We send you a written notice explaining your right to ask the IRO to review our decision to dismiss your appeal.
- You must ask for an appeal within 60 calendar days from the date on the letter we sent to tell you our decision.



- If you miss the deadline and have a good reason for missing it, we may give you more time to make your appeal. Examples of good reasons are things like you had a serious illness or we gave you the wrong information about the deadline. Explain the reason why your appeal is late when you make your appeal.
- You have the right to ask us for a free copy of the information about your appeal. You and your doctor may also give us more information to support your appeal.

If your health requires it, ask for a fast appeal.

The legal term for "fast appeal" is "expedited reconsideration."

 If you appeal a decision we made about coverage for care that you did not get, you and/or your doctor decide if you need a fast appeal.

We automatically give you a fast appeal if your doctor tells us your health requires it. If you ask without your doctor's support, we decide if you get a fast appeal.

- If we decide that your health doesn't meet the requirements for a fast appeal, we send you a letter that says so and we use the standard deadlines instead. The letter tells you:
 - o We automatically give you a fast appeal if your doctor asks for it.
 - How you can file a "fast complaint" about our decision to give you a standard appeal instead of a fast appeal. For more information about making a complaint, including a fast complaint, refer to Section K, K2. Internal complaints.

If we tell you we are stopping or reducing services or items that you already get, you may be able to continue those services or items during your appeal.

- If we decide to change or stop coverage for a service or item that you get, we send you a notice before we take action.
- If you disagree with our decision, you can file a Level 1 Appeal.
- We continue covering the service or item if you ask for a Level 1 Appeal within 10 calendar days of the date on our letter or by the intended effective date of the action, whichever is later.
 - If you meet this deadline, you will get the service or item with no changes while your Level 1 appeal is pending.



- You will also get all other services or items (that are not the subject of your appeal) with no changes.
- If you do not appeal before these dates, then your service or item will not be continued while you wait for your appeal decision.

We consider your appeal and give you our answer.

- When we review your appeal, we take another careful look at all information about your request for coverage of medical care.
- We check if we followed all the rules when we said No to your request.
- We gather more information if we need it. We may contact you or your doctor to get more information.

There are deadlines for a fast appeal.

- When we use the fast deadlines, we must give you our answer within 72 hours after we get your appeal. We will give you our answer sooner if your health requires it.
- If you ask for more time or if we need more information that may benefit you, we can take up to 14 more calendar days if your request is for a medical item or service.
 - o If we need extra days to make the decision, we tell you in writing.
 - If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, we can't take extra time to make the decision.
 - o If we don't give you an answer within 72 hours or by the end of the extra days we took, we must send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process. An IRO then reviews it. Later in this chapter **Section F, F4.** Making a Level 2 Appeal, we tell you about this organization and explain the Level 2 appeals process.: If your problem is about coverage of a Medicaid service or item, you can file a Level 2 Fair Hearing with the state yourself as soon as the time is up. In Tennessee a Fair Hearing is called an appeal.
- If we say Yes to part or all of your request, we must authorize or provide the coverage we agreed to provide within 72 hours after we get your appeal.
- If we say No to part or all of your request, we send your appeal to the IRO for a Level 2 Appeal.

There are deadlines for a standard appeal.

- When we use the standard deadlines, we must give you our answer within 30 calendar days after we get your appeal for coverage for services you didn't get.
- If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug you didn't get, we give you our answer within 7 calendar days after we get your appeal or sooner if your health requires it.
- If you ask for more time or if we need more information that may benefit you, we can take up to 14 more calendar days if your request is for a medical item or service.
 - If we need extra days to make the decision, we tell you in writing.
 - If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, we can't take extra time to make the decision.
 - If you think we should **not** take extra days, you can file a fast complaint about our decision. When you file a fast complaint, we give you an answer within 24 hours. For more information about making complaints, including fast complaints, refer to **Section K**.
 - o If we don't give you an answer by the deadline or by the end of the extra days we took, we must send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process. An IRO then reviews it. Later in this chapter **Section F, F4**. *Making a Level 2 Appeal*, we tell you about this organization and explain the Level 2 appeals process. If your problem is about coverage of a Medicaid service or item, you can file a Level 2 Fair Hearing with the state yourself as soon as the time is up. In Tennessee a Fair Hearing is called an appeal.

If we say Yes to part or all of your request, we must authorize or provide the coverage we agreed to provide within 30 calendar days, or within 7 calendar days if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, after we get your appeal.

If we say **No** to part or all of your request, **you have additional appeal rights:**

- If we say **No** to part or all of what you asked for, we send you a letter.
- If your problem is about coverage of a Medicare service or item, the letter tells you that we sent your case to the IRO for a Level 2 Appeal.
- If your problem is about coverage of a TennCare service or item, the letter tells you how to file a Level 2 Appeal yourself.

F4. Making a Level 2 Appeal

If we say **No** to part or all of your Level 1 Appeal, we send you a letter. This letter tells you if Medicare, TennCare, or both programs usually cover the service or item.

- If your problem is about a service or item that Medicare usually covers, we automatically send your case to Level 2 of the appeals process as soon as the Level 1 Appeal is complete.
- If your problem is about a service or item that TennCare usually covers, you can file a
 Level 2 Appeal yourself. The letter tells you how to do this. We also include more
 information later in this chapter Section F. F4 Making a Level 2 Appeal.
- If your problem is about a service or item that both Medicare and TennCare may cover, you automatically get a Level 2 Appeal with the IRO. You can also ask for a Fair Hearing with the state.

If you qualified for continuation of benefits when you filed your Level 1 Appeal, your benefits for the service, item, or drug under appeal may also continue during Level 2. Refer to **Section F3** *Making a Level 1 Appeal* for information about continuing your benefits during Level 1 Appeals.

- If your problem is about a service usually covered only by Medicare, your benefits for that service don't continue during the Level 2 appeals process with the IRO.
- If your problem is about a service usually covered only by TennCare, your benefits for that service continue if you submit a Level 2 Appeal within 10 calendar days after getting our decision letter.

When your problem is about a service or item Medicare usually covers

The IRO reviews your appeal. It's an independent organization hired by Medicare.

The formal name for the "Independent Review Organization" (IRO) is the "Independent Review Entity", sometimes called the "IRE".

- This organization isn't connected with us and isn't a government agency. Medicare
 chose the company to be the IRO, and Medicare oversees their work.
- We send information about your appeal (your "case file") to this organization. You have the right to a free copy of your case file.
- You have a right to give the IRO additional information to support your appeal.



Reviewers at the IRO take a careful look at all information related to your appeal.

If you had a fast appeal at Level 1, you also have a fast appeal at Level 2.

- If you had a fast appeal to us at Level 1, you automatically get a fast appeal at Level 2. The IRO must give you an answer to your Level 2 Appeal within 72 hours of getting your appeal.
- If your request is for a medical item or service and the IRO needs to gather more
 information that may benefit you, it can take up to 14 more calendar days. The IRO
 can't take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B
 prescription drug.

If you had a standard appeal at Level 1, you also have a standard appeal at Level 2.

- If you had a standard appeal to us at Level 1, you automatically get a standard appeal at Level 2.
- If your request is for a medical item or service, the IRO must give you an answer to your Level 2 Appeal within 30 calendar days of getting your appeal.
- If your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, the IRO must give you an answer to your Level 2 Appeal within 7 calendar days of getting your appeal.
- If your request is for a medical item or service and the IRO needs to gather more
 information that may benefit you, it can take up to 14 more calendar days. The IRO
 take extra time to make a decision if your request is for a Medicare Part B prescription
 drug.

The IRO gives you their answer in writing and explains the reasons.

- If the IRO says Yes to part or all of a request for a medical item or service, we must:
 - o Authorize the medical care coverage within 72 hours, or
 - Provide the service within 14 calendar days after we get the IRO's decision for standard requests, or
 - Provide the service within 72 hours from the date we get the IRO's decision for expedited requests.



- If the IRO says Yes to part or all of a request for a Medicare Part B prescription drug, we must authorize or provide the Medicare Part B prescription drug under dispute:
 - within 72 hours after we get the IRO's decision for standard requests, or
 - within 24 hours from the date we get the IRO's decision for expedited requests.
- If the IRO says No to part or all of your appeal, it means they agree that we should not approve your request (or part of your request) for coverage for medical care. This is called "upholding the decision" or "turning down your appeal."
 - If your case meets the requirements, you choose whether you want to take your appeal further.
 - There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2, for a total of five levels.
 - If your Level 2 Appeal is turned down and you meet the requirements to continue the appeals process, you must decide whether to go on to Level 3 and make a third appeal. The details about how to do this are in the written notice you get after your Level 2 Appeal.
 - An Administrative Law Judge (ALJ) or attorney adjudicator handles a Level 3
 Appeal. Refer to Section J, J3. Appeals Levels 3, 4 and 5 for Medicare Part D
 Drug Requests for more information about Level 3, 4, and 5 Appeals.

When your problem is about a service or item Medicaid usually covers, or that is covered by both Medicare and TennCare

A Level 2 Appeal for services that TennCare usually covers is a Fair Hearing with the state. You must ask for a Fair Hearing in writing or by phone within 120 calendar days of the date we sent the decision letter on your Level 1 Appeal. The letter you get from us tells you where to submit your request for a Fair Hearing

You can file an appeal by calling TennCare Member Medical Appeals at 1-800-878-3192.

If you have an emergency and your health plan agrees that you do, you will get an
expedited appeal. An expedited appeal will be decided in about one week. It could take
longer if your health plan needs more time to get your medical records.

- If you are already getting care, you may be able to keep getting it during your appeal. To keep getting care during your appeal, **all** of these things must be true:
 - You must appeal by the date your care will stop or change or within 10 days of the date on the letter from your health plan (whichever date is later).
 - You must say in your appeal that you want to keep getting the care during the appeal.
 - The appeal must be for the kind and amount of care you've been getting that has been stopped or changed.
 - You must have a doctor's order for the care (if one is needed).
 - The care must be something that TennCare still covers.

IMPORTANT: What if you want to keep getting care **during** your appeal and you lose your appeal? You may have to pay TennCare back for the care you got during your appeal.

What does TennCare do when you appeal about a health care problem?

- When TennCare gets your appeal, they will send you a letter that says they got your appeal. If you asked to keep getting your care during your appeal, it will say if you can keep getting your care. If you asked for an emergency appeal, it will say if you can have an emergency appeal.
- If TennCare needs more facts to work your appeal, you'll get a letter that says what facts they still need. You should give TennCare all of the facts that they ask for as soon as possible. If you don't, your appeal may end.
- TennCare must decide a regular appeal in 90 days. If you have an emergency appeal, they'll try to decide your appeal in about one week (unless they need more time to get your medical records).

What happens at a fair hearing about health care problems?

- Your hearing can be by phone or in person. The different people who may be at your hearing include:
 - o An administrative judge
 - A TennCare lawyer
 - o A witness for TennCare (someone like a doctor or nurse from TennCare),



- You can talk for yourself. Or, you can bring someone else, like a friend or a lawyer, to talk for you.
- During the hearing, you get to tell the judge facts and proof about your health and medical care. The judge will listen to everyone's side.

The Fair Hearing office gives you their decision in writing and explain the reasons.

- If the Fair Hearing office says **Yes** to part or all of a request for a medical item or service, we must authorize or provide the service or item within 72 hours after we get their decision.
- If the Fair Hearing office says **No** to part or all of your appeal, it means they agree that we should not approve your request (or part of your request) for coverage for medical care. This is called "upholding the decision" or "turning down your appeal."

If the IRO or Fair Hearing office decision is **No** for all or part of your request, you have additional appeal rights.

If your Level 2 Appeal went to the **IRO**, you can appeal again only if the dollar value of the service or item you want meets a certain minimum amount. An ALJ or attorney adjudicator handles a Level 3 Appeal. **The letter you get from the IRO explains additional appeal rights you may have**.

The letter you get from the Fair Hearing office describes the next appeal option.

Refer to **Section J**, **J3**. Appeal Levels 3, 4 and 5 for Medicare Part D Drug Requests for more information about your appeal rights after Level 2.

F5. Payment problems

We do not allow our network providers to bill you for covered services and items. This is true even if we pay the provider less than the provider charges for a covered service or item. You are never required to pay the balance of any bill. The only amount you should be asked to pay is the copay for *drug* categories that require a copay.

We can't reimburse you directly for a Medicaid service or item. If you get a bill that is more than your copay, for Medicaid covered services and items, send the bill to us. You should not pay the bill yourself. We will contact the provider directly and take care of the problem. If you do pay the bill, you can get a refund from that health care provider if you followed the rules for getting services or item.

If you want us to reimburse you for a **Medicare** service or item or you are asking us to pay a health care provider for a Medicaid service or item you paid for, you will ask us to make this a coverage decision. We will check if the service or item you paid for is covered and if you followed all the rules for using your coverage. For more information, refer to **Chapter 7** of your *Evidence of Coverage*.



G. Medicare Part D prescription drugs

Your benefits as a member of our plan include coverage for many prescription drugs. Most of these are Medicare Part D drugs. There are a few drugs that Medicare Part D doesn't cover that TennCare may cover. **This section only applies to Medicare Part D drug appeals.** We'll say "drug" in the rest of this section instead of saying "Medicare Part D drug" every time.

To be covered, the drug must be used for a medically accepted indication. That means the drug is approved by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) or supported by certain medical references. Refer to **Chapter 5** of your Evidence of Coverage for more information about a medically accepted indication.

G1. Medicare Part D coverage decisions and appeals

Here are examples of coverage decisions you ask us to make about your Medicare Part D drugs:

- You ask us to make an exception, including asking us to:
 - o cover a Medicare Part D drug that is not on our plan's Drug List or
 - set aside a restriction on our coverage for a drug (such as limits on the amount you can get)
- You ask us if a drug is covered for you (such as when your drug is on our plan's Drug List but we must approve it for you before we cover it)

NOTE: If your pharmacy tells you that your prescription can't be filled as written, the pharmacy gives you a written notice explaining how to contact us to ask for a coverage decision.

An initial coverage decision about your Medicare Part D drugs is called a "coverage determination."

 You ask us to pay for a drug you already bought. This is asking for a coverage decision about payment.

If you disagree with a coverage decision we made, you can appeal our decision. This section tells you both how to ask for coverage decisions and how to make an appeal. Use the chart below to help you.

Which of these situations are you in?

| You need a drug that isn't on our <i>Drug List</i> or need us to set aside a rule or restriction on a drug we cover. | You want us to cover a drug on our <i>Drug List</i> , and you think you meet plan rules or restrictions (such as getting approval in advance) for the drug you need. | You want to ask us to pay you back for a drug you already got and paid for. | We told you that we won't cover or pay for a drug in the way that you want. |
|--|--|---|---|
| You can ask us to | You can ask us for | You can ask us to | You can make an |
| make an exception. (This is a type of | a coverage decision. | pay you back. (This is a type of coverage | appeal. (This means you ask us to |
| coverage decision.) | decision. | decision.)> | reconsider.) |
| Start with Section G2, then refer to Sections G3 and G4 | Refer to Section G4 | Refer to Section G4 | Refer to Section G5 |
| | G4 . Asking for a | G4 . Asking for a | G5 . Making a Level |
| G2 . Medicare Part D exceptions, | coverage decision, including an exception | coverage decision, including an exception | 1 Appeal |
| G3. Important things | · | · | |
| to know about asking for an exception, | | | |
| G4. Asking for a | | | |
| coverage decision, including an | | | |
| exception. | | | |

G2. Medicare Part D exceptions

If we don't cover a drug in the way you would like, you can ask us to make an "exception." If we turn down your request for an exception, you can appeal our decision.

When you ask for an exception, your doctor or other prescriber needs to explain the medical reasons why you need the exception.

Asking for coverage of a drug not on our Drug List or for removal of a restriction on a drug is sometimes called asking for a "formulary exception."

Here are some examples of exceptions that you or your doctor or other prescriber can ask us to make:

1. Covering a drug that is not on our Drug List

- If we agree to make an exception and cover a drug that is not on our Drug List, you pay the copay that applies to all of our drugs.
- You can't get an exception to the required copay amount for the drug.

2. Removing a restriction for a covered drug

- Extra rules or restrictions apply to certain drugs on our *Drug List* (refer to **Chapter 5** of your *Evidence of Coverage* for more information).
- Extra rules and restrictions for certain drugs include:
 - Being required to use the generic version of a drug instead of the brand name drug.
 - Getting our approval in advance before we agree to cover the drug for you. This
 is sometimes called "prior authorization (PA)."
 - Being required to try a different drug first before we agree to cover the drug you ask for. This is sometimes called "step therapy."
 - Quantity limits. For some drugs, there are restrictions on the amount of the drug you can have.

If we agree to an exception for you and set aside a restriction, you can ask for an
exception to the copay amount you're required to pay.

Asking to pay a lower price for a covered non-preferred drug is sometimes called asking for a "tiering exception."

- Our *Drug List* often includes more than one drug for treating a specific condition. These are called "alternative" drugs.
- If an alternative drug for your medical condition is in a lower cost-sharing tier than the drug you take, you can ask us to cover it at the cost-sharing amount for the alternative drug. This would lower your copay amount for the drug.

G3. Important things to know about asking for an exception

Your doctor or other prescriber must tell us the medical reasons.

Your doctor or other prescriber must give us a statement explaining the medical reasons for asking for an exception. For a faster decision, include this medical information from your doctor or other prescriber when you ask for the exception.

Our Drug List often includes more than one drug for treating a specific condition. These are called "alternative" drugs. If an alternative drug is just as effective as the drug you ask for and wouldn't cause more side effects or other health problems, we generally do **not** approve your exception request.

We can say Yes or No to your request.

- If we say **Yes** to your exception request, the exception usually lasts until the end of the calendar year. This is true as long as your doctor continues to prescribe the drug for you and that drug continues to be safe and effective for treating your condition.
- If we say No to your exception request, you can make an appeal. Refer to Section G5
 Making a Level 1 Appeal for information on making an appeal if we say No.

The next section tells you how to ask for a coverage decision, including an exception.

G4. Asking for a coverage decision, including an exception

- Ask for the type of coverage decision you want by calling <phone number>, writing, or faxing us. You, your representative, or your doctor (or other prescriber) can do this.
 Please include your name, contact information, and information about the claim.
- You or your doctor (or other prescriber) or someone else acting on your behalf can ask for a coverage decision. You can also have a lawyer act on your behalf.
- Refer to **Section E3** *Help with coverage decisions and appeals* to find out how to name someone as your representative.
- You don't need to give written permission to your doctor or other prescriber to ask for a coverage decision on your behalf.
- If you want to ask us to pay you back for a drug, refer to **Chapter 7** of your *Evidence of Coverage*.
- If you ask for an exception, give us a "supporting statement." The supporting statement includes your doctor or other prescriber's medical reasons for the exception request.
- Your doctor or other prescriber can fax or mail us the supporting statement. They can also tell us by phone and then fax or mail the statement.
- You may submit a pharmacy request through our secure portal via our website
 members.bcbst.com/wps/myportal/member/home/pharmacy
 To initiate the request, you
 must have registered an online account, sign in, and provide specific information and
 details related to the type of drug, quantity, and prescriber. To assist us in processing
 your request, please be sure to include your name, contact information, and information
 identifying which denied claim is being appealed.

If your health requires it, ask us for a "fast coverage decision."

We use the "standard deadlines" unless we agree to use the "fast deadlines."

- A standard coverage decision means we give you an answer within 72 hours after we get your doctor's statement.
- A **fast coverage decision** means we give you an answer within 24 hours after we get your doctor's statement.

A "fast coverage decision" is called an "expedited coverage determination."

You can get a fast coverage decision if:

- It's for a drug you didn't get. You can't get a fast coverage decision if you are asking us to pay you back for a drug you already bought.
- Your health or ability to function would be seriously harmed if we use the standard deadlines.

If your doctor or other prescriber tells us that your health requires a fast coverage decision, we agree and give it to you. We send you a letter that tells you.

- If you ask for a fast coverage decision without support from your doctor or other prescriber, we decide if you get a fast coverage decision.
- If we decide that your medical condition doesn't meet the requirements for a fast coverage decision, we use the standard deadlines instead.
 - We send you a letter that tells you. The letter also tells you how to make a complaint about our decision.
 - You can file a fast complaint and get a response within 24 hours. For more information making complaints, including fast complaints, refer to **Section K**, **K2** *Internal complaints*.

Deadlines for a fast coverage decision

- If we use the fast deadlines, we must give you our answer within 24 hours after we get your request. If you ask for an exception, we give you our answer within 24 hours after we get your doctor's supporting statement. We give you our answer sooner if your health requires it.
- If we don't meet this deadline, we send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process for review by an IRO. Refer to **Section G6**. *Making a Level 2 Appeal* for more information about a Level 2 Appeal.
- If we say **Yes** to part or all of your request, we give you the coverage within 24 hours after we get your request or your doctor's supporting statement.
- If we say No to part or all of your request, we send you a letter with the reasons. The letter also tells you how you can make an appeal.



Deadlines for a standard coverage decision about a drug you didn't get

- If we use the standard deadlines, we must give you our answer within 72 hours after we
 get your request. If you ask for an exception, we give you our answer within 72 hours
 after we get your doctor's supporting statement. We give you our answer sooner if your
 health requires it.
- If we don't meet this deadline, we send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process for review by an IRO.
- If we say **Yes** to part or all of your request, we give you the coverage within 72 hours after we get your request or your doctor's supporting statement for an exception.
- If we say **No** to part or all of your request, we send you a letter with the reasons. The letter also tells you how to make an appeal.

Deadlines for a standard coverage decision about a drug you already bought

- We must give you our answer within 14 calendar days after we get your request.
- If we don't meet this deadline, we send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process for review by an IRO.
- If we say **Yes** to part or all of your request, we pay you back within 14 calendar days.
- If we say **No** to part or all of your request, we send you a letter with the reasons. The letter also tells you how to make an appeal.

G5. Making a Level 1 Appeal

An appeal to our plan about a Medicare Part D drug coverage decision is called a plan "redetermination".

- Start your standard or fast appeal by calling <phone number>, writing, or faxing us.
 You, your representative, or your doctor (or other prescriber) can do this. Please include your name, contact information, and information regarding your appeal.
- You must ask for an appeal within 65 calendar days from the date on the letter we sent to tell you our decision.

- If you miss the deadline and have a good reason for missing it, we may give you more time to make your appeal. Examples of good reasons are things like you had a serious illness or we gave you the wrong information about the deadline. Explain the reason why your appeal is late when you make your appeal.
- You have the right to ask us for a free copy of the information about your appeal. You and your doctor may also give us more information to support your appeal.

If your health requires it, ask for a fast appeal.

A fast appeal is also called an "expedited redetermination."

- If you appeal a decision we made about a drug you didn't get, you and your doctor or other prescriber decide if you need a fast appeal.
- Requirements for a fast appeal are the same as those for a fast coverage decision.
 Refer to Section G4 Asking for a coverage decision, including an exception for more information.

We consider your appeal and give you our answer.

- We review your appeal and take another careful look at all of the information about your coverage request.
- We check if we followed the rules when we said No to your request.
- We may contact you or your doctor or other prescriber to get more information.

Deadlines for a fast appeal at Level 1

- If we use the fast deadlines, we must give you our answer within 72 hours after we get your appeal.
 - We give you our answer sooner if your health requires it.
 - o If we don't give you an answer within 72 hours, we must send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process. Then an IRO reviews it. Refer to **Section G6**. *Making a Level 2 Appeal* for information about the review organization and the Level 2 appeals process.
- If we say **Yes** to part or all of your request, we must provide the coverage we agreed to provide within 72 hours after we get your appeal.



• If we say **No** to part or all of your request, we send you a letter that explains the reasons and tells you how you can make an appeal.

Deadlines for a standard appeal at Level 1

- If we use the standard deadlines, we must give you our answer within 7 calendar days after we get your appeal for a drug you didn't get.
- We give you our decision sooner if you didn't get the drug and your health condition requires it. If you believe your health requires it, ask for a fast appeal.
 - If we don't give you a decision within 7 calendar days, we must send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process. Then an IRO reviews it. Refer to Section G6. Making a Level 2 Appeal for information about the review organization and the Level 2 appeals process.

If we say **Yes** to part or all of your request:

- We must provide the coverage we agreed to provide as quickly as your health requires, but no later than 7 calendar days after we get your appeal.
- We must send payment to you for a drug you bought within 30 calendar days after we get your appeal.

If we say **No** to part or all of your request:

- We send you a letter that explains the reasons and tells you how you can make an appeal.
- We must give you our answer about paying you back for a drug you bought within 14 calendar days after we get your appeal.
 - If we don't give you a decision within 14 calendar days, we must send your request to Level 2 of the appeals process. Then an IRO reviews it. Refer to Section G6. Making a Level 2 Appeal, for information about the review organization and the Level 2 appeals process.
- If we say **Yes** to part or all of your request, we must pay you within 30 calendar days after we get your request.
- If we say **No** to part or all of your request, we send you a letter that explains the reasons and tells you how you can make an appeal.

G6. Making a Level 2 Appeal

If we say **No** to your Level 1 Appeal, you can accept our decision or make another appeal. If you decide to make another appeal, you use the Level 2 Appeal appeals process. The **IRO** reviews our decision when we said **No** to your first appeal. This organization decides if we should change our decision.

The formal name for the "Independent Review Organization" (IRO) is the "Independent Review Entity", sometimes called the "IRE".

To make a Level 2 Appeal, you, your representative, or your doctor or other prescriber must contact the IRO **in writing** and ask for a review of your case.

- If we say **No** to your Level 1 Appeal, the letter we send you includes **instructions about how to make a Level 2 Appeal** with the IRO. The instructions tell who can make the Level 2 Appeal, what deadlines you must follow, and how to reach the organization.
- When you make an appeal to the IRO, we send the information we have about your appeal to the organization. This information is called your "case file". You have the right to a free copy of your case file.
- You have a right to give the IRO additional information to support your appeal.

The IRO reviews your Medicare Part D Level 2 Appeal and gives you an answer in writing. Refer to **Section F4.** *Making a Level 2 Appeal* for more information about the IRO.

Deadlines for a fast appeal at Level 2

If your health requires it, ask the IRO for a fast appeal.

- If they agree to a fast appeal, they must give you an answer within 72 hours after getting your appeal request.
- If they say **Yes** to part or all of your request, we must provide the approved drug coverage **within 24 hours** after getting the IRO's decision.

Deadlines for a standard appeal at Level 2

If you have a standard appeal at Level 2, the IRO must give you an answer:

- within 7 calendar days after they get your appeal for a drug you didn't get.
- within 14 calendar days after getting your appeal for repayment for a drug you bought.

If the IRO says **Yes** to part or all of your request:

- We must provide the approved drug coverage within 72 hours after we get the IRO's decision.
- We must pay you back for a drug you bought within 30 calendar days after we get the IRO's decision.
- If the IRO says **No** to your appeal, it means they agree with our decision not to approve your request. This is called "upholding the decision" or "turning down your appeal".

If the IRO says **No** to your Level 2 Appeal, you have the right to a Level 3 Appeal if the dollar value of the drug coverage you ask for meets a minimum dollar value. If the dollar value of the drug coverage you ask for is less than the required minimum, you can't make another appeal. In that case, the Level 2 Appeal decision is final. The IRO sends you a letter that tells you the minimum dollar value needed to continue with a Level 3 Appeal.

If the dollar value of your request meets the requirement, you choose if you want to take your appeal further.

- There are three additional levels in the appeals process after Level 2.
- If the IRO says No to your Level 2 Appeal and you meet the requirement to continue the appeals process, you:
 - Decide if you want to make a Level 3 Appeal.
 - Refer to the letter the IRO sent you after your Level 2 Appeal for details about how to make a Level 3 Appeal.

An ALJ or attorney adjudicator handles Level 3 Appeals. Refer to **Section J**, **J3**. Appeals Levels 3, 4 and 5 for Medicare Part D Drug Requests for information about Level 3, 4, and 5 Appeals.

H. Asking us to cover a longer hospital stay

When you're admitted to a hospital, you have the right to get all hospital services that we cover that are necessary to diagnose and treat your illness or injury. For more information about our plan's hospital coverage, refer to **Chapter 4** of your *Evidence of Coverage*.

During your covered hospital stay, your doctor and the hospital staff work with you to prepare for the day when you leave the hospital. They also help arrange for care you may need after you leave.

• The day you leave the hospital is called your "discharge date."



• Your doctor or the hospital staff will tell you what your discharge date is.

If you think you're being asked to leave the hospital too soon or you are concerned about your care after you leave the hospital, you can ask for a longer hospital stay. This section tells you how to ask.

H1. Learning about your Medicare rights

Within two days after you're admitted to the hospital, someone at the hospital, such as a nurse or caseworker, will give you a written notice called "An Important Message from Medicare about Your Rights." Everyone with Medicare gets a copy of this notice whenever they are admitted to a hospital.

If you don't get the notice, ask any hospital employee for it. If you need help, call Member Services at the numbers at the bottom of the page. You can also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

- Read the notice carefully and ask questions if you don't understand. The notice tells
 you about your rights as a hospital patient, including your rights to:
 - Get Medicare-covered services during and after your hospital stay. You have the right to know what these services are, who will pay for them, and where you can get them.
 - o Be a part of any decisions about the length of your hospital stay.
 - Know where to report any concerns you have about the quality of your hospital care.
 - Appeal if you think you're being discharged from the hospital too soon.
- Sign the notice to show that you got it and understand your rights.
 - You or someone acting on your behalf can sign the notice.
 - Signing the notice only shows that you got the information about your rights.
 Signing does not mean you agree to a discharge date your doctor or the hospital staff may have told you.
- **Keep your copy** of the signed notice so you have the information if you need it.

If you sign the notice more than two days before the day you leave the hospital, you'll get another copy before you're discharged.

You can look at a copy of the notice in advance if you:

- Call Member Services at the numbers at the bottom of the page
- Call Medicare at 1-800 MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
 TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.
- Visit <u>www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General-</u> Information/BNI/HospitalDischargeAppealNotices.

H2. Making a Level 1 Appeal

If you want us to cover your inpatient hospital services for a longer time, make an appeal. The Quality Improvement Organization (QIO) reviews the Level 1 Appeal to find out if your planned discharge date is medically appropriate for you.

The QIO is a group of doctors and other health care professionals paid by the federal government. These experts check and help improve the quality for people with Medicare. They are not part of our plan.

In Tennessee the QIO is Acentra Health. Call them at 1-888-317-0751. Contact information is also in the notice, "An Important Message from Medicare about Your Rights," and in **Chapter 2**.

Call the QIO before you leave the hospital and no later than your planned discharge date.

- If you call before you leave, you can stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date without paying for it while you wait for the QIO's decision about your appeal.
- If you do not call to appeal, and you decide to stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date, you may pay all costs for hospital care you get after your planned discharge date.

Ask for help if you need it. If you have questions or need help at any time:

- Call Member Service at the numbers at the bottom of the page.
- Call the Tennessee State Health Insurance Assistance Program (TN SHIP) at 1-877-801-0044.

Ask for a fast review. Act quickly and contact the QIO to ask for a fast review of your hospital discharge.

The legal term for "fast review" is "immediate review" or "expedited review."

What happens during fast review

- Reviewers at the QIO ask you or your representative why you think coverage should continue after the planned discharge date. You aren't required to write a statement, but you may.
- Reviewers look at your medical information, talk with your doctor, and review information that the hospital and our plan gave them.
- By noon of the day after reviewers tell our plan about your appeal, you get a letter with your planned discharge date. The letter also gives reasons why your doctor, the hospital, and we think that is the right discharge date that's medically appropriate for you.

The legal term for this written explanation is the "**Detailed Notice of Discharge.**" You can get a sample by calling Member Services at the numbers at the bottom of the page or 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. (TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.) You can also refer to a sample notice online at

www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General-Information/BNI/HospitalDischargeAppealNotices.

Within one full day after getting all of the information it needs, the QIO give you their answer to your appeal.

If the QIO says **Yes** to your appeal:

• We will provide your covered inpatient hospital services for as long as the services are medically necessary.

If the QIO says **No** to your appeal:

- They believe your planned discharge date is medically appropriate.
- Our coverage for your inpatient hospital services will end at noon on the day after the QIO gives you their answer to your appeal.
- You may have to pay the full cost of hospital care you get after noon on the day after the QIO gives you their answer to your appeal.
- You can make a Level 2 Appeal if the QIO turns down your Level 1 Appeal **and** you stay in the hospital after your planned discharge date.



H3. Making a Level 2 Appeal

For a Level 2 Appeal, you ask the QIO to take another look at the decision they made on your Level 1 Appeal. Call them at 1-888-317-0751.

You must ask for this review **within 60 calendar days** after the day the QIO said **No** to your Level 1 Appeal. You can ask for this review only if you stay in the hospital after the date that your coverage for the care ended.

QIO reviewers will:

- Take another careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.
- Tell you their decision about your Level 2 Appeal within 14 calendar days of receipt of your request for a second review.

If the QIO says Yes to your appeal:

- We must pay you back for our share of hospital care costs since noon on the day after the date the QIO turned down your Level 1 Appeal.
- We will provide your covered inpatient hospital services for as long as the services are medically necessary.

If the QIO says **No** to your appeal:

- They agree with their decision about your Level 1 Appeal and won't change it.
- They give you a letter that tells you what you can do if you want to continue the appeals
 process and make a Level 3 Appeal.

An ALJ or attorney adjudicator handles Level 3 Appeals. Refer to **Section J**, **J3**. *Appeal Levels 3*, *4* and 5 for Medicare Part D Drug Requests for information about Level 3, 4, and 5 Appeals.

I. Asking us to continue covering certain medical services

This section is only about three types of services you may be getting:

- home health care services
- skilled nursing care in a skilled nursing facility, and

 rehabilitation care as an outpatient at a Medicare-approved CORF. This usually means you're getting treatment for an illness or accident or you're recovering from a major operation.

With any of these three types of services, you have the right to get covered services for as long as the doctor says you need them.

When we decide to stop covering any of these, we must tell you before your services end. When your coverage for that service ends, we stop paying for it.

If you think we're ending the coverage of your care too soon, **you can appeal our decision**. This section tells you how to ask for an appeal.

11. Advance notice before your coverage ends

We send you a written notice that you'll get at least two days before we stop paying for your care. This is called the "Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage." The notice tells you the date when we will stop covering your care and how to appeal our decision.

You or your representative should sign the notice to show that you got it. Signing the notice **only** shows that you got the information. Signing does **not** mean you agree with our decision.

I2. Making a Level 1 Appeal

If you think we're ending coverage of your care too soon, you can appeal our decision. This section tells you about the Level 1 Appeal process and what to do.

- Meet the deadlines. The deadlines are important. Understand and follow the deadlines
 that apply to things you must do. Our plan must follow deadlines too. If you think we're
 not meeting our deadlines, you can file a complaint. Refer to Section K, K1. What kinds
 of problems should be complaints, for more information about complaints.
- Ask for help if you need it. If you have questions or need help at any time:
 - o Call Member Services at the numbers at the bottom of the page.
 - Call the TennCare Medical Appeal office at 1-800-878-3192 or 1-866-771-7042 (TTY)

Contact the QIO.

- Refer to Section H2 Making a Level 1 Appeal or refer to Chapter 2 of your Evidence of Coverage for more information about the QIO and how to contact them.
- Ask them to review your appeal and decide whether to change our plan's decision.
- Act quickly and ask for a "fast-track appeal. Ask the QIO if it's medically appropriate for us to end coverage of your medical services.

Your deadline for contacting this organization

- You must contact the QIO to start your appeal by noon of the day before the effective date on the "Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage" we sent you.
- If you miss the deadline for contacting the QIO, you can make your appeal directly to us instead. For details about how to do that, refer to **Section I3.** *Making a Level 2 Appeal*.

The legal term for the written notice is "**Notice of Medicare Non-Coverage**". To get a sample copy, call Member Services at the numbers at the bottom of the page or call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. Or get a copy online at www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-General-Information/BNI/FFS-Expedited-Determination-Notices.

What happens during a fast-track appeal

- Reviewers at the QIO ask you or your representative why you think coverage should continue. You aren't required to write a statement, but you may.
- Reviewers look at your medical information, talk with your doctor, and review information that our plan gave them.
- Our plan also sends you a written notice that explains our reasons for ending coverage
 of your services. You get the notice by the end of the day the reviewers inform us of your
 appeal.

The legal term for the notice explanation is "Detailed Explanation of Non-Coverage".

 Reviewers tell you their decision within one full day after getting all the information they need.



If the QIO says **Yes** to your appeal:

We will provide your covered services for as long as they are medically necessary.

If the QIO says **No** to your appeal:

- Your coverage ends on the date we told you.
- We stop paying our share of the costs of this care on the date in the notice.
- You pay the full cost of this care yourself if you decide to continue the home health care, skilled nursing facility care, or CORF services after the date your coverage ends
- You decide if you want to continue these services and make a Level 2 Appeal.

13. Making a Level 2 Appeal

For a Level 2 Appeal, you ask the QIO to take another look at the decision they made on your Level 1 Appeal. Call them at 1-888-317-0751.

You must ask for this review **within 60 calendar days** after the day the QIO said **No** to your Level 1 Appeal. You can ask for this review **only** if you continue care after the date that your coverage for the care ended.

QIO reviewers will:

- Take another careful look at all of the information related to your appeal.
- Tell you their decision about your Level 2 Appeal within 14 calendar days of receipt of your request for a second review.

If the QIO says Yes to your appeal:

- We pay you back for our share of the costs of care you got since the date when we said your coverage would end.
- We will provide coverage for the care for as long as it is medically necessary.

If the QIO says **No** to your appeal:

- They agree with our decision to end your care and will not change it.
- They give you a letter that tells you what you can do if you want to continue the appeals process and make a Level 3 Appeal.



An ALJ or attorney adjudicator handles Level 3 Appeals. Refer to **Section J, J3**. Appeal Levels 3, 4 and 5 for Medicare Part D Drug Requests, for information about Level 3, 4, and 5 Appeals.

J. Taking your appeal beyond Level 2

J1. Next steps for Medicare services and items

If you made a Level 1 Appeal and a Level 2 Appeal for Medicare services or items, and both of your appeals were turned down, you may have the right to additional levels of appeal.

If the dollar value of the Medicare service or item you appealed does not meet a certain minimum dollar amount, you cannot appeal any further. If the dollar value is high enough, you can continue the appeals process. The letter you get from the IRO for your Level 2 Appeal explains who to contact and what to do to ask for a Level 3 Appeal.

Level 3 Appeal

Level 3 of the appeals process is an ALJ hearing. The person who makes the decision is an ALJ or an attorney adjudicator who works for the federal government.

If the ALJ or attorney adjudicator says **Yes** to your appeal, we have the right to appeal a Level 3 decision that is favorable to you.

- If we decide **to appeal** the decision, we send you a copy of the Level 4 Appeal request with any accompanying documents. We may wait for the Level 4 Appeal decision before authorizing or providing the service in dispute.
- If we decide **not to appeal** the decision, we must authorize or provide you with the service within 60 calendar days after getting the ALJ or attorney adjudicator's decision.
 - If the ALJ or attorney adjudicator says **No** to your appeal, the appeals process may not be over.
- If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
- If you decide **not to accept** this decision that turns down your appeal, you can continue to the next level of the review process. The notice you get will tell you what to do for a Level 4 Appeal.

Level 4 Appeal

The Medicare Appeals Council (Council) reviews your appeal and gives you an answer. The Council is part of the federal government.

If the Council says **Yes** to your Level 4 Appeal or denies our request to review a Level 3 Appeal decision favorable to you, we have the right to appeal to Level 5.

- If we decide to appeal the decision, we will tell you in writing.
- If we decide **not to appeal** the decision, we must authorize or provide you with the service within 60 calendar days after getting the Council's decision.

If the Council says **No** or denies our review request, the appeals process may not be over.

- If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
- If you decide **not to accept** this decision that turns down your appeal, you may be able to continue to the next level of the review process. The notice you get will tell you if you can go on to a Level 5 Appeal and what to do.

Level 5 Appeal

 A Federal District Court judge will review your appeal and all of the information and decide **Yes** or **No**. This is the final decision. There are no other appeal levels beyond the Federal District Court.

J2. Additional TennCare appeals

You also have other appeal rights if your appeal is about services or items that TennCare usually covers. The letter you get from the Fair Hearing office will tell you what to do if you want to continue the appeals process.

J3. Appeal Levels 3, 4 and 5 for Medicare Part D Drug Requests

This section may be appropriate for you if you made a Level 1 Appeal and a Level 2 Appeal, and both of your appeals have been turned down.

If the value of the drug you appealed meets a certain dollar amount, you may be able to go on to additional levels of appeal. The written response you get to your Level 2 Appeal explains who to contact and what to do to ask for a Level 3 Appeal.



Level 3 Appeal

Level 3 of the appeals process is an ALJ hearing. The person who makes the decision is an ALJ or an attorney adjudicator who works for the federal government.

If the ALJ or attorney adjudicator says **Yes** to your appeal:

- The appeals process is over.
- We must authorize or provide the approved drug coverage within 72 hours (or 24 hours for an expedited appeal) or make payment no later than 30 calendar days after we get the decision.

If the ALJ or attorney adjudicator says **No** to your appeal, the appeals process may not be over.

- If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
- If you decide **not to accept** this decision that turns down your appeal, you can continue to the next level of the review process. The notice you get will tell you what to do for a Level 4 Appeal.

Level 4 Appeal

The Council reviews your appeal and gives you an answer. The Council is part of the federal government.

If the Council says **Yes** to your appeal:

- The appeals process is over.
- We must authorize or provide the approved drug coverage within 72 hours (or 24 hours for an expedited appeal) or make payment no later than 30 calendar days after we get the decision.

If the Council says **No** to your appeal, the appeals process may not be over.

- If you decide to accept this decision that turns down your appeal, the appeals process is over.
- If you decide **not to accept** this decision that turns down your appeal, you may be able to continue to the next level of the review process. The notice you get will tell you if you can go on to a Level 5 Appeal and what to do.



Level 5 Appeal

 A Federal District Court judge will review your appeal and all of the information and decide **Yes** or **No**. This is the final decision. There are no other appeal levels beyond the Federal District Court.

K. How to make a complaint

K1. What kinds of problems should be complaints

The complaint process is used for certain types of problems only, such as problems related to quality of care, waiting times, coordination of care, and customer service. Here are examples of the kinds of problems handled by the complaint process.

| Complaint | Example |
|--|---|
| Quality of your medical care | You are unhappy with the quality of care, such as the care you got in the hospital. |
| Respecting your privacy | You think that someone did not respect your right to privacy or shared confidential information about you. |
| Disrespect, poor customer service, or other negative behaviors | A health care provider or staff was rude or disrespectful to you. Our staff treated you poorly. You think you are being pushed out of our plan. |

| Complaint | Example |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Accessibility and language assistance | You cannot physically access the health care services and facilities in a doctor or provider's office. |
| | Your doctor or provider does not provide an interpreter for the non-English language you speak (such as American Sign Language or Spanish). |
| | Your provider does not give you other reasonable accommodations you need and ask for. |
| | For these types of complaints contact TennCare's Office of Civil Rights Compliance at www.tn.gov/tenncare/members-applicants/civil-rights-compliance or toll free at 855-857-1673 for TRS dial 711 |
| Waiting times | You have trouble getting an appointment or wait too long to get it. |
| | Doctors, pharmacists, or other health professionals, Member Services, or other plan staff keep you waiting too long. |
| Cleanliness | You think the clinic, hospital or doctor's office is not clean. |
| Information you get from us | You think we failed to give you a notice or letter that you should have received. |
| | You think written information we sent you is too difficult to understand. |

| Complaint | Example |
|---|--|
| Timeliness related to coverage decisions or appeals | You think we don't meet our deadlines for making a coverage decision or answering your appeal. |
| | You think that, after getting a coverage or appeal decision in your favor, we don't meet the deadlines for approving or giving you the service or paying you back for certain medical services. You don't think we sent your case to the IRO on time. |

There are different kinds of complaints. You can make an internal complaint and/or an external complaint. An internal complaint is filed with and reviewed by our plan. An external complaint is filed with and reviewed by an organization not affiliated with our plan. If you need help making an internal and/or external complaint, you can call the Long Term Care Ombudsman Office at:

Tennessee Commission on Aging and Disability 502 Deaderick Street, 9th Floor Nashville. TN 37243-0860

Fax: 615-741-3309 Toll Free: 877-236-0013 TDD: 615-532-3893

Tel: 615-253-5412

The legal term for a "complaint" is a "grievance."

The legal term for "making a complaint" is "filing a grievance."

K2. Internal complaints

To make an internal complaint, call Member Services at **1-800-332-5762**, TTY **711**. You can make the complaint at any time unless it is about a Medicare Part D drug. If the complaint is about a Medicare Part D drug, you must make it **within 60 calendar days** after you had the problem you want to complain about.

• If there is anything else you need to do, Member Service will tell you.

- You can also write your complaint and send it to us. If you put your complaint in writing, we will respond to your complaint in writing.
- A standard coverage decision is usually made within 14 days or 72 hours for Part B drugs. A fast coverage decision is generally made within 72 hours, for medical services, or 24 hours for Part B drugs. In order to get a fast coverage decision, you must meet two requirements
- You may only ask for coverage for medical items and/or services (not requests for payment for items and/or services already received).
- You can get a fast coverage decision only if using the standard deadlines could cause serious harm to your health or hurt your ability to function.
- If your doctor tells us that your health requires a fast coverage decision, we will automatically agree to give you a fast coverage decision.
- If you ask for a fast coverage decision on your own, without your doctor's support, we will decide whether your health requires that we give you a fast coverage decision. If we do not approve a fast coverage decision, we will send you a letter that:
 - Explain that we will use the standard deadlines.
 - Explains if your doctor asks for the fast coverage decision, we will automatically give you a fast coverage decision.
 - Explains that you can file a fast complaint about our decision to give you a standard coverage decision instead of the fast coverage decision you requested.

The legal term for "fast complaint" is "expedited grievance."

If possible, we answer you right away. If you call us with a complaint, we may be able to give you an answer on the same phone call. If your health condition requires us to answer quickly, we will do that.

 We answer most complaints within 30 calendar days. If we don't make a decision within 30 calendar days because we need more information, we notify you in writing. We also provide a status update and estimated time for you to get the answer.

- If you make a complaint because we denied your request for a "fast coverage decision" or a "fast appeal," we automatically give you a "fast complaint" and respond to your complaint within 24 hours.
- If you make a complaint because we took extra time to make a coverage decision or appeal, we automatically give you a "fast complaint" and respond to your complaint within 24 hours.

If we don't agree with some or all of your complaint, we will tell you and give you our reasons. We respond whether we agree with the complaint or not.

K3. External complaints

Medicare

You can tell Medicare about your complaint or send it to Medicare. The Medicare Complaint Form is available at: www.medicare.gov/MedicareComplaintForm/home.aspx. You do not need to file a complaint with replaint before filing a complaint with Medicare.

Medicare takes your complaints seriously and uses this information to help improve the quality of the Medicare program.

If you have any other feedback or concerns, or if you feel the health plan is not addressing your problem, you can also call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users can call 1-877-486-2048. The call is free.

Get services without being treated in a different way because of race, color, national origin (like your birthplace), language, sex, age, religion, disability, or other groups protected by the civil rights laws. You have a right to report or file a written complaint if you think you have been treated differently. Being treated differently means you've been discriminated against. If you complain, you have the right to keep getting care without fear of bad treatment from <DSNP>, providers, or TennCare. To file a complaint or learn more about your rights visit:

TennCare's Office of Civil Rights Compliance at:

www.tn.gov/tenncare/members-applicants/civil-rights-compliance

Or call toll free at: 855-857-1673 (TRA 711)



Office for Civil Rights (OCR)

You can make a complaint to the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) OCR if you think you have not been treated fairly. For example, you can make a complaint about disability access or language assistance. The phone number for the OCR is 1-800-368-1019. TTY users should call 1-800-537-7697. You can visit www.hhs.gov/ocr for more information.

You may also have rights under the Americans with Disability Act (ADA). You can contact the U.S. Department of Justice's Civil Rights Division at www.ada.gov/file-a-complaint or mail them at:

U.S. Department of Justice Civil Rights Division 950 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW Washington, DC 20530

QIO

When your complaint is about quality of care, you have two choices:

- You can make your complaint about the quality of care directly to the QIO.
- You can make your complaint to the QIO and to our plan. If you make a complaint to the QIO, we work with them to resolve your complaint.

The QIO is a group of practicing doctors and other health care experts paid by the federal government to check and improve the care given to Medicare patients. To learn more about the QIO, refer to **Section H2.** *Making a Level 1 Appeal* or refer to **Chapter 2** of your *Evidence of Coverage*.

In Tennessee, the QIO is called Acentra Health. The phone number for Acentra Health is 1-888-317-0751.

Chapter 10: Ending your membership in our plan

Introduction

This chapter explains how you can end your membership with our plan and your health coverage options after you leave our plan. If you leave our plan, you will still be in the Medicare and TennCare programs as long as you are eligible. Key terms and their definitions appear in alphabetical order in the last chapter of your *Evidence of Coverage*.

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A. When you can end your membership in our plan

Most people with Medicare can end their membership during certain times of the year. Since you have TennCare you have some choices to end your membership with our plan any month of the year.

In addition, you may end your membership in our plan during the following periods each year:

- The **Annual Enrollment Period**, which lasts from October 15 to December 7. If you choose a new plan during this period, your membership in our plan ends on December 31 and your membership in the new plan starts on January 1.
- The Medicare Advantage (MA) Open Enrollment Period, which lasts from January 1 to March 31 and also for new Medicare beneficiaries who are enrolled in a plan, from the month of entitlement to Part A and Part B until the last day of the 3rd month of entitlement. If you choose a new plan during this period, your membership in the new plan starts the first day of the next month.

There may be other situations when you are eligible to make a change to your enrollment. For example, when:

- you move out of our service area,
- your eligibility for TennCare or Extra Help changed, or
- if you recently moved into, currently are getting care in, or just moved out of a nursing facility or a long-term care hospital.

Your membership ends on the last day of the month that we get your request to change your plan. For example, if we get your request on January 18, your coverage with our plan ends on January 31. Your new coverage begins the first day of the next month (February 1, in this example).

If you leave our plan, you can get information about your:

- Medicare options in the table in Section C1. Your Medicare services.
- Medicaid services in Section C2. Your TennCare services.

You can get more information about how you can end your membership by calling:

- Member Services at the number at the bottom of this page. The number for TTY users is listed too.
- Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.
- The State Health Insurance Assistance Program (SHIP), TN SHIP at 1-877-801-0044.



NOTE: If you're in a drug management program (DMP), you may not be able to change plans.

Refer to **Chapter 5** of your *Evidence of Coverage* for information about drug management programs.

B. How to end your membership in our plan

If you decide to end your membership you can enroll in another Medicare plan or switch to Original Medicare. However, if you want to switch from our plan to Original Medicare but you have not selected a separate Medicare prescription drug plan, you must ask to be disenrolled from our plan. There are two ways you can ask to be disenrolled:

- You can make a request in writing to us. Contact Member Services at the number at the bottom of this page if you need more information on how to do this.
- Call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.
 TTY users (people who have difficulty with hearing or speaking) should call 1-877-486-2048. When you call 1-800-MEDICARE, you can also enroll in another Medicare health or drug plan. More information on getting your Medicare services when you leave our plan is in the chart in section C1.

C. How to get Medicare and TennCare services separately

You have choices about getting your Medicare and Medicaid services if you choose to leave our plan.

C1. Your Medicare services

You have three options for getting your Medicare services listed below any month of the year. You have an additional option listed below during certain times of the year including the **Annual Enrollment**Period and the **Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period** or other situations described in

Section A. By choosing one of these options, you automatically end your membership in our plan.

Another plan that provides your Medicare and most or all of your Medicaid benefits and services in one plan, also known as an integrated dual-eligible special needs plan (D-SNP)

Here is what to do:

Call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

For Program of All-Inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE) inquiries, call 1-855-921-PACE (7223).

If you need help or more information:

 Call the TN SHIP at 1-877-801-0044. In Tennessee, the SHIP is called TN SHIP.

OR

Enroll in a new integrated D-SNP.

You are automatically disenrolled from our Medicare plan when your new plan's coverage begins.

Your TennCare enrollment may not be affected by this change.

Original Medicare with a separate Medicare prescription drug plan

Here is what to do:

Call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

If you need help or more information:

 Call the TN SHIP at 1-877-801-0044. In Tennessee, the SHIP is called TN SHIP.

OR

Enroll in a new Medicare prescription drug plan.

You are automatically disenrolled from our plan when your Original Medicare coverage begins.

Your TennCare enrollment may not be affected by this change.

Original Medicare without a separate Medicare prescription drug plan

NOTE: If you switch to Original Medicare and do not enroll in a separate Medicare prescription drug plan, Medicare may enroll you in a drug plan, unless you tell Medicare you do not want to join.

You should only drop prescription drug coverage if you have drug coverage from another source, such as an employer or union. If you have questions about whether you need drug coverage, call the TN SHIP at 1-877-801-0044, Monday through Friday from 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. For more information or to find a local TN SHIP office in your area, please visit www.tn.gov/aging/our-programs/state-health-insurance-assistance-program--ship-.html

Here is what to do:

Call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

If you need help or more information:

 Call the TN SHIP at 1-877-801-0044. In Tennessee, the SHIP is called TN SHIP.

You are automatically disenrolled from our plan when your Original Medicare coverage begins.

Your TennCare enrollment may not be affected by this change.

Any Medicare health plan during certain times of the year including the Annual Enrollment Period and the Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment Period or other situations described in Section A.

Here is what to do:

Call Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227), 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

For Program of All-Inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE) inquiries, call 1-855-921-PACE (7223).

If you need help or more information:

 Call the TN SHIP at 1-877-8014-0044. In Tennessee, the SHIP is called TN SHIP.

OR

Enroll in a new Medicare plan.

You are automatically disenrolled from our Medicare plan when your new plan's coverage begins.

For questions about your TennCare (Medicaid) benefits, contact TennCare (Medicaid) at 1-800- 342-3145, Monday through Friday, 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. in all time zones. TennCare (Medicaid) is closed on state holidays. TTY users should call 1-877-779-3103.

Ask how joining another plan or returning to Original Medicare affects how you get your TennCare (Medicaid) coverage

C2. Your TennCare services

To get different TennCare services within the first 90 days of your approval, call TennCare Member Medical Appeals at **1-800-878-3192** for free.

Tell them you just got your TennCare and you want to change your health plan. After 90 days, it's harder to change your health plan. Call us at **1-855-259-0701** for free. We'll help you fix the problem.



If you have questions, please call BlueCare Plus Tennessee at 1-800-332-5762, TTY 711. From Oct. 1 to Mar. 31, you can call us 7 days a week from 8 a.m. to 9 p.m. ET. From Apr. 1 to Sept. 30, you can call us Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 9 p.m. ET. The call is free. **For more information**, visit <u>bluecareplus.bcbst.com</u>

D. Your medical items, services and drugs until your membership in our plan ends

If you leave our plan, it may take time before your membership ends and your new Medicare and Medicaid coverage begins. During this time, you keep getting your prescription drugs and health care through our plan until your new plan begins.

- Use our network providers to receive medical care.
- Use our network pharmacies *including through our mail-order pharmacy services* to get your prescriptions filled.
- If you are hospitalized on the day that your membership in BlueCare Plus Choice ends, our plan will cover your hospital stay until you are discharged. This will happen even if your new health coverage begins before you are discharged.

E. Other situations when your membership in our plan ends

These are cases when we must end your membership in our plan:

- If there is a break in your Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B coverage.
- If you no longer qualify for Medicaid. Our plan is for people who qualify for both Medicare and Medicaid.
- If you are no longer eligible for TennCare (Medicaid). As stated in Chapter 1, Section E, our plan is for people who are eligible for both Medicare and TennCare (Medicaid). If you have been without TennCare (Medicaid) coverage for more than 6 months or you are no longer enrolled in the minimum required level of TennCare (Medicaid) coverage, we are required to disenroll you from our plan.
- If you move out of our service area.
- If you are away from our service area for more than six months.
 - If you move or take a long trip, call Member Services to find out if where you're moving or traveling to is in our plan's service area.]
- If you go to jail or prison for a criminal offense.
- If you lie about or withhold information about other insurance you have for prescription drugs.

- If you are not a United States citizen or are not lawfully present in the United States.
 - You must be a United States citizen or lawfully present in the United States to be a member of our plan.
 - The Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) notify us if you're not eligible to remain a member on this basis.
 - We must disenroll you if you don't meet this requirement.

We can make you leave our plan for the following reasons only if we get permission from Medicare and Medicaid first:

- If you intentionally give us incorrect information when you are enrolling in our plan and that information affects your eligibility for our plan.
- If you continuously behave in a way that is disruptive and makes it difficult for us to provide medical care for you and other members of our plan.
- If you let someone else use your Member ID Card to get medical care. (Medicare may ask the Inspector General to investigate your case if we end your membership for this reason.)

F. Rules against asking you to leave our plan for any health-related reason

We cannot ask you to leave our plan for any reason related to your health. If you think we're asking you to leave our plan for a health-related reason, **call Medicare** at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048. You may call 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

G. Your right to make a complaint if we end your membership in our plan

If we end your membership in our plan, we must tell you our reasons in writing for ending your membership. We must also explain how you can file a grievance or make a complaint about our decision to end your membership. You can also refer to **Chapter 9** of your Evidence of Coverage for information about how to make a complaint.

H. How to get more information about ending your plan membership

If you have questions or would like more information on ending your membership, you can call Member Services at the number at the bottom of this page.

Chapter 11: Legal notices

Introduction

This chapter includes legal notices that apply to your membership in our plan. Key terms and their definitions appear in alphabetical order in the last chapter of your Evidence of Coverage.

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A. Notice about laws

Many laws apply to this *Evidence of Coverage*. These laws may affect your rights and responsibilities even if the laws are not included or explained in the *Evidence of Coverage*. The main laws that apply are federal laws about the Medicare and TennCare programs. Other federal and state laws may apply too.

B. Notice about nondiscrimination

We don't discriminate or treat you differently because of your race, ethnicity, national origin, color, religion, sex, gender, age, sexual orientation, mental or physical disability, health status, claims experience, medical history, genetic information, evidence of insurability, or geographic location within the service area.

If you want more information or have concerns about discrimination or unfair treatment:

- Call TennCare's Office of Civil Rights Compliance. To learn more about your rights or to file a complaint go to: www.tn.gov/tenncare/members-applicants/civil-rights-compliance.html. Or call 855-857-1673 (TRS 711).
- Call the Department of Health and Human Services, Office for Civil Rights at 1-800-368-1019. TTY users can call 1-800-537-7697. You can also visit www.hhs.gov/ocr for more information.
- If you have a disability and need help accessing health care services or a provider, call Member Services. If you have a complaint, such as a problem with wheelchair access, Member Services can help.

C. Notice about Medicare as a second payer and TennCare as a payer of last resort

Sometimes someone else must pay first for the services we provide you. For example, if you're in a car accident or if you're injured at work, insurance or Workers Compensation must pay first.

We have the right and responsibility to collect for covered Medicare services for which Medicare is not the first payer.

We comply with federal and state laws and regulations relating to the legal liability of third parties for health care services to members. We take all reasonable measures to ensure that TennCare is the payer of last resort.

D. Third Party Liability and Subrogation

Consistent with your rights and obligations and our rights and obligations under the Medicare Secondary Payer rules, you must promptly notify us if you have an injury, illness or condition for which any third party is or may be responsible. This includes, without limitation, benefits you may have under automobile (including no-fault), property, accident or liability coverage and includes situations when another party is alleged or perceived to be responsible. If it is determined that the plan is not the primary payer, any claim received without the primary payer's explanation of benefits will be denied requesting this information be submitted.

We have the right to recover the amount(s) we paid for your claims from any third party responsible for payment of health care expenses or benefits related to an injury you incur or related to your illness or condition, including without limitation when a responsible third party pays you directly for health care expenses or benefits as part of a judgement, settlement or other payment. References to "health expenses or benefits" include without limitation any medical, pharmacy and/or dental service benefits. As a member of our plan, you acknowledge that our recovery rights are a first priority claim and are to be paid to us before any other claim for your damages. Our rights of recovery and reimbursement have priority over other claims and apply even if a responsible third party has not or will not pay for all costs related to your injury, illness or condition

As a member of our plan, you also agree to assign to us your right to take legal action against responsible third parties for amounts we paid for your claims and agree not to further assign your right to legal action to another person or entity without our written consent. You may be required to, and agree to, execute documents and provide information necessary for any such legal action. You, and your legal representatives, agree to provide us with information we request regarding responsible third parties, and agree to cooperate with, and if needed to participate in administrative

responsible third parties, and agree to cooperate with, and if needed to participate in, administrative and/or legal action taken to recover amounts we paid for your claims. If you interfere with our rights, or elect not to cooperate with us or our representatives in actions to recover amounts we paid for your claims from responsible third parties, we may take legal action against you.

If you are paid directly by a third party for health care expenses or benefits as part of a judgment, settlement or other payment, you must reimburse us amounts we paid for your claims.

While we may pursue recovery for amounts paid for your claims from responsible third parties, we are not obligated or required to take any administrative or legal action against a third party, or to participate in any administrative or legal action you take related to your injury, illness or condition. We are not required to participate in or pay court costs or attorneys' fees to any attorney you hire to pursue your claims. Our rights under Medicare law and this Evidence of Coverage will not be affected if we elect not to participate in any administrative or legal action you may pursue related to your injury, illness or condition. If you disagree with our recovery efforts, you have the right to file a complaint or to appeal, as explained in Chapter 7, Asking us to pay a bill you have gotten for covered servcies or drugs and Chapter 9, What to do if you have a proble or complaint (coverage decisions, appeals, compliants).

E. Nondiscriminatoion Notice and Multi-Language Insert



Nondiscrimination Notice

BlueCross BlueShield of Tennessee (BlueCross), including its subsidiaries SecurityCare of Tennessee, Inc. and Volunteer State Health Plan, Inc. also doing business as BlueCare Tennessee, complies with applicable Federal civil rights laws and does not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, disability or sex. BlueCross does not exclude people or treat them differently because of race, color, national origin, age, disability or sex.

BlueCross:

Provides people with disabilities reasonable modifications and free appropriate auxiliary aids and services to communicate effectively with us, such as: (1) qualified sign language interpreters and (2) written information in other formats, such as large print, audio and accessible electronic formats.

Provides free language assistance services to people whose primary language is not English, such as: (1) qualified interpreters and (2) information written in other languages.

If you need these reasonable modifications, appropriate auxiliary aids and services, or language assistance services, contact Member Service at the number on the back of your Member ID card or call 1-800-332-5762, TTY 711. From Oct. 1 to March 31, you can call us 7 days a week from 8 a.m. to 9 p.m. ET. From April 1 to Sept. 30, you can call us Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 9 p.m. ET. Our automated phone system may answer your call outside of these hours and during holidays.

If you believe that BlueCross has failed to provide these services or discriminated in another way on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, disability or sex, you can file a grievance ("Nondiscrimination Grievance"). For help with preparing and submitting your Nondiscrimination Grievance, contact Member Service at the number on the back of your Member ID card or call 1-800-332-5762, TTY 711. They can provide you with the appropriate form to use in submitting a Nondiscrimination Grievance. You can file a Nondiscrimination Grievance in person or by mail, fax or email. Address your Nondiscrimination Grievance to: Nondiscrimination Grievance; c/o Manager, Operations, Member Benefits Administration; 1 Cameron Hill Circle, Suite 0019, Chattanooga, TN 37402-0019; (423) 591-9208 (fax); Nondiscrimination_OfficeGM@bcbst.com (email).

You can also file a civil rights complaint with the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Office for Civil Rights, electronically through the Office for Civil Rights Complaint Portal, available at ocrportal.hhs.gov/ocr/portal/lobby.jsf, or by mail or phone at: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, 200 Independence Avenue SW., Room 509F, HHH Building, Washington, DC 20201, 1-800-368-1019, 1-800-537-7697 (TDD), 8:30 a.m. to 8 p.m. ET. Complaint forms are available at hhs.gov/ocr/office/file/index.html.

You can contact BlueCross's Nondiscrimination Coordinator at 423-535-1010 (phone) Nondiscrimination_CoordinatorGM@bcbst.com (email), or Corporate Compliance, 1 Cameron Hill Circle, 1.4, Chattanooga, TN 37402.

This notice is available at BlueCross's website: bluecareplus.bcbst.com

BlueCare Plus Tennessee, an Independent Licensee of the Blue Cross Blue Shield Association

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Form Approved OMB# 0938-1421

Multi-language Interpreter Services

English: We have free interpreter services to answer any questions you may have about our health or drug plan. To get an interpreter, just call us at 1-800-332-5762, TTY 711. Someone who speaks English/Language can help you. This is a free service.

Spanish: Tenemos servicios de intérprete sin costo alguno para responder cualquier pregunta que pueda tener sobre nuestro plan de salud o medicamentos. Para hablar con un intérprete, por favor llame al 1-800-332-5762, TTY 711. Alguien que hable español le podrá ayudar. Este es un servicio gratuito.

Chinese Mandarin: 我们提供免费的翻译服务,帮助您解答关于健康或药物保险的任何疑 问。如果您需要此翻译服务,请致电 1-800-332-5762, TTY 711。我们的中文工作人员很乐意帮助您。 这是一项免费服务。

Chinese Cantonese: 您對我們的健康或藥物保險可能存有疑問,為此我們提供免費的翻譯服務。如需翻譯服務,請致電 1-800-332-5762, TTY 711。我們講中文的人員將樂意為您提供幫助。這 是一項免費服務。

Tagalog: Mayroon kaming libreng serbisyo sa pagsasaling-wika upang masagot ang anumang mga katanungan ninyo hinggil sa aming planong pangkalusugan o panggamot. Upang makakuha ng tagasaling-wika, tawagan lamang kami sa 1-800-332-5762, TTY 711. Maaari kayong tulungan ng isang nakakapagsalita ng Tagalog. Ito ay libreng serbisyo.

French: Nous proposons des services gratuits d'interprétation pour répondre à toutes vos questions relatives à notre régime de santé ou d'assurance-médicaments. Pour accéder au service d'interprétation, il vous suffit de nous appeler au 1-800-332-5762, TTY 711. Un interlocuteur parlant Français pourra vous aider. Ce service est gratuit.

Vietnamese: Chúng tôi có dịch vụ thông dịch miễn phí để trả lời các câu hỏi về chương sức khỏe và chương trình thuốc men. Nếu quí vị cần thông dịch viên xin gọi 1-800-332-5762, TTY 711 sẽ có nhân viên nói tiếng Việt giúp đỡ quí vị. Đây là dịch vụ miễn phí.

German: Unser kostenloser Dolmetscherservice beantwortet Ihren Fragen zu unserem Gesundheits- und Arzneimittelplan. Unsere Dolmetscher erreichen Sie unter 1-800-332-5762, TTY 711. Man wird Ihnen dort auf Deutsch weiterhelfen. Dieser Service ist kostenlos.

Korean: 당사는 의료 보험 또는 약품 보험에 관한 질문에 답해 드리고자 무료 통역 서비스를 제공하고 있습니다. 통역 서비스를 이용하려면 전화 1-800-332-5762, TTY 711 번으로 문의해 주십시오. 한국어를 하는 담당자가 도와 드릴 것입니다. 이 서비스는 무료로 운영됩니다.

Russian: Если у вас возникнут вопросы относительно страхового или медикаментного плана, вы можете воспользоваться нашими бесплатными услугами переводчиков. Чтобы воспользоваться услугами переводчика, позвоните нам по телефону 1-800-332-5762, ТТҮ 711. Вам окажет помощь сотрудник, который говорит по-русски. Данная услуга бесплатная.

Arabic:

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إننا نقدم خدمات المترجم الفوري المجانية للإجابة عن أي أسئلة تتعلق بالصحة أو جدول الأدوية لدينا. للحصول على مترجم فوري، ليس عليك سوى الاتصال بنا على 1-802-5762, 332-5762. . سيقوم شخص ما يتحدث العربية بمساعدتك. هذه خدمة مجانية
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Hindi: हमारे स्वास्थ्य या दवा की योजना के बारे में आपके किसी भी प्रश्न के जवाब देने के लिए हमारे पास मुफ्त दुभाषिया सेवाएँ उपलब्ध हैं. एक दुभाषिया प्राप्त करने के लिए, बस हमें 1-800-332-5762, TTY 711 पर फोन करें. कोई व्यक्ति जो हिन्दी बोलता है आपकी मदद कर सकता है. यह एक मुफ्त सेवा है.

Italian: È disponibile un servizio di interpretariato gratuito per rispondere a eventuali domande sul nostro piano sanitario e farmaceutico. Per un interprete, contattare il numero 1-800-332-5762, TTY 711. Un nostro incaricato che parla Italianovi fornirà l'assistenza necessaria. È un servizio gratuito.

Portugués: Dispomos de serviços de interpretação gratuitos para responder a qualquer questão que tenha acerca do nosso plano de saúde ou de medicação. Para obter um intérprete, contacte-nos através do número 1-800-332-5762, TTY 711. Irá encontrar alguém que fale o idioma Português para o ajudar. Este serviço é gratuito.

French Creole: Nou genyen sèvis entèprèt gratis pou reponn tout kesyon ou ta genyen konsènan plan medikal oswa dwòg nou an. Pou jwenn yon entèprèt, jis rele nou nan 1-800-332-5762, TTY 711. Yon moun ki pale Kreyòl kapab ede w. Sa a se yon sèvis ki gratis.

Polish: Umożliwiamy bezpłatne skorzystanie z usług tłumacza ustnego, który pomoże w uzyskaniu odpowiedzi na temat planu zdrowotnego lub dawkowania leków. Aby skorzystać z pomocy tłumacza znającego język polski, należy zadzwonić pod numer 1-800-332-5762, TTY 711. Ta usługa jest bezpłatna.

Japanese: 当社の健康 健康保険と薬品 処方薬プランに関するご質問にお答えするため に、無料の通訳サービスがありますございます。通訳をご用命になるには、1-800-332-5762, TTY 711 にお電話ください。日本語を話す人 者 が支援いたします。これは無料のサービスです。

Form CMS-10802 (Expires 12/31/25)



Chapter 12: Definitions of important words

Introduction

This chapter includes key terms used throughout your *Evidence of Coverage* with their definitions. The terms are listed in alphabetical order. If you can't find a term you're looking for or if you need more information than a definition includes, contact Member Services.

Activities of daily living (ADL): The things people do on a normal day, such as eating, using the toilet, getting dressed, bathing, or brushing teeth.

Administrative law judge: A judge that reviews a level 3 appeal.

AIDS drug assistance program (ADAP): A program that helps eligible individuals living with HIV/AIDS have access to life-saving HIV medications.

Ambulatory surgical center: A facility that provides outpatient surgery to patients who do not need hospital care and who are not expected to need more than 24 hours of care.

Appeal: A way for you to challenge our action if you think we made a mistake. You can ask us to change a coverage decision by filing an appeal. **Chapter 9** of your *Evidence of Coverage* explains appeals, including how to make an appeal.

Behavioral Health: An all-inclusive term referring to mental health and substance use disorders.

Biological Product: A prescription drug that is made from natural and living sources like animal cells, plant cells, bacteria, or yeast. Biological products are more complex than other drugs and cannot be copied exactly, so alternative forms are called biosimilars. (See also "Original Biological Product" and "Biosimilar").

Biosimilar: A biological product that is very similar, but not identical, to the original biological product. Biosimilars are as safe and effective as the original biological product Some biosimilars may be substituted for the original biological product at the pharmacy without needing a new prescription. (See "Interchangeable Biosimilar").

Brand name drug: A prescription drug that is made and sold by the company that originally made the drug. Brand name drugs have the same ingredients as the generic versions of the drugs. Generic drugs are usually made and sold by other drug companies.

Care coordinator: One main person who works with you, with the health plan, and with your care providers to make sure you get the care you need.

Care plan: Refer to "Individualized Care Plan."

Care team: Refer to "Interdisciplinary Care Team."

Catastrophic coverage stage: The stage in the Medicare Part D drug benefit where our plan pays all costs of your drugs until the end of the year. You begin this stage when you (or other qualified parties on your behalf) have spent \$2,000 for Part D covered drugs during the year. You pay nothing.

Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS): The federal agency in charge of Medicare.



Chapter 2 of your Evidence of Coverage explains how to contact CMS.

Complaint: A written or spoken statement saying that you have a problem or concern about your covered services or care. This includes any concerns about the quality of service, quality of your care, our network providers, or our network pharmacies. The formal name for "making a complaint" is "filing a grievance".

Comprehensive outpatient rehabilitation facility (CORF): A facility that mainly provides rehabilitation services after an illness, accident, or major operation. It provides a variety of services, including physical therapy, social or psychological services, respiratory therapy, occupational therapy, speech therapy, and home environment evaluation services.

Copay: A fixed amount you pay as your share of the cost each time you get certain services or prescription drugs. For example, you might pay \$2 or \$5 for a service or a prescription drug.

Cost-sharing: Amounts you have to pay when you get certain services or prescription drugs. Cost-sharing includes copays.

Cost-sharing tier: A group of drugs with the same copay. Every drug on the *List of Covered Drugs* (also known as the *Drug List*) is in one of 4 cost-sharing tiers. In general, the higher the cost-sharing tier, the higher your cost for the drug.

Coverage decision: A decision about what benefits we cover. This includes decisions about covered drugs and services or the amount we pay for your health services. **Chapter 9** of your *Evidence of Coverage* explains how to ask us for a coverage decision.

Covered drugs: The term we use to mean all of the prescription and over-the-counter (OTC) drugs covered by our plan.

Covered services: The general term we use to mean all of the health care, long-term services and supports, supplies, prescription and over-the-counter drugs, equipment, and other services our plan covers.

Cultural competence training: Training that provides additional instruction for our health care providers that helps them better understand your background, values, and beliefs to adapt services to meet your social, cultural, and language needs.

Daily cost- sharing rate: A rate that may apply when your doctor prescribes less than a full month's supply of certain drugs for you and you are required to pay a copay. A daily cost-sharing rate is the copay divided by the number of days in a month's supply.



Disenrollment: The process of ending your membership in our plan. Disenrollment may be voluntary (your own choice) or involuntary (not your own choice).

Drug management program (DMP): A program that helps make sure members safely use prescription opioids and other frequently abused medications.

Dual eligible special needs plan (D-SNP): Health plan that serves individuals who are eligible for both Medicare and Medicaid. Our plan is a D-SNP.

Durable medical equipment (DME): Certain items your doctor orders for use in your own home. Examples of these items are wheelchairs, crutches, powered mattress systems, diabetic supplies, hospital beds ordered by a provider for use in the home, IV infusion pumps, speech generating devices, oxygen equipment and supplies, nebulizers, and walkers.

Emergency: A medical emergency when you, or any other person with an average knowledge of health and medicine, believe that you have medical symptoms that need immediate medical attention to prevent death, loss of a body part, or loss of or serious impairment to a bodily function (and if you are a pregnant woman, loss of an unborn child). The medical symptoms may be an illness, injury, severe pain, or a medical condition that is quickly getting worse.

Emergency care: Covered services given by a provider trained to give emergency services and needed to treat a medical or behavioral health emergency.

Exception: Permission to get coverage for a drug not normally covered or to use the drug without certain rules and limitations.

Excluded Services: Services that are not covered by this health plan.

Extra Help: Medicare program that helps people with limited incomes and resources reduce Medicare Part D prescription drug costs, such as premiums, deductibles, and copays. Extra Help is also called the "Low-Income Subsidy", or "LIS".

Generic drug: A prescription drug approved by the federal government to use in place of a brand name drug. A generic drug has the same ingredients as a brand name drug. It's usually cheaper and works just as well as the brand name drug.

Grievance: A complaint you make about us or one of our network providers or pharmacies. This includes a complaint about the quality of your care or the quality of service provided by your health plan.

Health plan: An organization made up of doctors, hospitals, pharmacies, providers of long-term services, and other providers. It also has care coordinators to help you manage all your providers and services. All of them work together to provide the care you need.

Health risk assessment (HRA): A review of your medical history and current condition. It's used to learn about your health and how it might change in the future.

Home health aide: A person who provides services that don't need the skills of a licensed nurse or therapist, such as help with personal care (like bathing, using the toilet, dressing, or carrying out the prescribed exercises). Home health aides don't have a nursing license or provide therapy.

Hospice: A program of care and support to help people who have a terminal prognosis live comfortably. A terminal prognosis means that a person has been medically certified as terminally ill, meaning having a life expectancy of 6 months or less.

- An enrollee who has a terminal prognosis has the right to elect hospice.
- A specially trained team of professionals and caregivers provide care for the whole person, including physical, emotional, social, and spiritual needs.
- We are required to give you a list of hospice providers in your geographic area.

Improper/inappropriate billing: A situation when a provider (such as a doctor or hospital) bills you more than our cost-sharing amount for services. Call Member Services if you get any bills you don't understand.

• As a plan member, you only pay our plan's cost-sharing amounts when you get services we cover. We do **not** allow providers to bill you more than this amount.

Independent review organization (IRO): An independent organization hired by Medicare that reviews a level 2 appeal. It is not connected with us and is not a government agency. This organization decides whether the decision we made is correct or if it should be changed. Medicare oversees its work. The formal name is the **Independent Review Entity**.

Individualized Care Plan (ICP or Care Plan): A plan for what services you will get and how you will get them. Your plan may include medical services, behavioral health services, and long-term services and supports.

Initial coverage stage: The stage before your total Medicare Part D drug expenses reach \$2,000. This includes amounts you paid, what our plan paid on your behalf, and the low-income subsidy. You begin in this stage when you fill your first prescription of the year. During this stage, we pay part of the costs of your drugs, and you pay your share.



Inpatient: A term used when you are formally admitted to the hospital for skilled medical services. If you're not formally admitted, you may still be considered an outpatient instead of an inpatient even if you stay overnight.

Interdisciplinary Care Team (ICT or Care team): A care team may include doctors, nurses, counselors, or other health professionals who are there to help you get the care you need. Your care team also helps you make a care plan.

Integrated D-SNP: A dual-eligible special needs plan that covers Medicare and most or all Medicaid services under a single health plan for certain groups of individuals eligible for both Medicare and Medicaid. These individuals are known as full-benefit dually eligible individuals.

Interchangeable Biosimilar: A biosimilar that may be substituted at the pharmacy without needing a new prescription because it meets additional requirements related to the potential for automatic substitution. Automatic substitution at the pharmacy is subject to state law.

List of Covered Drugs (Drug List): A list of prescription and over-the-counter (OTC) drugs we cover. We choose the drugs on this list with the help of doctors and pharmacists. The *Drug List* tells you if there are any rules you need to follow to get your drugs. The *Drug List* is sometimes called a "formulary".

Long-term services and supports (LTSS): Long-term services and supports help improve a long-term medical condition. Most of these services help you stay in your home so you don't have to go to a nursing facility or hospital. LTSS include Community-Based Services and Nursing Facilities (NF).

Low-income subsidy (LIS): Refer to "Extra Help"

TennCare: This is the name of Tennessee Medicaid program. TennCare is run by the state and is paid for by the state and the federal government. It helps people with limited incomes and resources pay for long-term services and supports and medical costs.

- It covers extra services and some drugs not covered by Medicare.
- Medicaid programs vary from state to state, but most health care costs are covered if you qualify for both Medicare and Medicaid.

Medicaid (or Medical Assistance): A program run by the federal government and the state that helps people with limited incomes and resources pay for long-term services and supports and medical costs.

Medically necessary: This describes services, supplies, or drugs you need to prevent, diagnose, or treat a medical condition or to maintain your current health status. This includes care that keeps you



from going into a hospital or nursing facility. It also means the services, supplies, or drugs meet accepted standards of medical practice.

Medicare: The federal health insurance program for people 65 years of age or older, some people under age 65 with certain disabilities, and people with end-stage renal disease (generally those with permanent kidney failure who need dialysis or a kidney transplant). People with Medicare can get their Medicare health coverage through Original Medicare or a managed care plan (refer to "Health plan").

Medicare Advantage: A Medicare program, also known as "Medicare Part C" or "MA", that offers MA plans through private companies. Medicare pays these companies to cover your Medicare benefits.

Medicare Appeals Council (Council): A council that reviews a level 4 appeal. The Council is part of the Federal government.

Medicare-covered services: Services covered by Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B. All Medicare health plans, including our plan, must cover all of the services covered by Medicare Part A and Medicare Part B.

Medicare diabetes prevention program (MDPP): A structured health behavior change program that provides training in long-term dietary change, increased physical activity, and strategies for overcoming challenges to sustaining weight loss and a healthy lifestyle.

Medicare-Medicaid enrollee: A person who qualifies for Medicare and Medicaid coverage. A Medicare- Medicaid enrollee is also called a "dually eligible individual".

Medicare Part A: The Medicare program that covers most medically necessary hospital, skilled nursing facility, home health, and hospice care.

Medicare Part B: The Medicare program that covers services (such as lab tests, surgeries, and doctor visits) and supplies (such as wheelchairs and walkers) that are medically necessary to treat a disease or condition. Medicare Part B also covers many preventive and screening services.

Medicare Part C: The Medicare program, also known as "Medicare Advantage" or "MA", that lets private health insurance companies provide Medicare benefits through an MA Plan.

Medicare Part D: The Medicare prescription drug benefit program. We call this program "Part D" for short. Medicare Part D covers outpatient prescription drugs, vaccines, and some supplies not covered by Medicare Part A or Medicare Part B or Medicaid. Our plan includes Medicare Part D.

Medicare Part D drugs: Drugs covered under Medicare Part D. Congress specifically excludes certain categories of drugs from coverage under Medicare Part D. Medicaid may cover some of these drugs.



Medication Therapy Management (MTM): A distinct group of service or group of services provided by health care providers, including pharmacists, to ensure the best therapeutic outcomes for patients. Refer to **Chapter 5** of your *Evidence of Coverage* for more information.

Member (member of our plan, or plan member): A person with Medicare and Medicaid who qualifies to get covered services, who has enrolled in our plan, and whose enrollment has been confirmed by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) and the state.

Evidence of Coverage and Disclosure Information: This document, along with your enrollment form and any other attachments, or riders, which explain your coverage, what we must do, your rights, and what you must do as a member of our plan.

Member Service: A department in our plan responsible for answering your questions about membership, benefits, grievances, and appeals. Refer to **Chapter 2** of your *Evidence of Coverage* for more information about Member Services.

Network pharmacy: A pharmacy (drug store) that agreed to fill prescriptions for our plan members. We call them "network pharmacies" because they agreed to work with our plan. In most cases, we cover your prescriptions only when filled at one of our network pharmacies.

Network provider: "Provider" is the general term we use for doctors, nurses, and other people who give you services and care. The term also includes hospitals, home health agencies, clinics, and other places that give you health care services, medical equipment, and long-term services and supports.

- They are licensed or certified by Medicare and by the state to provide health care services.
- We call them "network providers" when they agree to work with our health plan, accept our payment, and do not charge members an extra amount.
- While you're a member of our plan, you must use network providers to get covered services. Network providers are also called "plan providers".

Nursing home or facility: A place that provides care for people who can't get their care at home but don't need to be in the hospital.

Ombudsperson: An office in your state that works as an advocate on your behalf. They can answer questions if you have a problem or complaint and can help you understand what to do. The ombudsperson's services are free. You can find more information in **Chapters 2**, **Section G. and Chapter 9**, **Section K1**. of your *Evidence of Coverage*.

Organization determination: Our plan makes an organization determination when we, or one of our providers, decide about whether services are covered or how much you pay for covered services.

Organization determinations are called "coverage decisions". **Chapter 9, Section F. F2** of your *Evidence of Coverage* explains coverage decisions.

Original Medicare (traditional Medicare or fee-for-service Medicare): The government offers Original Medicare. Under Original Medicare, services are covered by paying doctors, hospitals, and other health care providers amounts that Congress determines.

- You can use any doctor, hospital, or other health care provider that accepts Medicare.
 Original Medicare has two parts: Medicare Part A (hospital insurance) and Medicare Part B (medical insurance).
- Original Medicare is available everywhere in the United States.
- If you don't want to be in our plan, you can choose Original Medicare.

Out-of-network pharmacy: A pharmacy that has not agreed to work with our plan to coordinate or provide covered drugs to members of our plan. Our plan doesn't cover most drugs you get from out-of-network pharmacies unless certain conditions apply.

Out-of-network provider or Out-of-network facility: A provider or facility that is not employed, owned, or operated by our plan and is not under contract to provide covered services to members of our plan. **Chapter 3** of your *Evidence of Coverage* explains out-of-network providers or facilities.

Out-of-pocket costs: The cost-sharing requirement for members to pay for part of the services or drugs they get is also called the "out-of-pocket" cost requirement. Refer to the definition for "cost-sharing" above.

Over-the-counter (OTC) drugs: Over-the-counter drugs are drugs or medicines that a person can buy without a prescription from a health care professional.

Part A: Refer to "Medicare Part A."

Part B: Refer to "Medicare Part B."

Part C: Refer to "Medicare Part C."

Part D: Refer to "Medicare Part D."

Part D drugs: Refer to "Medicare Part D drugs."



Personal health information (also called Protected health information) (PHI):

Information about you and your health, such as your name, address, social security number, physician visits, and medical history. Refer to our Notice of Privacy Practices for more information about how we protect, use, and disclose your PHI, as well as your rights with respect to your PHI.

Primary care provider (PCP): The doctor or other provider you use first for most health problems. They make sure you get the care you need to stay healthy.

- They also may talk with other doctors and health care providers about your care and refer you to them.
- In many Medicare health plans, you must use your primary care provider before you use any other health care provider.
- Refer to **Chapter 3** of your *Evidence of Coverage* for information about getting care from primary care providers.

Prior authorization (PA): An approval you must get from us before you can get a specific service or drug or use an out-of-network provider. Our plan may not cover the service or drug if you don't get approval first.

Our plan covers some network medical services only if your doctor or other network provider gets PA from us.

 Covered services that need our plan's PA are marked in Chapter 4 of your Evidence of Coverage.

Our plan covers some drugs only if you get PA from us.

 Covered drugs that need our plan's PA are marked in the List of Covered Drugs and the rules are posted on our website.

Program for All-Inclusive Care for the Elderly (PACE): A program that covers Medicare and Medicaid benefits together for people age 55 and over who need a higher level of care to live at home.

Prosthetics and Orthotics: Medical devices ordered by your doctor or other health care provider that include, but are not limited to, arm, back, and neck braces; artificial limbs; artificial eyes; and devices needed to replace an internal body part or function, including ostomy supplies and enteral and parenteral nutrition therapy.

Quality improvement organization (QIO): A group of doctors and other health care experts who help improve the quality of care for people with Medicare. The federal government pays the QIO to check and improve the care given to patients. Refer to **Chapter 2** of your *Evidence of Coverage* for information about the QIO.

Quantity limits: A limit on the amount of a drug you can have. We may limit the amount of the drug that we cover per prescription.

Real Time Benefit Tool: A portal or computer application in which enrollees can look up complete, accurate, timely, clinically appropriate, enrollee-specific covered drugs and benefit information. This includes cost sharing amounts, alternative drugs that may be used for the same health condition as a given drug, and coverage restrictions (prior authorization, step therapy, quantity limits) that apply to alternative drugs.

Referral: A referral is your primary care provider's (PCP's) approval to use a provider other than your PCP. If you don't get approval first, we may not cover the services. You don't need a referral to use certain specialists, such as women's health specialists. You can find more information about referrals in **Chapters 3 and 4** of your *Evidence of Coverage*.

Rehabilitation services: Treatment you get to help you recover from an illness, accident or major operation. Refer to **Chapter 4** of your *Evidence of Coverage* to learn more about rehabilitation services.

Service area: A geographic area where a health plan accepts members if it limits membership based on where people live. For plans that limit which doctors and hospitals you may use, it's generally the area where you can get routine (non-emergency) services. Only people who live in our service area can enroll in our plan.

Skilled nursing facility (SNF): A nursing facility with the staff and equipment to give skilled nursing care and, in most cases, skilled rehabilitative services and other related health services.

Skilled nursing facility (SNF) care: Skilled nursing care and rehabilitation services provided on a continuous, daily basis, in a skilled nursing facility. Examples of skilled nursing facility care include physical therapy or intravenous (IV) injections that a registered nurse or a doctor can give.

Specialist: A doctor who provides health care for a specific disease or part of the body.

State Hearing: If your doctor or other provider asks for a Medicaid service that we won't approve, or we won't continue to pay for a Medicaid service you already have, you can ask for a State Hearing. If the State Hearing is decided in your favor, we must give you the service you asked for.

Step therapy: A coverage rule that requires you to try another drug before we cover the drug you ask for.



Supplemental Security Income (SSI): A monthly benefit Social Security pays to people with limited incomes and resources who are disabled, blind, or age 65 and over. SSI benefits are not the same as Social Security benefits.

Urgently needed care: Care you get for an unforeseen illness, injury, or condition that is not an emergency but needs care right away. You can get urgently needed care from out-of-network providers when you cannot get to them because given your time, place, or circumstances, it is not possible, or it is unreasonable to obtain services from network providers (for example when you are outside the plan's service area and you require medically needed immediate services for an unseen condition but it is not a medical emergency).

BlueCare Plus Choice Member Services

| Method | Member Service – Contact Information |
|---------|--|
| CALL | 1-800-332-5762 |
| | Calls to this number are free. From Oct. 1 to Mar. 31 , you can call us 7 days a week from 8 a.m. to 9 p.m. ET. From Apr. 1 to Sept. 30 , you can call us Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 9 p.m. ET. |
| | Members can Chat-on-line with a specialist from 8:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m. ET, by logging into the Member Portal on bluecareplus.bcbst.com |
| | Member Service also has free language interpreter services available for non-English speakers. |
| TTY | 711 |
| | Calls to this number are free. From Oct. 1 to March 31 , you can call us 7 days a week from 8 a.m. to 9 p.m. ET. From April 1 to Sept. 30 , you can call us Monday through Friday from 8 a.m. to 9 p.m. ET |
| FAX | 1-888-725-6849 |
| WRITE | BlueCare Plus Tennessee 1 Cameron Hill Circle, Suite 0002 Chattanooga, TN 37402-0002 |
| WEBSITE | bluecareplus.bcbst.com |

Tennessee State Health Insurance Assistance Program

Tennessee State Health Insurance Assistance Program is a state program that gets money from the Federal government to give free local health insurance counseling to people with Medicare.

| Method | Contact Information |
|---------|---|
| CALL | Toll Free 1-877-801-0044 |
| TTY | 1-800-848-0299 |
| | This number requires special telephone equipment and is only for people who have difficulties with hearing or speaking. |
| WRITE | Tennessee State Health Insurance Assistance Program 500 Deaderick Street Nashville, TN 37243-0860 |
| WEBSITE | You will find the website for the Tennessee State Health Insurance Assistance Program at www.medicare.gov under Search Tools by selecting Helpful Phone Numbers and Web Sites. https://www.tn.gov/disability-and-aging/disability-aging-programs/tn-ship.html |